Abstaining: Afghanistan, Algeria, Antigua and Barbuda, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Benin, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Colombia, Côte d'Ivoire, Cyprus, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Guyana, India, Indonesia, Jamaica, Jordan, Malawi, Mexico, Mongolia, Nepal, Papua New Guinea, Peru, Philippines, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Singapore, Sri Lanka, Suriname, Swaziland, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Venezuela.

70. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted draft resolution A/C.3/47/L.70 by a recorded vote of 64 to 17, with 59 abstentions (see para. 113 below, draft resolution XVIII). The voting was as follows:

In favour: Albania, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, Costa Rica, Croatia, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Estonia, Fiji, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Kenya, Kuwait, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritius, Micronesia (Federated States of), Morocco, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Norway, Panama, Paraguay, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Samoa, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Turkey, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Uruguay.

Against: Angola, China, Cuba, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Ghana, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Myanmar, Namibia, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Uganda, United Republic of Tanzania, Viet Nam, Zimbabwe.

Abstaining: Afghanistan, Algeria, Antigua and Barbuda, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, Colombia, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Cyprus, Ecuador, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Gabon, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, India, Indonesia, Jamaica, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Mauritania, Mexico, Niger, Nigeria, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea, Peru, Philippines, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Sierra Leone, Sri Lanka, Suriname, Swaziland, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Venezuela, Zambia.

71. Before the adoption of the draft resolution, the representatives of Uruguay, Venezuela, the Dominican Republic, Guatemala, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and Cuba made statements in explanation of vote.

72. After the adoption of the draft resolution, statements in explanation of vote were made by the representatives of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya and the Sudan.

73. At the 58th meeting also, the representative of Hungary made a motion that no action should be taken on draft resolution A/C.3/47/L.48.[27]

74. At the same meeting, at the suggestion of the Chairman, the Committee decided to vote on whether to take action on draft resolution A/C.3/47/L.48. By a recorded vote of 50 to 25, with 54 abstentions, the Committee decided not to take action on the draft resolution. The voting was as follows:

In favour: Algeria, Angola, Burkina Faso, China, Cuba, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Ghana, Honduras, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lesotho, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malaysia, Mongolia, Myanmar, Namibia, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Uganda, United Republic of Tanzania, Viet Nam, Zambia, Zimbabwe.

Against: Albania, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, Costa Rica, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritius, Micronesia (Federated States of), Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Panama, Paraguay, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Samoa, Singapore, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Turkey, Ukraine,[28] United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America.

Abstaining: Afghanistan, Antigua and Barbuda, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Cameroon, Colombia, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cyprus, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Fiji, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, India, Indonesia, Jamaica, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Malawi, Mexico, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea, Peru, Philippines, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saudi Arabia, Sri Lanka, Suriname, Swaziland, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uruguay, Venezuela.

75. The representative of Brazil made a statement in explanation of vote after the vote.

Draft resolution A/C.3/47/L.57

76. At the 55th meeting, the representative of Guatemala, on behalf of Argentina, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, the Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, France, Guatemala, Honduras, Hungary, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Spain, Sweden, Uruguay and Venezuela, introduced a draft resolution (A/C.3/47/L.57) entitled "Situation of human rights and fundamental freedoms in El Salvador". Subsequently, Belize, Bolivia, Canada, Cuba and Samoa joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

77. At the 58th meeting, the Committee adopted the draft resolution without a vote (see para. 113 below, draft resolution XIX).

Draft resolution A/C.3/47/L.71

78. At the 55th meeting, the Chairman introduced a draft resolution (A/C.3/47/L.71) entitled "Situation of human rights in Afghanistan".

79. At its 58th meeting, the Committee adopted the draft resolution without a vote (see para. 113 below, draft resolution XX).

80. After the adoption of the draft resolution, the representative of Afghanistan made a statement.

Draft resolutions A/C.3/47/L.72 and L.77

81. At the 56th meeting, the representative of the Sudan introduced a draft resolution (A/C.3/47/L.72) entitled "Situation of human rights in the Sudan", which read as follows:

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[28] The delegation of Ukraine subsequently informed the Committee that it had intended to vote in favour of taking action on draft resolution A/C.3/47/L.48.

"*The General Assembly*,

"*Being aware* of the fact that the Commission on Human Rights is seized of the situation of human rights in the Sudan under the confidential procedure governed by Economic and Social Council resolution 1503 (XLVIII) of 27 May 1970,

"*Taking note* of Commission on Human Rights resolution 1992/73 of 5 March 1992[15] on internally displaced persons, in which the Secretary-General was requested to delegate a special representative to study the question of internally displaced persons,

"*Bearing in mind* that both the Independent Expert of the Commission and the Special Representative of the Secretary-General visited the Sudan during November 1992 to carry out the mandate of the Commission,

"*Realizing* that the reports of the Independent Expert and the Special Representative of the Secretary-General will be before the Commission at its forty-ninth session, at which the situation of human rights in the Sudan will be considered,

"*Taking note* of the draft resolution entitled 'The situation in the Sudan', contained in document A/C.3/47/L.77,

"*Decides* to postpone action on the draft resolution contained in document A/C.3/47/L.77 until the Commission on Human Rights has considered the issue at its next session, in the light of the requested reports."

82. At the same meeting, the representative of the United States of America, on behalf of Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, Costa Rica, Denmark, Finland, France, the Gambia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Panama, Portugal, Samoa, Spain, Sweden, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America, introduced a draft resolution (A/C.3/47/L.77) entitled "The situation in the Sudan".

83. At the 58th meeting, on 4 December, the representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, on behalf of the 12 States members of the European Community, made a motion that action should be taken on draft resolution A/C.3/47/L.77 before action was taken on draft resolution A/C.3/47/L.72.[27] The representative of Australia seconded the motion.

84. At the same meeting, the representative of the Sudan orally revised draft resolution A/C.3/47/L.72 as follows:

(*a*) The fifth preambular paragraph was deleted;

(*b*) The operative paragraph, which read:

"*Decides* to postpone action on the draft resolution contained in document A/C.3/47/L.77 until the Commission on Human Rights has considered the issue at its next session, in the light of the requested reports.",

was replaced by the following:

"*Decides* to postpone any action at this session on the situation of human rights in the Sudan until the Commission on Human Rights has considered the issue at its next session, in the light of the requested reports."

85. At the same meeting, the Committee approved the motion by a recorded vote of 69 to 13, with 42 abstentions. The voting was as follows:

In favour: Albania, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Bolivia, Botswana, Bulgaria, Burundi, Canada, Costa Rica, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Estonia, Fiji, Finland, France, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Kenya, Kuwait, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malawi, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritius, Micronesia (Federated States of), Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Norway, Panama, Paraguay, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Samoa, Saudi Arabia, Sierra Leone, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Uruguay.

Against: China, Cuba, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Malaysia, Myanmar, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Viet Nam.

Abstaining: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Barbados, Belarus, Belize, Benin, Brazil, Cameroon, Chile, Colombia, Côte d'Ivoire, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Guatemala, Guyana, India, Indonesia, Jamaica, Kazakhstan, Lesotho, Mexico, Namibia, Nepal, Papua New Guinea, Peru, Philippines, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Singapore, Sri Lanka, Suriname, Swaziland, Thailand, Uganda, United Republic of Tanzania, Venezuela, Zambia, Zimbabwe.

86. At the same meeting also, a motion was made by the representative of the Sudan that no action should be taken on draft resolution A/C.3/47/L.77. After statements were made by the representatives of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and Australia, the Chairman put the motion to a vote.

87. By a recorded vote of 77 to 12, with 36 abstentions, the Committee rejected the motion that no action should be taken on draft resolution A/C.3/47/L.77. The voting was as follows:

In favour: China, Cuba, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Myanmar, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Viet Nam.

Against: Albania, Algeria, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Belarus, Belgium, Benin, Bolivia, Brazil, Bulgaria, Burundi, Canada, Chile, Costa Rica, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Kenya, Kuwait, Latvia, Lesotho, Liberia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritius, Micronesia (Federated States of), Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Norway, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Rwanda, Samoa, Saudi Arabia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Uruguay, Zambia.

Abstaining: Afghanistan, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Botswana, Cameroon, Colombia, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Guatemala, Guyana, Honduras, India, Indonesia, Jamaica, Kazakhstan, Malaysia, Mexico, Namibia, Nigeria, Papua New Guinea, Philippines, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Sri Lanka, Suriname, Swaziland, Thailand, Uganda, United Republic of Tanzania, Venezuela, Zimbabwe.

88. At its 58th meeting, the Committee adopted draft resolution A/C.3/47/L.77 by a recorded vote of 102 to 7, with 27 abstentions (see para. 113 below, draft resolution XXI). The voting was as follows:[29]

In favour: Albania, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Belarus, Belgium, Benin, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Bulgaria, Burundi, Canada, Cape Verde, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Estonia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Kenya, Kuwait, Latvia, Lesotho, Liberia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritius, Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Norway, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Rwanda, Samoa, Saudi Arabia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovenia, Spain, Suriname, Sweden, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Zambia, Zimbabwe.

Against: Cuba, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Myanmar, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic.

Abstaining: Afghanistan, Bahamas, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, China, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Guyana, Indonesia, Jamaica, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Malaysia, Mauritania, Niger, Nigeria, Pakistan, Philippines, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Sri Lanka, Swaziland, Thailand, Viet Nam.

89. Before the adoption of the draft resolution, the representative of Iraq made a statement in explanation of vote.

90. After the adoption of the draft resolution, a statement in explanation of vote was made by the representative of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya. Statements were also made by the representatives of Cuba, China and the Sudan.

91. No action was taken on draft resolution A/C.3/47/L.72.

Draft resolution A/C.3/47/L.73

92. At the 56th meeting, the representative of Venezuela, on behalf of Argentina, the Bahamas, Barbados, Belgium, Bolivia, Brazil, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Denmark, Ecuador, El Salvador, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Luxembourg, Mexico, the Netherlands, Nicaragua, Norway, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Portugal, Samoa, Spain, Suriname, Sweden, Trinidad and Tobago, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Uruguay, Vanuatu and Venezuela, introduced a draft resolution (A/C.3/47/L.73) entitled "Human rights in Haiti". Subsequently, Belize, Benin and Guyana joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

93. At its 59th meeting, the Committee adopted the draft resolution without a vote (see para. 113 below, draft resolution XXII).

94. After the adoption of the draft resolution, statements were made by the representatives of the United States of America and Haiti.

Draft resolution A/C.3/47/L.74

95. At the 56th meeting, the representative of Sweden, on behalf of Albania, Argentina, Australia, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, Costa Rica, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Panama, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Samoa, Spain, Sweden, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America, introduced a draft resolution (A/C.3/47/L.74) entitled "Situation in Myanmar", and orally revised it by replacing paragraph 4, which read:

> "4. *Urges* the Government of Myanmar to respect the outcome of the 1990 democratic elections;",

with the following:

> "4. *Urges* the Government of Myanmar to take all necessary steps towards the restoration of democracy, fully respecting the will of the people as expressed in the democratic elections held in 1990;".

96. At the 59th meeting, a statement was made by the representative of Myanmar.

97. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted the draft resolution, as orally revised, without a vote (see para. 113 below, draft resolution XXIII). After the adoption of the draft resolution, a statement was made by the representative of Japan.

Draft resolution A/C.3/47/L.75

98. At the 56th meeting, the representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, on behalf of Argentina, Australia, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, Costa Rica, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Kuwait, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Samoa, Spain, Sweden, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America, introduced a draft resolution (A/C.3/47/L.75) entitled "Situation of human rights in Iraq". Subsequently, Latvia, Lithuania and Panama joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

99. At its 59th meeting, the Committee adopted the draft resolution by a recorded vote of 110 to 2, with 26 abstentions (see para. 113 below, draft resolution XXIV). The voting was as follows:

In favour: Albania, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Benin, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chile, Colombia, Congo, Costa Rica, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Estonia, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kuwait, Latvia, Liberia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritius, Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Mongolia, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Samoa, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovenia, Spain, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Turkey, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Uruguay, Venezuela, Zambia.

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[29] Owing to a mechanical error, the negative vote by China was incorrectly recorded as an abstention.

Against: Iraq, Sudan.

Abstaining: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, China, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Guinea-Bissau, India, Indonesia, Jordan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lesotho, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Malaysia, Mauritania, Morocco, Namibia, Pakistan, Philippines, Sri Lanka, Uganda, United Republic of Tanzania, Viet Nam, Zimbabwe.

100. Before the adoption of the draft resolution, the representative of Iraq made a statement in explanation of vote. A statement was also made by the representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, on behalf of the 12 States members of the European Community.

101. After the adoption of the draft resolution, a statement in explanation of vote was made by the representative of the Sudan.

Draft resolution A/C.3/47/L.76

102. At the 56th meeting, the representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, on behalf of Australia, Belgium, Canada, Costa Rica, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Samoa, Spain, Sweden, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America, introduced a draft resolution (A/C.3/47/L.76) entitled "Situation of human rights in the Islamic Republic of Iran".

103. At the 59th meeting, the representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland orally revised the draft resolution as follows:

(*a*) In paragraph 5, the word "has" was deleted after the words "country and";

(*b*) At the end of the same paragraph, the words "in time for the reply to be reflected in the interim report" were added.

104. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted the draft resolution, as orally revised, by a recorded vote of 83 to 16, with 34 abstentions (see para. 113 below, draft resolution XXV). The voting was as follows:

In favour: Albania, Algeria, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Benin, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Canada, Cape Verde, Chile, Costa Rica, Croatia, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Kenya, Latvia, Liberia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritius, Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Norway, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Portugal, Russian Federation, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Samoa, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovenia, Spain, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Venezuela, Zambia.

Against: Afghanistan, Bangladesh, China, Cuba, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Lao People's Democratic Republic, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Malaysia, Myanmar, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Viet Nam.

Abstaining: Angola, Armenia, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, Colombia, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Cyprus, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, India, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Lesotho, Malawi, Mauritania, Mongolia, Namibia, Niger, Oman, Philippines, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Saudi Arabia, Thailand, Turkey, Uganda, United Republic of Tanzania, Zimbabwe.

105. After the adoption of the draft resolution, a statement in explanation of vote was made by the representative of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya.

Draft resolution A/C.3/47/L.79 and Rev.1

106. At the 56th meeting, the representative of the United States of America, on behalf of Albania, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, the Central African Republic, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Egypt, Finland, France, the Gambia, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Ireland, Italy, Japan, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malaysia, Morocco, the Netherlands, Norway, Pakistan, Panama, Peru, Poland, Portugal, Samoa, Saudi Arabia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Tunisia, Turkey, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America, introduced a draft resolution (A/C.3/47/L.79) entitled "The situation of human rights in the territory of the former Yugoslavia", which read as follows:

"*The General Assembly*,

[*Text of the second to eighth and tenth to thirteenth preambular paragraphs and paragraphs 1 to 5, 7 to 13 and 15 to 23 of the draft resolution identical to the corresponding paragraphs of draft resolution XXVI in paragraph 113 below.*]

"*Guided* by the principles embodied in the Charter of the United Nations, the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,[1] the International Covenants on Human Rights,[2] the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination,[11] and international humanitarian law, including the Geneva Conventions of 12 August 1949[30] and the Additional Protocols thereto, of 1977,[31]

"*Encouraging* the continuing efforts made in the framework of the International Conference on the former Yugoslavia to find a peaceful solution to the situation in the former Yugoslavia,

"6. *Demands* that all parties involved in the former Yugoslavia cease these violations immediately, take appropriate steps to apprehend and punish those who are guilty of perpetrating or authorizing the violations, including those violations in connection with detention, and take all necessary measures to ensure the enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms, in accordance with their obligations under the Geneva Conventions of 1949, and the Additional Protocols thereto of 1977, the International Covenants on Human Rights, and other international human rights instruments;

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[30] United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 75, Nos. 970-973.

[31] Ibid., vol. 1125, Nos. 17512 and 17513.

"14. *Expresses its grave concern* at the Special Rapporteur's report on the dangerous situation in Kosovo, Sandjak and Vojvodina, and urges all parties there to engage in a meaningful dialogue under the auspices of the International Conference on the former Yugoslavia, to act with utmost restraint and to settle disputes in full compliance with human rights and fundamental freedoms, and calls up the Serbian authorities to refrain from the use of force and immediately stop the practice of 'ethnic cleansing' and to respect fully the rights of persons belonging to minorities, in order to prevent the extension of the conflict to other parts of the former Yugoslavia;".

107. At the same meeting, the representative of the United States of America read out revisions to the draft resolution that were later included in document A/C.3/47/L.79/Rev.1.

108. At its 59th meeting, the Committee had before it a revised version (A/C.3/47/L.79/Rev.1) of the draft resolution, sponsored by the sponsors of draft resolution A/C.3/47/L.79 and Bulgaria, Colombia, Egypt, the Gambia, Greece, Iceland, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Madagascar, Malaysia, Pakistan, Panama, Peru, Samoa, Saudi Arabia, Tunisia and Turkey.

109. Subsequently, Afghanistan, Argentina, Croatia, New Zealand, the Republic of Moldova, Senegal, the Sudan and Uruguay joined in sponsoring the revised draft resolution.

110. At its 59th meeting also, the Committee adopted the draft resolution without a vote (see para. 113 below, draft resolution XXVI).

111. After the adoption of the draft resolution, statements were made by the representatives of Sweden, the Russian Federation and El Salvador.

Decision proposed by the Chairman

112. At its 59th meeting, on the proposal of the Chairman, the Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that it should take note of documents considered under the item entitled "Human rights questions" (see para. 114 below, draft decision III).

Recommendations of the Third Committee

113. The Third Committee recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of draft resolutions I to XXVI below:

Draft resolution I

WORLD CONFERENCE ON HUMAN RIGHTS

The General Assembly,

Mindful of the goal of the United Nations to promote and encourage respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms for all, without distinction as to race, sex, language or religion, as set out in the Charter of the United Nations and the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,[1]

Recognizing that all human rights and fundamental freedoms are indivisible and interrelated and that the promotion and protection of one category of rights should never exempt or excuse States from the promotion and protection of another,

Recalling its resolution 45/155 of 18 December 1990, in which it decided, *inter alia*, to convene at a high level a World Conference on Human Rights in 1993, and its resolution 46/116 of 17 December 1991,

Recalling also Commission on Human Rights resolution 1991/30 of 5 March 1991,[32]

Convinced that the holding of a world conference on human rights could make a significant contribution to the effectiveness of the actions of the United Nations in the promotion and protection of human rights,

Recognizing the urgency of adopting a draft agenda for the World Conference on Human Rights before the final session of the Preparatory Committee for the Conference,

1. *Takes note with appreciation* of the reports of the Preparatory Committee for the World Conference on Human Rights on the work of its second (A/47/24) and third (A/47/24/Add.1) sessions;

2. *Expresses its appreciation* to Governments, the bodies and organs of the United Nations system and non-governmental organizations for their contributions to the preparatory process;

3. *Approves* the draft rules of procedure for the World Conference on Human Rights, as recommended by the Preparatory Committee at its second and third sessions, with the exception of rule 15 (*e*);

4. *Decides* that the distribution of the twenty-nine positions of vice-president of the Conference should be in accordance with the established criteria of the General Assembly based on equitable geographical distribution;

5. *Approves* the recommendation made by the Preparatory Committee at its third session regarding the participation of non-governmental organizations in regional meetings related to the preparatory process (ibid., annex II, decision PC.3/2);

6. *Also approves* the provisional agenda for the Conference, as annexed to the present resolution, on the understanding that participants can raise issues of interest to them under the appropriate agenda item at the fourth session of the Preparatory Committee and at the Conference for possible inclusion in the final text;

7. *Decides*, in accordance with the decisions adopted by the Preparatory Committee:

(*a*) (i) That the Preparatory Committee shall meet for its fourth session at Geneva, for a period of two weeks in April 1993;

(ii) That the Preparatory Committee shall take up the question of the final outcome of the Conference at its fourth session, taking into consideration, *inter alia*, the preparatory work and conclusions of the regional meetings to be held at Tunis, San José and Bangkok;

(iii) That the Secretary-General shall give the Conference and the preparatory process thereto the widest possible publicity and ensure full coordination of public information activities in the area of human rights within the United Nations system;

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[32] See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1991, Supplement No. 2* (E/1991/22), chap. II, sect. A.

(*b*) To renew its invitation for contributions of extrabudgetary resources to meet the costs of the participation of representatives of the least developed countries in the preparatory meetings, including regional meetings, and in the Conference itself, and to request the Secretary-General to intensify his efforts in this regard;

8. *Renews its request* to Governments, the specialized agencies, other international organizations, regional organizations and non-governmental organizations concerned with human rights or development to participate actively in the preparatory process and in the Conference itself;

9. *Requests* the Secretary-General to report to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session on the outcome of the Conference, under the item entitled "Human rights questions".

ANNEX

Provisional agenda for the World Conference on Human Rights

1. Opening of the Conference.
2. Election of the President.
3. Adoption of the rules of procedure.
4. Election of other officers of the Conference.
5. Appointment of the Credentials Committee.
6. Establishment of committees and working groups.
7. Adoption of the agenda.
8. Commemoration of the International Year for the World's Indigenous People.
9. General debate on the progress made in the field of human rights since the adoption of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and on the identification of obstacles to further progress in this area and ways in which they can be overcome.
10. Consideration of the relationship between development, democracy and the universal enjoyment of all human rights, keeping in view the interrelationship and indivisibility of economic, social, cultural, civil and political rights.
11. Consideration of contemporary trends in and new challenges to the full realization of all human rights of women and men, including those of persons belonging to vulnerable groups.
12. Recommendations for:
    (*a*) Strengthening international cooperation in the field of human rights in conformity with the Charter of the United Nations and with international human rights instruments;
    (*b*) Ensuring the universality, objectivity and non-selectivity of the consideration of human rights issues;
    (*c*) Enhancing the effectiveness of United Nations activities and mechanisms;
    (*d*) Securing the necessary financial and other resources for United Nations activities in the area of human rights.
13. Adoption of the final documents and report of the Conference.

Draft resolution II

RIGHT TO DEVELOPMENT

The General Assembly,

Reaffirming the Declaration on the Right to Development,[33] which it proclaimed at its forty-first session,

Recalling its resolutions 45/97 of 14 December 1990 and 46/123 of 17 December 1991, and those of the Commission on Human Rights relating to the right to development, and taking note of Commission resolution 1992/13 of 21 February 1992,[15]

Recalling also the report on the Global Consultation on the Realization of the Right to Development as a Human Right,[34]

Bearing in mind the principles proclaimed in the Rio Declaration on Environment and Development of 14 June 1992,[35]

Reiterating the importance of the right to development for all countries, in particular the developing countries,

Mindful that the Commission on Human Rights entered a new phase in its consideration of this matter, which is directed towards the implementation and further enhancement of the right to development,

Reaffirming the need for an evaluation mechanism so as to ensure the promotion, encouragement and reinforcement of the principles contained in the Declaration on the Right to Development,

Recalling its resolution 45/155 of 18 December 1990, in which it decided, *inter alia*, that one of the objectives of the World Conference on Human Rights to be held in 1993 would be to examine the relationship between development and the enjoyment by everyone of economic, social and cultural rights as well as civil and political rights, recognizing the importance of creating the conditions whereby everyone may enjoy these rights as set out in the International Covenants on Human Rights,[2]

Recalling also that, in order to promote development, equal attention and urgent consideration should be given to the implementation, promotion and protection of civil, political, economic, social and cultural rights,

Having considered the comprehensive report of the Secretary-General[36] prepared pursuant to Commission on Human Rights resolution 1991/15 of 22 February 1991[32] and General Assembly resolution 46/123,

1. *Reaffirms* the importance of the right to development for all countries, in particular the developing countries;

2. *Takes note with interest* of the comprehensive report of the Secretary-General;

3. *Requests* the Secretary-General to submit to the Commission on Human Rights at its forty-ninth session concrete proposals on the effective implementation and promotion of the Declaration on the Right to Development, taking into account the views expressed on the issue at the forty-eighth session of the Commission as well as any further comments and suggestions that may be submitted on the basis of paragraph 3 of Commission resolution 1992/13;

4. *Reiterates* the need for appropriate ways and means, such as an evaluation mechanism, to ensure the promotion, encouragement and reinforcement of the principles contained in the Declaration;

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[33] Resolution 41/128, annex.

[34] E/CN.4/1990/9/Rev.1.

[35] See *Report of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development, Rio de Janeiro, 3-14 June 1992* (A/CONF.151/26/Rev.1 (Vol. I and Vol. I/Corr.1, Vol. II, Vol. III and Vol. III/Corr.1)) (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.93.I.8, and corrigenda), vol. I: *Resolutions adopted by the Conference*, resolution 1, annex I.

[36] E/CN.4/1992/10.

5. *Requests* the Office of the Under-Secretary-General for Economic and Social Development and the Centre for Human Rights of the Secretariat to continue coordination of the various activities with regard to the implementation of the Declaration;

6. *Urges* all relevant bodies of the United Nations system, particularly the specialized agencies, when planning their programmes of activities, to take due account of the Declaration and to make efforts to contribute to its application;

7. *Also urges* the regional commissions and regional intergovernmental organizations to convene meetings of governmental experts and representative non-governmental and grass-roots organizations for the purpose of seeking agreements for the implementation of the Declaration through international cooperation;

8. *Requests* the Secretary-General to inform the Commission on Human Rights at its forty-ninth session and the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session of the activities of the organizations, programmes and agencies of the United Nations system for the implementation of the Declaration;

9. *Calls upon* the Commission on Human Rights to continue to make proposals to the General Assembly, through the Economic and Social Council, on the future course of action on the question, in particular on practical measures for the implementation and enhancement of the Declaration, taking into account the conclusions and recommendations of the Global Consultation on the Realization of the Right to Development as a Human Right and replies contained in the report of the Secretary-General prepared in accordance with the relevant decisions of the Commission and the General Assembly;

10. *Calls upon* the World Conference on Human Rights and the Preparatory Committee for the Conference to take fully into account the Declaration in examining the relationship between economic and social development, democracy and the enjoyment of human rights and the indivisibility and interdependency of economic, social, cultural and political rights, and the fact that economic and social progress facilitates the growing trend towards democracy and the promotion and protection of human rights;

11. *Decides* to consider this question at its forty-eighth session under the sub-item entitled "Human rights questions, including alternative approaches for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms".

Draft resolution III

UNITED NATIONS YEAR FOR TOLERANCE

The General Assembly,

Recalling that the Charter of the United Nations affirms in its preamble that to practise tolerance is one of the principles to be applied to attain the ends pursued by the United Nations of preventing war and maintaining peace,

Recalling also that one of the purposes of the United Nations as set forth in the Charter is the achievement of international cooperation in solving international problems of an economic, social, cultural or humanitarian character and in promoting and encouraging respect for human rights and for fundamental freedoms for all without distinction as to race, sex, language or religion,

Mindful of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights[1] and of the International Covenants on Human Rights,[2]

Taking note with appreciation of resolution 5.6 of the General Conference of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, concerning the proclamation of 1995 as the United Nations year for tolerance,[37]

Taking note of Economic and Social Council decision 1992/267 of 30 July 1992 and of the note by the Secretary-General (A/47/445),

Bearing in mind its decision 35/424 of 5 December 1980 and Economic and Social Council resolution 1980/67 of 25 July 1980 concerning guidelines for international years and anniversaries,

1. *Welcomes* the initiative of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization in seeking to have 1995 proclaimed the United Nations year for tolerance;

2. *Requests* the Director-General of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization to prepare, in cooperation with other interested organizations, his suggestions on the observance of the United Nations year for tolerance and to submit them to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session, through the Economic and Social Council;

3. *Invites* the Economic and Social Council to consider at its next session the question of proclaiming 1995 the United Nations year for tolerance and to transmit a recommendation to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session;

4. *Encourages* the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization to prepare, in accordance with General Conference resolution 5.6, a declaration on tolerance;

5. *Decides* to consider the question at its forty-eighth session.

Draft resolution IV

REGIONAL ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE PROMOTION AND PROTECTION OF HUMAN RIGHTS

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 32/127 of 16 December 1977 and all its subsequent resolutions concerning regional arrangements for the promotion and protection of human rights, in particular resolutions 45/167 and 45/168 of 18 December 1990,

Recalling also that, in its resolution 45/167, the General Assembly invited the Secretary-General to submit to the Assembly at its forty-seventh session a report on the state of regional arrangements for the promotion and protection of human rights and to include therein the results of action taken in pursuance of that resolution,

Taking note of Commission on Human Rights resolution 1992/52 of 3 March 1992 on regional arrangements for the promotion and protection of human rights,[15]

Bearing in mind the relevant resolutions of the Commission on Human Rights concerning advisory services in the field of human rights, including its most recent resolution on that subject, 1992/80 of 5 March 1992,[15]

Recalling Commission on Human Rights resolutions 1989/50 of 7 March 1989,[7] 1990/71 of 7 March 1990,[8]

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[37] See United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, *Records of the General Conference, Twenty-sixth Session*, vol. 1, *Resolutions*.

1991/28 of 5 March 1991[32] and taking note of Commission resolution 1992/40 of 28 February 1992[15] concerning regional arrangements for the promotion and protection of human rights in the Asian and Pacific region,

Having considered the report of the Secretary-General (A/47/502),

Noting with satisfaction the progress achieved so far in the promotion and protection of human rights at the regional level under the auspices of the United Nations, the specialized agencies and the regional intergovernmental organizations,

Reaffirming that regional arrangements for the promotion and protection of human rights may make a major contribution to the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms and that the exchange of information and experience in this field among the regions, within the United Nations system, may be improved,

Bearing in mind that regional instruments should complement the universally accepted human rights standards and that the persons chairing the human rights treaty bodies noted during their third meeting, held at Geneva from 1 to 5 October 1990, that certain inconsistencies between provisions of international instruments and those of regional instruments might raise difficulties with regard to their implementation,[16]

1. *Takes note* of the report of the Secretary-General (ibid.);

2. *Welcomes* the continuing cooperation and assistance of the Centre for Human Rights of the Secretariat in the further strengthening of the existing regional arrangements and regional machinery for the promotion and protection of human rights, particularly in regard to advisory services and technical assistance, public information and education, with a view to exchanging any information and experience in the field of human rights;

3. *Welcomes also* in that respect the close cooperation given by the Centre for Human Rights in the organization of regional and subregional training courses or workshops in the field of human rights, including, most recently, those that took place at Barcelona, Brasilia, Cairo, Caracas, Paris, San Remo, Santiago, Teheran, Valetta and Windhoek, aiming at creating greater understanding of the promotion and protection of human rights issues in the regions and at improving procedures and examining the various systems for the promotion and protection of the universally accepted human rights standards;

4. *Stresses* the importance of the programme of advisory services in the field of human rights, and renews its appeal to all Governments to consider making use of the possibilities offered by the United Nations, under this programme, of organizing information and/or training courses at the national level for government personnel on the application of international human rights standards and the experience of relevant international bodies;

5. *Invites* States in areas where regional arrangements in the field of human rights do not yet exist to consider agreements with a view to the establishment within their respective regions of suitable regional machinery for the promotion and protection of human rights;

6. *Requests* the Secretary-General, as foreseen in the medium-term plan for the period 1992-1997,[38] to continue to strengthen exchanges between the United Nations and regional intergovernmental organizations dealing with human rights, and welcomes, in this connection, the fact that the Centre for Human Rights will continue to organize national, regional and subregional workshops and training courses for government officials engaged in the administration of justice and in the implementation of the international human rights instruments and that more countries in all regions of the world are expected to develop forms of cooperation and assistance with the Centre, in keeping with their specific needs;

7. *Invites* the organizers of regional meetings convened in preparation for the World Conference on Human Rights to be held in 1993 to promote further ratification of and accession to United Nations human rights treaties and the implementation of universally accepted human rights standards;

8. *Welcomes* the recommendation of the persons chairing or representing the United Nations human rights treaty bodies concerning a possible meeting, during the World Conference on Human Rights, of the persons chairing or representing the United Nations human rights treaty bodies and those chairing or representing each of the principal regional organizations and institutions in the field of human rights (see A/47/628, annex, para. 80), and requests the Preparatory Committee for the World Conference on Human Rights to consider the holding of such a meeting;

9. *Requests* the Commission on Human Rights to continue to pay special attention to the most appropriate ways of assisting, at their request, countries of the different regions under the programme of advisory services and to make, where necessary, the relevant recommendations;

10. *Requests* the Secretary-General to submit to the General Assembly at its forty-ninth session a report on the state of regional arrangements for the promotion and protection of human rights and to include therein the results of action taken in pursuance of the present resolution;

11. *Decides* to consider this question further at its forty-ninth session.

Draft resolution V

PLIGHT OF STREET CHILDREN

The General Assembly,

Recalling the Convention on the Rights of the Child[13] as a major contribution to the protection of the rights of all children,

Recalling also the World Declaration on the Survival, Protection and Development of Children and the Plan of Action for Implementing the World Declaration on the Survival, Protection and Development of Children in the 1990s,[23] adopted at the World Summit for Children on 30 September 1990, the World Declaration on Education for All[39] adopted by the World Conference on Education for All on 9 March 1990 and chapter 25 of Agenda 21[40] adopted at the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development, on 14 June 1992,

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[38] See *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-fifth Session, Supplement No. 6* (A/45/6/Rev.1), vol. II.

[39] *Final Report of the World Conference on Education for All: Meeting Basic Learning Needs, Jomtien, Thailand, 5-9 March 1990*, Inter-Agency Commission (UNDP, UNESCO, UNICEF, World Bank) for the World Conference on Education for All, New York, 1990, appendix 1.

[40] *Report of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development, Rio de Janeiro, 3-14 June 1992* (A/CONF.151/26/Rev.1 (Vol. I and Vol. I/Corr.1, Vol. II, Vol. III and Vol. III/Corr.1)) (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.93.I.8, and corrigenda), vol. I: *Resolutions adopted by the Conference*, resolution 1, annex II.

Reaffirming that children are a particularly vulnerable section of society whose rights require special protection and that children living under especially difficult circumstances, such as street children, deserve special attention, protection and assistance from their families and communities and as part of national efforts and international cooperation,

Profoundly concerned that the killing of street children and violence against them threaten the most fundamental right of all, the right to life,

Recognizing that all children have the right to health, shelter and education, to an adequate standard of living and to freedom from violence and harassment,

Deeply concerned about the growing number of street children worldwide and the squalid conditions in which these children are often forced to live,

Recognizing the responsibility of Governments to investigate all cases of offences against children and to punish offenders,

Recognizing also that legislation *per se* is not enough to prevent violation of human rights, including those of street children, and that Governments should implement their laws and complement legislative measures with effective action, *inter alia*, in the fields of law enforcement and the administration of justice,

Welcoming the efforts made by countries to address the question of street children,

Welcoming also the publicity given to, and the increased awareness of, the plight of street children, and the achievements of non-governmental organizations in promoting the rights of these children and in providing practical assistance to improve their situation, and expressing its appreciation for their continued efforts,

Welcoming further the valuable work of the United Nations Children's Fund and its National Committees in reducing the suffering of street children,

Noting with appreciation the important work carried out in this field by the United Nations, in particular the Committee on the Rights of the Child, the Special Rapporteur of the Commission on Human Rights on the sale of children, child prostitution and child pornography and the United Nations International Drug Control Programme,

Bearing in mind the diverse causes of the emergence and marginalization of street children, including poverty, rural-to-urban migration, unemployment, broken families, intolerance and exploitation, and that such causes are often aggravated and their solution made more difficult by serious socio-economic difficulties,

Reaffirming the importance of international cooperation for improving the living conditions of children in every country,

Recognizing that the prevention and solution of certain aspects of this phenomenon could also be facilitated in the context of economic and social development,

1. *Expresses grave concern* at the growing number of incidents worldwide and at reports of street children being involved in and affected by serious crime, drug abuse, violence and prostitution;

2. *Urges* Governments to continue actively to seek comprehensive solutions to tackle the problems of street children and to take measures to restore their full participation in society and to provide, *inter alia*, adequate nutrition, shelter, health care and education;

3. *Strongly urges* Governments to respect fundamental human rights, particularly the right to life, and to take urgent measures to prevent the killing of street children and to combat violence and torture against street children;

4. *Emphasizes* that strict compliance with the provisions of the Convention on the Rights of the Child[13] constitutes a significant step towards solving the problems of street children;

5. *Calls upon* all States that have not done so to become parties to the Convention as a matter of priority;

6. *Calls upon* the international community to support, through effective international cooperation, the efforts of States to improve the situation of street children, and encourages States parties to the Convention on the Rights of the Child, in preparing their reports to the Committee on the Rights of the Child, to bear this problem in mind and to consider requesting, or indicating their need for, technical advice and assistance for initiatives aimed at improving the situation of street children, in accordance with article 45 of the Convention;

7. *Invites* the Committee on the Rights of the Child to consider the possibility of a general comment on street children;

8. *Recommends* that the Committee on the Rights of the Child and other relevant treaty-monitoring bodies bear this growing problem in mind when examining reports from States parties;

9. *Invites* Governments, United Nations bodies and organizations and intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations to cooperate among themselves and to ensure greater awareness and more effective action to solve the problem of street children by, among other measures, supporting development projects that can have a positive impact on the situation of street children;

10. *Calls upon* special rapporteurs, special representatives and working groups of the Commission on Human Rights and of the Subcommission on the Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities, within their mandates, to pay particular attention to the plight of street children;

11. *Invites* the Commission on Human Rights to examine this problem at its forty-ninth session;

12. *Decides* to consider the question further at its forty-eighth session under the item entitled "Human rights questions".

Draft resolution VI

STRENGTHENING OF THE CENTRE FOR HUMAN RIGHTS OF THE SECRETARIAT

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 44/135 of 15 December 1989, 45/180 of 21 December 1990 and 46/118 and 46/111 of 17 December 1991,

Bearing in mind Commission on Human Rights resolutions 1989/46 of 6 March 1989,[7] 1990/25 of 27 February 1990,[8] 1991/23 of 5 March 1991[32] and 1992/53 of 3 March 1992,[15] as well as Economic and Social Council resolutions 1990/47 of 25 May 1990 and 1991/36 of 31 May 1991,

Recalling Commission on Human Rights resolutions 1989/54 of 7 March 1989[7] and 1991/22 of 5 March 1991[32] on the coordinating role of the Centre for Human Rights of the Secretariat within the United Nations system,

Considering that the promotion of universal respect for and observance of human rights and fundamental freedoms is one of the basic purposes of the United Nations enshrined in the Charter of the United Nations and an issue of the utmost importance for the Organization,

Bearing in mind that the Secretary-General, in his report on the work of the Organization for 1992, stated that the "Charter of the United Nations places the promotion of human rights as one of our priority objectives along with promoting development and preserving international peace and security" (see A/47/1, para. 100), an approach which he also applied in his proposals for the programme budget for the biennium 1994-1995,

Bearing in mind Commission on Human Rights resolution 1992/80 of 5 March 1992 on advisory services and the Voluntary Fund for Technical Cooperation in the Field of Human Rights,[15] and recognizing the growing importance of advisory services for the promotion and strengthening of human rights, as demonstrated by the increasing number of requests from Governments for support and technical assistance in the field of human rights,

Recognizing the important role of the Centre for Human Rights in the promotion, protection and implementation of human rights and the need to provide sufficient human resources to the Centre, particularly in view of the fact that its workload has dramatically increased, while resources have failed to keep pace with the expansion of its responsibilities,

Noting that the difficult financial situation of the Centre during the biennium 1992-1993 has created considerable obstacles in the implementation of the various procedures and mechanisms, negatively influenced the servicing by the Secretariat of the bodies concerned with human rights and impaired the quality and precision of reporting,

Having considered the report of the Secretary-General (A/47/702) and his previous reports, and noting that additional posts for the Centre have been authorized by the Secretary-General for an initial period of six months and that some of those posts only replace temporary posts that had been abolished,

Noting that, in spite of recent developments, the disparity between mandates themselves and resources available to carry them out has grown further, as a result of additional mandates given to the Centre by intergovernmental and expert bodies, after the preparation of the proposed programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993 and the adoption of that budget,

Noting also that the Assembly, in section XIX of its resolution 46/185 C of 20 December 1991, requested the Secretary-General, with regard to the recommendation of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions on the level of general temporary assistance for section 28 of the programme budget, to ensure that adequate resources were available during the biennium 1992-1993,

Noting further that the Committee for Programme and Coordination, at its thirty-second session, held from 11 to 22 May 1992, reaffirmed its previous recommendations on the strengthening of the programmes and activities of the Centre (see A/47/16 (Part I), para. 112), in the context of the proposed revisions to the medium-term plan for the period 1992-1997,[41]

Noting that the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions, in revising estimates for the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993, took note of the redeployment of five posts to the Centre (see A/47/7/Add.1), which will be used to respond to the mandate established by the Commission on Human Rights at its first special session, held on 13 and 14 August 1992,[42]

1. *Supports* the efforts of the Secretary-General to enhance the role and importance of the Centre for Human Rights of the Secretariat as the coordinating unit within the United Nations system of bodies dealing with the promotion and the protection of human rights;

2. *Takes note* of the statement by the Secretary-General, as reflected in his report concerning the implications of organizational changes in the Secretariat, that he would propose using the remaining vacant posts now available in the Secretariat "in the light of new initiatives and emerging mandates and priorities" (see A/C.5/47/2 and Corr.1, para. 23);

3. *Emphasizes* that, in the review of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993, adequate staffing, temporary assistance and other resources should be allocated to the Centre so as to enable it to respond to its increasing workload and its needs in order that it may carry out all the functions assigned to it, including those relating to the preparations for the World Conference on Human Rights and the Conference itself;

4. *Requests* the Secretary-General to ensure that sufficient resources are accorded to the Centre to enable it to carry out, in full and on time, all the mandates, including the additional ones, resulting from the decisions of intergovernmental and expert bodies;

5. *Also requests* the Secretary-General to submit an interim report to the Commission on Human Rights at its forty-ninth session and a final report to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session on the developments relating to the activities of the Centre and on the measures taken to implement the present resolution.

Draft resolution VII

DEVELOPMENT OF PUBLIC INFORMATION ACTIVITIES IN THE FIELD OF HUMAN RIGHTS

The General Assembly,

Reaffirming that activities to improve public knowledge in the field of human rights are essential to the fulfilment of the purposes of the United Nations set out in Article 1, paragraph 3, of the Charter of the United Nations and that carefully designed programmes of teaching, education and information are essential to the achievement of lasting respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms,

Recalling the relevant resolutions adopted by the General Assembly and the Commission on Human Rights,

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[41] See *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-fifth Session, Supplement No. 6* (A/45/6/Rev.1).

[42] See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1992, Supplement No. 2A* (E/1992/22/Add.1/Rev.1), chap. II.

Recognizing the catalytic effect of initiatives of the United Nations on national and regional public information activities in the field of human rights,

Recognizing also the valuable role that non-governmental organizations can play in those endeavours,

Taking note of the recommendation of the fourth meeting of persons chairing the human rights treaty bodies to the effect that an expert group from outside the Secretariat should be constituted to undertake a comprehensive review of the existing information programme of the Centre for Human Rights of the Secretariat (see A/47/628, annex, para. 56),

1. *Takes note* of the report of the Secretary-General (A/47/503);

2. *Reaffirms* the need for information materials on human rights to be carefully designed in clear and accessible form, to be tailored to regional and national requirements and circumstances with specific target audiences in mind, and to be effectively disseminated in national and local languages and in sufficient volume to have the desired impact, and for effective use also to be made of the mass media, in particular radio and television and audiovisual technologies, in order to reach wider audiences, priority being given to children, young people and the disadvantaged, including those in isolated areas;

3. *Urges* the Secretariat to take measures to ensure the further production and effective dissemination of human rights information materials, especially those on the basic United Nations human rights instruments and institutions, in national and local languages, in cooperation with regional, national and local organizations, as well as with Governments, making full and effective use of the United Nations information centres;

4. *Reiterates its request* to the Secretary-General to ensure that recent periodic reports of States parties to treaty-monitoring bodies and the summary records of discussions on the reports in the treaty bodies are available in the United Nations information centres of the countries that have submitted them;

5. *Welcomes* the information relative to the situation of documentation on human rights at each United Nations information centre contained in the report of the Secretary-General, and reiterates the need to ensure, within available resources, the collection of basic United Nations information and reference material on human rights and fundamental freedoms at each of those centres and for the centres to disseminate human rights materials in all countries within their designated areas of activity;

6. *Encourages* all Member States to make special efforts, particularly in view of the World Conference on Human Rights to be held in 1993, to provide, facilitate and encourage publicity for the activities of the United Nations in the field of human rights and to accord priority to the dissemination, in their respective national and local languages, of the texts of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,[1] the International Covenants on Human Rights[2] and major conventions on human rights, as well as information and education on the practical ways in which the rights and freedoms enjoyed under those instruments can be exercised;

7. *Urges* all Member States to include in their educational curricula materials relevant to a comprehensive understanding of human rights issues, and encourages all those responsible for training in law and its enforcement, the armed forces, medicine, diplomacy and other relevant fields to include appropriate human rights components in their programmes;

8. *Notes* the special value, under the advisory services and technical assistance programme, of regional and national training courses and workshops, in cooperation with Governments, regional and national organizations and non-governmental organizations, in promoting practical education and awareness in the field of human rights;

9. *Requests* the Secretary-General to ensure the fullest effective deployment of the skills and resources of all concerned units of the Secretariat and to make available, within existing resources, in particular from the budget of the Department of Public Information of the Secretariat, adequate funding for developing practical and effective human rights information activities;

10. *Calls upon* the Centre for Human Rights of the Secretariat, which has primary responsibility within the United Nations system in the field of human rights, to coordinate the substantive activities of the World Public Information Campaign for Human Rights pursuant to the direction of the General Assembly and the Commission on Human Rights, and to serve as liaison with Governments, regional and national institutions, non-governmental organizations and concerned individuals in the development and implementation of the activities of the Campaign;

11. *Calls upon* the Department of Public Information, which has primary responsibility for public information activities, to coordinate the public information activities of the Campaign and, in its responsibility as secretariat to the Joint United Nations Information Committee, to promote coordinated system-wide information activities in the field of human rights;

12. *Stresses* the need for close cooperation between the Centre for Human Rights and the Department of Public Information in the implementation of the aims established for the Campaign and the need for the United Nations to harmonize its activities in the field of human rights with those of other organizations, including the International Committee of the Red Cross, with regard to the dissemination of information on international humanitarian law, and the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization with regard to education for human rights;

13. *Requests* the Secretary-General to take advantage, as much as possible, of the collaboration of non-governmental organizations for, *inter alia*, the dissemination of human rights materials, with a view to increasing universal awareness of human rights and fundamental freedoms;

14. *Requests* the Commission on Human Rights, at its forty-ninth session, to consider the recommendation made by the fourth meeting of persons chairing the human rights treaty bodies that an expert group, from outside the Secretariat, should be appointed to review comprehensively the existing information programme of the Centre for Human Rights, with a view to developing a new information strategy that integrates the needs of the various sections within the human rights programme, including treaty bodies;

15. *Requests* the Secretary-General to submit to the General Assembly at its forty-ninth session a comprehensive report on the implementation of the present resolution for consideration under the sub-item entitled "Human rights questions, including alternative approaches for im-

proving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms".

Draft resolution VIII

ELIMINATION OF ALL FORMS OF RELIGIOUS INTOLERANCE

The General Assembly,

Recalling that all States have pledged themselves to promote and encourage universal respect for and observance of human rights and fundamental freedoms for all without distinction as to race, sex, language or religion,

Recognizing that those rights derive from the inherent dignity of the human person,

Reaffirming that discrimination against human beings on the grounds of religion or belief constitutes an affront to human dignity and a disavowal of the principles of the Charter of the United Nations,

Reaffirming its resolution 36/55 of 25 November 1981, by which it proclaimed the Declaration on the Elimination of All Forms of Intolerance and of Discrimination Based on Religion or Belief,

Recalling its resolution 46/131 of 17 December 1991, in which it requested the Commission on Human Rights to continue its consideration of measures to implement the Declaration,

Taking note of Commission on Human Rights resolution 1992/17 of 21 February 1992,[15] in which the mandate of the Special Rapporteur appointed to examine incidents and governmental actions in all parts of the world that are incompatible with the provisions of the Declaration and to recommend remedial measures, as appropriate, was extended for three years, and taking note also of Economic and Social Council decision 1992/226 of 20 July 1992,

Recognizing that it is desirable to enhance the promotional and public information activities of the United Nations in matters relating to freedom of religion or belief and that both Governments and non-governmental organizations have an important role to play in this domain,

Emphasizing that non-governmental organizations and religious bodies and groups at every level have an important role to play in the promotion of tolerance and the protection of freedom of religion or belief,

Conscious of the importance of education in ensuring tolerance of religion and belief,

Alarmed that serious instances, including acts of violence, of intolerance and discrimination on the grounds of religion or belief occur in many parts of the world, as evidenced in the report of the Special Rapporteur of the Commission on Human Rights, Mr. Angelo Vidal d'Almeida Ribeiro,[43]

Believing that further efforts are therefore required to promote and protect the right to freedom of thought, conscience, religion and belief and to eliminate all forms of hatred, intolerance and discrimination based on religion or belief;

1. *Reaffirms* that freedom of thought, conscience, religion and belief is a human right derived from the inherent dignity of the human person and guaranteed to all without discrimination;

2. *Urges* States to ensure that their constitutional and legal systems provide adequate guarantees of freedom of thought, conscience, religion and belief, including the provision of effective remedies where there is intolerance or discrimination based on religion or belief;

3. *Recognizes* that legislation alone is not enough to prevent violations of human rights, including the right to freedom of religion or belief;

4. *Urges* all States therefore to take all appropriate measures to combat hatred, intolerance and acts of violence and to encourage understanding, tolerance and respect in matters relating to freedom of religion or belief;

5. *Urges* States to ensure that, in the course of their official duties, members of law enforcement bodies, civil servants, educators and other public officials respect different religions and beliefs and do not discriminate against persons professing other religions or beliefs;

6. *Calls upon* all States to recognize, as provided in the Declaration on the Elimination of All Forms of Intolerance and of Discrimination Based on Religion or Belief, the right of all persons to worship or assemble in connection with a religion or belief, and to establish and maintain places for these purposes;

7. *Also calls upon* all States in accordance with their national legislation to exert utmost efforts to ensure that religious places and shrines are fully respected and protected;

8. *Considers it desirable* to enhance the promotional and public information activities of the United Nations in matters relating to freedom of religion or belief and to ensure that appropriate measures are taken to this end in the World Public Information Campaign for Human Rights;

9. *Invites* the Secretary-General to continue to give high priority to the dissemination of the text of the Declaration, in all the official languages of the United Nations, and to take all appropriate measures to make the text available for use by United Nations information centres and by other interested bodies;

10. *Encourages* the continued efforts on the part of the Special Rapporteur appointed to examine incidents and governmental actions in all parts of the world that are incompatible with the provisions of the Declaration and to recommend remedial measures as appropriate;

11. *Encourages* Governments to give serious consideration to inviting the Special Rapporteur to visit their countries so as to enable him to fulfil his mandate even more effectively;

12. *Recommends* that the promotion and protection of the right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion be given appropriate priority in the work of the United Nations programme of advisory services in the field of human rights, with regard to, *inter alia*, the drafting of basic legal texts in conformity with international instruments on human rights and taking into account the provisions of the Declaration;

13. *Encourages* the Human Rights Committee to give priority to its announced intention to prepare a general comment on article 18 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights,[2] dealing with freedom of thought, conscience and religion;

14. *Welcomes* the efforts of non-governmental organizations to promote the implementation of the Declaration;

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[43] E/CN.4/1992/52.

15. *Requests* the Secretary-General to invite interested non-governmental organizations to consider what further role they could envisage playing in the implementation of the Declaration and in the dissemination of its text in national and local languages;

16. *Urges* all States to consider disseminating the text of the Declaration in their respective national languages and to facilitate its dissemination in national and local languages;

17. *Requests* the Commission on Human Rights to continue its consideration of measures to implement the Declaration;

18. *Decides* to consider the question of the elimination of all forms of religious intolerance at its forty-eighth session under the item entitled "Human rights questions".

Draft resolution IX

RESPECT FOR THE PRINCIPLES OF NATIONAL SOVEREIGNTY AND NON-INTERFERENCE IN THE INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF STATES IN THEIR ELECTORAL PROCESSES

The General Assembly,

Reaffirming the purposes of the United Nations to develop friendly relations among nations based on respect for the principle of equal rights and self-determination of peoples and to take other appropriate measures to strengthen universal peace,

Recalling its resolution 1514 (XV) of 14 December 1960 containing the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples,

Also recalling its resolution 2625 (XXV) of 24 October 1970, by which it approved the Declaration on Principles of International Law concerning Friendly Relations and Co-operation among States in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations,

Further recalling the principle enshrined in Article 2, paragraph 7, of the Charter of the United Nations, which establishes that nothing contained in the Charter shall authorize the United Nations to intervene in matters which are essentially within the domestic jurisdiction of any State or shall require the Members to submit such matters to settlement under the Charter,

Reaffirming the legitimacy of the struggle of the oppressed people of South Africa for the elimination of apartheid and for the establishment of a society in which all the people of South Africa as a whole, irrespective of race, colour or creed, will enjoy equal and full political and other rights and participate freely in the determination of their destiny,

Also reaffirming the legitimacy of the struggle of all peoples under colonial and foreign domination, particularly the Palestinian people, for the exercise of their inalienable right to self-determination and national independence, which will enable them to decide freely on their own future,

Recognizing that the principles of national sovereignty and non-interference in the internal affairs of any State should be respected in the holding of elections,

Also recognizing that there is no single political system or single model for electoral processes equally suited to all nations and their peoples, and that political systems and electoral processes are subject to historical, political, cultural and religious factors,

Recalling its resolutions in this regard, in particular resolution 46/130 of 17 December 1991,

1. *Reiterates* that, by virtue of the principle of equal rights and self-determination of peoples enshrined in the Charter of the United Nations, all peoples have the right, freely and without external interference, to determine their political status and to pursue their economic, social and cultural development and that every State has the duty to respect that right in accordance with the provisions of the Charter;

2. *Reaffirms* that it is the concern solely of peoples to determine methods and to establish institutions regarding the electoral process, as well as to determine the ways for its implementation according to their constitution and national legislation;

3. *Also reaffirms* that any activities that attempt, directly or indirectly, to interfere in the free development of national electoral processes, in particular in the developing countries, or that intend to sway the results of such processes, violate the spirit and letter of the principles established in the Charter and in the Declaration on Principles of International Law concerning Friendly Relations and Co-operation among States in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations;

4. *Further reaffirms* that there is no universal need for the United Nations to provide electoral assistance to Member States, except in special circumstances such as cases of decolonization, in the context of regional or international peace processes or at the request of specific sovereign States, by virtue of resolutions adopted by the Security Council or the General Assembly in each case, in strict conformity with the principles of sovereignty and non-interference in the internal affairs of States;

5. *Urges* all States to respect the principle of non-interference in the internal affairs of States and the sovereign right of peoples to determine their political, economic and social system;

6. *Strongly appeals* to all States to refrain from financing or providing, directly or indirectly, any other form of overt or covert support for political parties or groups and from taking actions to undermine the electoral processes in any country;

7. *Condemns* any act of armed aggression or threat or use of force against peoples, their elected Governments or their legitimate leaders;

8. *Reiterates* that only the total eradication of apartheid and the establishment of a non-racial, democratic society based on majority rule, through the full and free exercise of adult suffrage by all the people in a united and non-fragmented South Africa, can lead to a just and lasting solution to the situation in South Africa;

9. *Reaffirms* the legitimacy of the struggle of all peoples under colonial and foreign domination, particularly the Palestinian people, for the exercise of their inalienable right to self-determination and national independence, which will enable them to determine their political, economic and social system, without interference;

10. *Calls upon* the Commission on Human Rights at its forty-ninth session to continue giving priority to the review of the fundamental factors that negatively affect the observance of the principles of national sovereignty and non-interference in the internal affairs of States in their electoral processes and to report to the General Assembly

at its forty-eighth session, through the Economic and Social Council;

11. *Requests* the Secretary-General to report to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session on the implementation of the present resolution under the item entitled "Human rights questions".

Draft resolution X

STRENGTHENING OF UNITED NATIONS ACTION IN THE FIELD OF HUMAN RIGHTS THROUGH THE PROMOTION OF INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AND THE IMPORTANCE OF NON-SELECTIVITY, IMPARTIALITY AND OBJECTIVITY

The General Assembly,

Reaffirming its faith in fundamental human rights, in the dignity and worth of the human person and in the equal rights of men and women and of nations large and small, and its determination to promote social progress and better standards of living in greater freedom,

Bearing in mind that one of the purposes of the United Nations is to develop friendly relations among nations based on respect for the principle of equal rights and self-determination of peoples and to take other appropriate measures to strengthen universal peace,

Bearing in mind also that one of the purposes of the United Nations is to achieve international cooperation in solving international problems of an economic, social, cultural or humanitarian character and in promoting and encouraging respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms for all without distinction as to race, sex, language or religion,

Recalling that, in accordance with Article 55 of the Charter of the United Nations, the Organization shall promote universal respect for, and observance of, human rights and fundamental freedoms for all, with a view to the creation of conditions of stability and well-being that are necessary for peaceful and friendly relations among nations, based on respect for the principle of equal rights and self-determination of peoples and that, in accordance with Article 56, all Members pledge themselves to take joint and separate action in cooperation with the Organization for the achievement of the purposes set forth in Article 55,

Reiterating that Member States should continue to act in the human rights field in conformity with the provisions of the Charter,

Desirous of achieving further progress in international cooperation in promoting and encouraging respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms,

Considering that such international cooperation should be based on the principles embodied in international law, especially the Charter, as well as the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,[1] the International Covenants on Human Rights[2] and other relevant instruments,

Deeply convinced that United Nations action in this field should be based not only on a profound understanding of the broad range of problems existing in all societies but also on full respect for the political, economic and social realities of each of them, in strict compliance with the purposes and principles of the Charter and for the basic purpose of promoting and encouraging respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms through international cooperation,

Reaffirming its resolutions 45/163 of 18 December 1990 and 46/129 of 17 December 1991,

Recalling its resolutions 32/130 of 16 December 1977, 37/200 of 18 December 1982, 41/155 of 4 December 1986 and 43/155 of 8 December 1988,

Bearing in mind its resolutions 2131 (XX) of 21 December 1965, 2625 (XXV) of 24 October 1970 and 36/103 of 9 December 1981,

Taking into account Commission on Human Rights resolution 1992/39 of 28 February 1992,[15]

Taking note of the recommendation made by the Commission on Human Rights in the annex to its resolution 1991/30 of 5 March 1991,[32] that the Preparatory Committee for the World Conference on Human Rights, being guided by a spirit of consensus, should make suggestions aimed at ensuring the universality, objectivity and non-selectivity of the consideration of human rights issues in United Nations human rights forums,

Aware of the fact that the promotion, protection and full exercise of all human rights and fundamental freedoms as legitimate concerns of the world community should be guided by the principles of non-selectivity, impartiality and objectivity and should not be used for political ends,

Affirming the importance of the objectivity, independence and discretion of the special rapporteurs and representatives on thematic issues and countries, as well as of the members of the working groups, in carrying out their mandates,

Underlining the obligation that Governments have to promote and protect human rights and to carry out the responsibilities that they have undertaken under international law, especially the Charter, as well as various international instruments in the field of human rights,

1. *Reiterates* that, by virtue of the principle of equal rights and self-determination of peoples enshrined in the Charter of the United Nations, all peoples have the right freely to determine, without external interference, their political status and to pursue their economic, social and cultural development, and that every State has the duty to respect that right within the provisions of the Charter, including respect for territorial integrity;

2. *Reaffirms* that it is a purpose of the United Nations and the task of all Member States, in cooperation with the Organization, to promote and encourage respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms and to remain vigilant with regard to violations of human rights wherever they occur;

3. *Calls upon* all Member States to base their activities for the protection and promotion of human rights, including the development of further international cooperation in this field, on the Charter, the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights,[2] the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights[2] and other relevant international instruments and to refrain from activities that are inconsistent with this international framework;

4. *Considers* that international cooperation in this field should make an effective and practical contribution to the urgent task of preventing mass and flagrant violations of human rights and fundamental freedoms for all and to the strengthening of international peace and security;

5. *Affirms* that the promotion, protection and full realization of all human rights and fundamental freedoms as legitimate concerns of the world community should be guided by the principles of non-selectivity, impartiality and objectivity and should not be used for political ends;

6. *Requests* all human rights bodies within the United Nations system, as well as the special rapporteurs and representatives, independent experts and working groups, to take duly into account the content of the present resolution in carrying out their mandates;

7. *Expresses its conviction* that an unbiased and fair approach to human rights issues contributes to the promotion of international cooperation as well as to the effective promotion, protection and realization of human rights and fundamental freedoms;

8. *Underlines*, in this context, the continuing need for impartial and objective information on the political, economic and social situations and events of all countries;

9. *Invites* Member States to consider adopting, as appropriate, within the framework of their respective legal systems and in accordance with their obligations under international law, especially the Charter, and international human rights instruments, the measures that they may deem appropriate to achieve further progress in international cooperation in promoting and encouraging respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms;

10. *Requests* the Commission on Human Rights, at its forty-ninth session, to continue to examine ways and means to strengthen United Nations action in this regard on the basis of the present resolution and of Commission resolution 1992/39;

11. *Invites* the Secretary-General to request from all Member States information and comments on the present resolution for timely transmission to the Preparatory Committee for the World Conference on Human Rights, regional conferences and the World Conference itself for consideration and so that relevant proposals, including ways and means to strengthen United Nations action in this regard, can be formulated;

12. *Requests* the Secretary-General to provide the Preparatory Committee with the documentation relevant to the present resolution;

13. *Decides* to consider this matter at its forty-eighth session under the item entitled "Human rights questions".

Draft resolution XI

QUESTION OF ENFORCED OR INVOLUNTARY DISAPPEARANCES

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 33/173 of 20 December 1978 concerning disappeared persons, and its resolution 46/125 of 17 December 1991 on the question of enforced or involuntary disappearances,

Deeply concerned about the persistence of the practice of enforced disappearances in the world,

Expressing its profound emotion at the anguish and sorrow of the families concerned, who are unsure of the fate of their relatives,

Concerned by the growing number of reports concerning harassment, ill-treatment and intimidation of witnesses of disappearances or relatives of persons who have disappeared,

Noting with satisfaction the proclamation of the Declaration on the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance,[44]

Convinced of the need to continue implementing the provisions of its resolution 33/173 and of the other relevant United Nations resolutions, with a view to finding solutions for cases of disappearances and helping to eliminate enforced disappearances, duly taking into account the provisions of the Declaration,

Bearing in mind Commission on Human Rights resolution 1992/30 of 28 February 1992,[15]

1. *Expresses its appreciation* to the Working Group on Enforced or Involuntary Disappearances for its humanitarian work and thanks those Governments that are cooperating with it;

2. *Welcomes* the decision made by the Commission on Human Rights in its resolution 1992/30 to extend for three years the term of the mandate of the Working Group, as defined in Commission resolution 20 (XXXVI) of 29 February 1980,[45] while maintaining the principle of annual reporting, and requests the Working Group to continue to fulfil its mandate in a rigorous and constructive fashion;

3. *Invites* Governments to take appropriate legislative or other steps to prevent and suppress the practice of enforced disappearances and to take action at the national and regional levels and in cooperation with the United Nations to that end;

4. *Appeals* to the Governments concerned, particularly those that have not yet replied to the communications addressed to them by the Working Group, to cooperate fully with it, and in particular to reply more quickly to the requests for information addressed to them so that, while respecting its working methods based on discretion, it may perform its strictly humanitarian role;

5. *Encourages* the Governments concerned seriously to consider inviting the Working Group to visit their countries, thus enabling it to fulfil its mandate even more effectively;

6. *Extends its warm thanks* to those Governments which have cooperated with the Working Group and to those Governments which have invited the Working Group to visit their countries, requests them to give all necessary attention to its recommendations and invites them to inform the Working Group of any follow-up measures taken;

7. *Appeals* to the Governments concerned to take steps to protect the families of persons who have disappeared against any intimidation or ill-treatment of which they may be the target;

8. *Calls upon* all Governments to take steps to ensure that, when a state of emergency is introduced, the protection of human rights is ensured, particularly as regards the prevention of enforced disappearances;

9. *Reminds* all Governments of the need to ensure that their competent authorities conduct prompt and impartial inquiries when there is reason to believe that an enforced disappearance has occurred in territory under their jurisdiction;

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[44] See resolution 47/133.

[45] See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1980, Supplement No. 3* and corrigendum (E/1980/13 and Corr.1), chap. XXVI, sect. A.

10. *Requests* the Working Group, pursuant to its mandate, to take into account the provisions of the Declaration on the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance;

11. *Also requests* the Working Group to give the necessary attention to cases of children who have disappeared and of children of persons who have disappeared;

12. *Calls upon* the Commission on Human Rights to continue to study this question as a matter of priority and to take any step it may deem necessary to the pursuit of the task of the Working Group and to the follow-up of its recommendations when it considers the report to be submitted by the Working Group to the Commission at its forty-ninth session;

13. *Renews its request* to the Secretary-General to continue to provide the Working Group with all necessary facilities;

14. *Decides* to consider the question of enforced disappearances at its forty-ninth session under the sub-item entitled "Human rights questions, including alternative approaches for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms".

Draft resolution XII

DECLARATION ON THE PROTECTION OF ALL PERSONS FROM ENFORCED DISAPPEARANCE

The General Assembly,

Considering that, in accordance with the principles proclaimed in the Charter of the United Nations and other international instruments, recognition of the inherent dignity and of the equal and inalienable rights of all members of the human family is the foundation of freedom, justice and peace in the world,

Bearing in mind the obligation of States under the Charter, in particular Article 55, to promote universal respect for, and observance of, human rights and fundamental freedoms,

Deeply concerned that in many countries, often in a persistent manner, enforced disappearances occur, in the sense that persons are arrested, detained or abducted against their will or otherwise deprived of their liberty by officials of different branches or levels of Government, or by organized groups or private individuals acting on behalf of, or with the support, direct or indirect, consent or acquiescence of the Government, followed by a refusal to disclose the fate or whereabouts of the persons concerned or a refusal to acknowledge the deprivation of their liberty, which places such persons outside the protection of the law,

Considering that enforced disappearance undermines the deepest values of any society committed to respect for the rule of law, human rights and fundamental freedoms, and that the systematic practice of such acts is of the nature of a crime against humanity,

Recalling its resolution 33/173 of 20 December 1978, in which it expressed concern about the reports from various parts of the world relating to enforced or involuntary disappearances, as well as about the anguish and sorrow caused by those disappearances, and called upon Governments to hold law enforcement and security forces legally responsible for excesses which might lead to enforced or involuntary disappearances of persons,

Recalling also the protection afforded to victims of armed conflicts by the Geneva Conventions of 12 August 1949[30] and the Additional Protocols thereto, of 1977,[31]

Having regard in particular to the relevant articles of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights[1] and the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights,[2] which protect the right to life, the right to liberty and security of the person, the right not to be subjected to torture and the right to recognition as a person before the law,

Having regard also to the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment,[10] which provides that States parties shall take effective measures to prevent and punish acts of torture,

Bearing in mind the Code of Conduct for Law Enforcement Officials,[24] the Basic Principles on the Use of Force and Firearms by Law Enforcement Officials,[46] the Declaration of Basic Principles of Justice for Victims of Crime and Abuse of Power[47] and the Standard Minimum Rules for the Treatment of Prisoners,[48]

Affirming that, in order to prevent enforced disappearances, it is necessary to ensure strict compliance with the Body of Principles for the Protection of All Persons under Any Form of Detention or Imprisonment contained in the annex to its resolution 43/173 of 9 December 1988, and with the Principles on the Effective Prevention and Investigation of Extra-legal, Arbitrary and Summary Executions, set forth in the annex to Economic and Social Council resolution 1989/65 of 24 May 1989 and endorsed by the General Assembly in its resolution 44/162 of 15 December 1989,

Bearing in mind that, while the acts which comprise enforced disappearance constitute a violation of the prohibitions found in the aforementioned international instruments, it is none the less important to devise an instrument which characterizes all acts of enforced disappearance of persons as very serious offences and sets forth standards designed to punish and prevent their commission,

1. *Proclaims* the present Declaration on the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance, as a body of principles for all States;

2. *Urges* that all efforts be made so that the Declaration becomes generally known and respected;

Article 1

1. Any act of enforced disappearance is an offence to human dignity. It is condemned as a denial of the purposes of the Charter of the United Nations and as a grave and flagrant violation of the human rights and fundamental freedoms proclaimed in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights[1] and reaffirmed and developed in international instruments in this field.

2. Any act of enforced disappearance places the persons subjected thereto outside the protection of the law and inflicts severe suffering on them and their families. It constitutes a violation of the rules of international law guaran-

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[46] See *Eighth United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders, Havana, 27 August–7 September 1990: report prepared by the Secretariat* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.91.IV.2), chap. I, sect. B.

[47] Resolution 40/34, annex.

[48] See *Human Rights: A Compilation of International Instruments* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.88.XIV.1).

teeing, *inter alia*, the right to recognition as a person before the law, the right to liberty and security of the person and the right not to be subjected to torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment. It also violates or constitutes a grave threat to the right to life.

Article 2

1. No State shall practise, permit or tolerate enforced disappearances.

2. States shall act at the national and regional levels and in cooperation with the United Nations to contribute by all means to the prevention and eradication of enforced disappearance.

Article 3

Each State shall take effective legislative, administrative, judicial or other measures to prevent and terminate acts of enforced disappearance in any territory under its jurisdiction.

Article 4

1. All acts of enforced disappearance shall be offences under criminal law punishable by appropriate penalties which shall take into account their extreme seriousness.

2. Mitigating circumstances may be established in national legislation for persons who, having participated in enforced disappearances, are instrumental in bringing the victims forward alive or in providing voluntarily information which would contribute to clarifying cases of enforced disappearance.

Article 5

In addition to such criminal penalties as are applicable, enforced disappearances render their perpetrators and the State or State authorities which organize, acquiesce in or tolerate such disappearances liable under civil law, without prejudice to the international responsibility of the State concerned in accordance with the principles of international law.

Article 6

1. No order or instruction of any public authority, civilian, military or other, may be invoked to justify an enforced disappearance. Any person receiving such an order or instruction shall have the right and duty not to obey it.

2. Each State shall ensure that orders or instructions directing, authorizing or encouraging any enforced disappearance are prohibited.

3. Training of law enforcement officials shall emphasize the provisions in paragraphs 1 and 2 of the present article.

Article 7

No circumstances whatsoever, whether a threat of war, a state of war, internal political instability or any other public emergency, may be invoked to justify enforced disappearances.

Article 8

1. No State shall expel, return (*refouler*) or extradite a person to another State where there are substantial grounds to believe that he would be in danger of enforced disappearance.

2. For the purpose of determining whether there are such grounds, the competent authorities shall take into account all relevant considerations including, where applicable, the existence in the State concerned of a consistent pattern of gross, flagrant or mass violations of human rights.

Article 9

1. The right to a prompt and effective judicial remedy as a means of determining the whereabouts or state of health of persons deprived of their liberty and/or identifying the authority ordering or carrying out the deprivation of liberty is required to prevent enforced disappearances under all circumstances, including those referred to in article 7 above.

2. In such proceedings, competent national authorities shall have access to all places where persons deprived of their liberty are being held and to each part of those places, as well as to any place in which there are grounds to believe that such persons may be found.

3. Any other competent authority entitled under the law of the State or by any international legal instrument to which the State is a party may also have access to such places.

Article 10

1. Any person deprived of liberty shall be held in an officially recognized place of detention and, in conformity with national law, be brought before a judicial authority promptly after detention.

2. Accurate information on the detention of such persons and their place or places of detention, including transfers, shall be made promptly available to their family members, their counsel or to any other persons having a legitimate interest in the information unless a wish to the contrary has been manifested by the persons concerned.

3. An official up-to-date register of all persons deprived of their liberty shall be maintained in every place of detention. Additionally, each State shall take steps to maintain similar centralized registers. The information contained in these registers shall be made available to the persons mentioned in the preceding paragraph, to any judicial or other competent and independent national authority and to any other competent authority entitled under the law of the State concerned or any international legal instrument to which a State concerned is a party, seeking to trace the whereabouts of a detained person.

Article 11

All persons deprived of liberty must be released in a manner permitting reliable verification that they have actually been released and, further, have been released in conditions in which their physical integrity and ability fully to exercise their rights are assured.

Article 12

1. Each State shall establish rules under its national law indicating those officials authorized to order deprivation of liberty, establishing the conditions under which such orders may be given, and stipulating penalties for officials who, without legal justification, refuse to provide information on any detention.

2. Each State shall likewise ensure strict supervision, including a clear chain of command, of all law enforcement officials responsible for apprehensions, arrests, detentions, custody, transfers and imprisonment, and of other officials authorized by law to use force and firearms.

Article 13

1. Each State shall ensure that any person having knowledge or a legitimate interest who alleges that a person has been subjected to enforced disappearance has the right to complain to a competent and independent State authority and to have that complaint promptly, thoroughly and impartially investigated by that authority. Whenever there are reasonable grounds to believe that an enforced disappearance has been committed, the State shall promptly refer the matter to that authority for such an investigation, even if there has been no formal complaint. No measure shall be taken to curtail or impede the investigation.

2. Each State shall ensure that the competent authority shall have the necessary powers and resources to conduct the investigation effectively, including powers to compel attendance of witnesses and production of relevant documents and to make immediate on-site visits.

3. Steps shall be taken to ensure that all involved in the investigation, including the complainant, counsel, witnesses and those conducting the investigation, are protected against ill-treatment, intimidation or reprisal.

4. The findings of such an investigation shall be made available upon request to all persons concerned, unless doing so would jeopardize an ongoing criminal investigation.

5. Steps shall be taken to ensure that any ill-treatment, intimidation or reprisal or any other form of interference on the occasion of the lodging of a complaint or during the investigation procedure is appropriately punished.

6. An investigation, in accordance with the procedures described above, should be able to be conducted for as long as the fate of the victim of enforced disappearance remains unclarified.

Article 14

Any person alleged to have perpetrated an act of enforced disappearance in a particular State shall, when the facts disclosed by an official investigation so warrant, be brought before the competent civil authorities of that State for the purpose of prosecution and trial unless another State has requested extradition in accordance with the relevant international agreements in force. All States should take any lawful and appropriate action available to them to bring to justice all persons presumed responsible for an act of enforced disappearance, who are found to be within their jurisdiction or under their control.

Article 15

The fact that there are grounds to believe that a person has participated in acts of an extremely serious nature such as those referred to in article 4, paragraph 1, above, regardless of the motives, shall be taken into account when the competent authorities of the State decide whether or not to grant asylum.

Article 16

1. Persons alleged to have committed any of the acts referred to in article 4, paragraph 1, above, shall be suspended from any official duties during the investigation referred to in article 13 above.

2. They shall be tried only by the competent ordinary courts in each State, and not by any other special tribunal, in particular military courts.

3. No privileges, immunities or special exemptions shall be admitted in such trials, without prejudice to the provisions contained in the Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations.[49]

4. The persons presumed responsible for such acts shall be guaranteed fair treatment in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and other relevant international agreements in force at all stages of the investigation and eventual prosecution and trial.

Article 17

1. Acts constituting enforced disappearance shall be considered a continuing offence as long as the perpetrators continue to conceal the fate and the whereabouts of persons who have disappeared and these facts remain unclarified.

2. When the remedies provided for in article 2 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights[2] are no longer effective, the statute of limitations relating to acts of enforced disappearance shall be suspended until these remedies are re-established.

3. Statutes of limitations, where they exist, relating to acts of enforced disappearance shall be substantial and commensurate with the extreme seriousness of the offence.

Article 18

1. Persons who have or are alleged to have committed offences referred to in article 4, paragraph 1, above, shall not benefit from any special amnesty law or similar measures that might have the effect of exempting them from any criminal proceedings or sanction.

2. In the exercise of the right of pardon, the extreme seriousness of acts of enforced disappearance shall be taken into account.

Article 19

The victims of acts of enforced disappearance and their family shall obtain redress and shall have the right to adequate compensation, including the means for as complete a rehabilitation as possible. In the event of the death of the victim as a result of an act of enforced disappearance, their dependants shall also be entitled to compensation.

Article 20

1. States shall prevent and suppress the abduction of children of parents subjected to enforced disappearance and of children born during their mother's enforced disappearance, and shall devote their efforts to the search for and identification of such children and to the restitution of the children to their families of origin.

2. Considering the need to protect the best interests of children referred to in the preceding paragraph, there shall be an opportunity, in States which recognize a system of adoption, for a review of the adoption of such children and, in particular, for annulment of any adoption which originated in enforced disappearance. Such adoption should,

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[49] United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 500, No. 7310.

however, continue to be in force if consent is given, at the time of the review, by the child's closest relatives.

3. The abduction of children of parents subjected to enforced disappearance or of children born during their mother's enforced disappearance, and the act of altering or suppressing documents attesting to their true identity, shall constitute an extremely serious offence, which shall be punished as such.

4. For these purposes, States shall, where appropriate, conclude bilateral and multilateral agreements.

Article 21

The provisions of the present Declaration are without prejudice to the provisions enunciated in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights or in any other international instrument, and shall not be construed as restricting or derogating from any of those provisions.

Draft resolution XIII

HUMAN RIGHTS AND EXTREME POVERTY

The General Assembly,

Reaffirming the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,[1] the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights,[2] the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights[2] and other human rights instruments adopted by the United Nations,

Recalling its resolutions 44/148 of 15 December 1989 and 44/212 of 22 December 1989, and other relevant resolutions,

Bearing in mind Commission on Human Rights resolution 1991/14 of 22 February 1991,[32] in which the Commission drew the attention of the General Assembly to the contradiction between the existence of situations of extreme poverty and exclusion from society, which must be overcome, and the duty to guarantee the full enjoyment of human rights,

Recalling its resolution 45/199 of 21 December 1990, in which it proclaimed the Fourth United Nations Development Decade, the main concerns of which are the search for a significant reduction of extreme poverty and the joint responsibility of all countries,

Recognizing that extreme poverty is a violation of human dignity and might, in some situations, constitute a threat to the right to life,

Deeply concerned that extreme poverty continues to spread in all countries of the world, regardless of their economic, social and cultural situation, and seriously affects the most vulnerable and disadvantaged individuals, families and groups, who are thus hindered in the exercise of their human rights and their fundamental freedoms,

Stressing the need for a complete and in-depth study of extreme poverty, based on the experience and the thoughts of the poorest,

Taking note with satisfaction, in that regard, of Commission on Human Rights resolution 1992/11 of 21 February 1992[15] and resolution 1992/27 of 27 August 1992 of the Subcommission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities,[50] in which the Subcommission designated Mr. Leandro Despouy as Special Rapporteur on this question,

Recognizing that the elimination of widespread poverty and the full enjoyment of economic, social and cultural rights are interrelated goals,

Recognizing also that the grave suffering of the vast majority of human beings who live in conditions of extreme poverty requires the immediate attention of the international community and the adoption of specific measures to eliminate extreme poverty and exclusion from society,

1. *Reaffirms* that extreme poverty and exclusion from society constitute a violation of human dignity and that urgent national and international action is therefore required to eliminate them;

2. *Expresses its satisfaction* that the Commission on Human Rights, in its resolution 1992/11, requested the Subcommission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities to undertake a study of extreme poverty and, in particular, of the following aspects: the effects of extreme poverty on the enjoyment and exercise of all human rights and fundamental freedoms of those experiencing it; the efforts of the poorest to achieve the exercise of those rights and to participate fully in the development of the society in which they live; the conditions in which the poorest may effectively convey their experience and their thoughts and become partners in the realization of human rights; and the means of ensuring a better understanding of the experience and thoughts of the poorest and of the persons working with them;

3. *Again calls upon* States, the specialized agencies, United Nations bodies and other international organizations, including intergovernmental organizations, to give the necessary attention to this problem;

4. *Notes with appreciation* the specific measures taken by the United Nations Children's Fund to mitigate the effects of extreme poverty on children and the efforts of the United Nations Development Programme to give priority to the search for some means of alleviating poverty within the framework of the relevant resolutions;

5. *Decides* to consider this question further at its forty-ninth session under the sub-item entitled "Human rights questions, including alternative approaches for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms".

Draft resolution XIV

DECLARATION ON THE RIGHTS OF PERSONS BELONGING TO NATIONAL OR ETHNIC, RELIGIOUS AND LINGUISTIC MINORITIES

The General Assembly,

Reaffirming that one of the main purposes of the United Nations, as proclaimed in the Charter of the United Nations, is to achieve international cooperation in promoting and encouraging respect for human rights and for fundamental freedoms for all without distinction as to race, sex, language or religion,

Noting the importance of the even more effective implementation of international human rights instruments with regard to the rights of persons belonging to national or ethnic, religious and linguistic minorities,

Welcoming the increased attention given by human rights treaty bodies to the non-discrimination and protection of minorities,

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[50] See E/CN.4/1993/2-E/CN.4/Sub.2/1992/58, chap. II, sect. A.

Aware of the provisions of article 27 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights[2] concerning the rights of persons belonging to ethnic, religious or linguistic minorities,

Considering that the United Nations has an increasingly important role to play regarding the protection of minorities,

Bearing in mind the work done so far within the United Nations system, in particular through the relevant mechanisms of the Commission on Human Rights and the Subcommission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities, in promoting and protecting the rights of persons belonging to national or ethnic, religious and linguistic minorities,

Recognizing the important achievements in this regard in regional, subregional and bilateral frameworks, which can provide a useful source of inspiration for future United Nations activities,

Stressing the need to ensure for all, without discrimination of any kind, full enjoyment and exercise of human rights and fundamental freedoms, and emphasizing the importance of the draft Declaration on the Rights of Persons Belonging to National or Ethnic, Religious and Linguistic Minorities in that regard,

Recalling its resolution 46/115 of 17 December 1991 and taking note of Commission on Human Rights resolution 1992/16 of 21 February 1992,[15] by which the Commission approved the text of the draft declaration on the rights of persons belonging to national or ethnic, religious and linguistic minorities, and Economic and Social Council resolution 1992/4 of 20 July 1992, in which the Council recommended it to the General Assembly for adoption and further action,

Having considered the note by the Secretary-General (A/47/501),

1. *Adopts* the Declaration on the Rights of Persons Belonging to National or Ethnic, Religious and Linguistic Minorities, the text of which is annexed to the present resolution;

2. *Requests* the Secretary-General to ensure the distribution of the Declaration as widely as possible and to include the text of the Declaration in the next edition of *Human Rights: A Compilation of International Instruments*;

3. *Invites* United Nations agencies and organizations and intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations to intensify their efforts with a view to disseminating information on the Declaration and to promoting understanding thereof;

4. *Invites* the relevant organs and bodies of the United Nations, including treaty bodies, as well as representatives of the Commission on Human Rights and the Subcommission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities, to give due regard to the Declaration within their mandates;

5. *Requests* the Secretary-General to consider appropriate ways for the effective promotion of the Declaration and to make proposals thereon;

6. *Also requests* the Secretary-General to report to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session on the implementation of the present resolution under the item entitled "Human rights questions".

ANNEX

Declaration on the Rights of Persons Belonging to National or Ethnic, Religious and Linguistic Minorities

The General Assembly,

Reaffirming that one of the basic aims of the United Nations, as proclaimed in the Charter, is to promote and encourage respect for human rights and for fundamental freedoms for all, without distinction as to race, sex, language or religion,

Reaffirming faith in fundamental human rights, in the dignity and worth of the human person, in the equal rights of men and women and of nations large and small,

Desiring to promote the realization of the principles contained in the Charter, the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,[1] the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide,[51] the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination,[11] the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights,[2] the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights,[2] the Declaration on the Elimination of All Forms of Intolerance and of Discrimination Based on Religion or Belief,[52] and the Convention on the Rights of the Child,[13] as well as other relevant international instruments that have been adopted at the universal or regional level and those concluded between individual States Members of the United Nations,

Inspired by the provisions of article 27 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights concerning the rights of persons belonging to ethnic, religious or linguistic minorities,

Considering that the promotion and protection of the rights of persons belonging to national or ethnic, religious and linguistic minorities contribute to the political and social stability of States in which they live,

Emphasizing that the constant promotion and realization of the rights of persons belonging to national or ethnic, religious and linguistic minorities, as an integral part of the development of society as a whole and within a democratic framework based on the rule of law, would contribute to the strengthening of friendship and cooperation among peoples and States,

Considering that the United Nations has an important role to play regarding the protection of minorities,

Bearing in mind the work done so far within the United Nations system, in particular by the Commission on Human Rights, the Subcommission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities and the bodies established pursuant to the International Covenants on Human Rights[2] and other relevant international human rights instruments in promoting and protecting the rights of persons belonging to national or ethnic, religious and linguistic minorities,

Taking into account the important work which is done by intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations in protecting minorities and in promoting and protecting the rights of persons belonging to national or ethnic, religious and linguistic minorities,

Recognizing the need to ensure even more effective implementation of international human rights instruments with regard to the rights of persons belonging to national or ethnic, religious and linguistic minorities,

Proclaims this Declaration on the Rights of Persons Belonging to National or Ethnic, Religious and Linguistic Minorities:

Article 1

1. States shall protect the existence and the national or ethnic, cultural, religious and linguistic identity of minorities within their respective territories and shall encourage conditions for the promotion of that identity.

2. States shall adopt appropriate legislative and other measures to achieve those ends.

Article 2

1. Persons belonging to national or ethnic, religious and linguistic minorities (hereinafter referred to as persons belonging to minorities) have the right to enjoy their own culture, to profess and practise their own religion, and to use their own language, in private and in public, freely and without interference or any form of discrimination.

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[51] Resolution 260 A (III), annex.

[52] Resolution 36/55.

2. Persons belonging to minorities have the right to participate effectively in cultural, religious, social, economic and public life.

3. Persons belonging to minorities have the right to participate effectively in decisions on the national and, where appropriate, regional level concerning the minority to which they belong or the regions in which they live, in a manner not incompatible with national legislation.

4. Persons belonging to minorities have the right to establish and maintain their own associations.

5. Persons belonging to minorities have the right to establish and maintain, without any discrimination, free and peaceful contacts with other members of their group and with persons belonging to other minorities, as well as contacts across frontiers with citizens of other States to whom they are related by national or ethnic, religious or linguistic ties.

Article 3

1. Persons belonging to minorities may exercise their rights, including those set forth in the present Declaration, individually as well as in community with other members of their group, without any discrimination.

2. No disadvantage shall result for any person belonging to a minority as the consequence of the exercise or non-exercise of the rights set forth in the present Declaration.

Article 4

1. States shall take measures where required to ensure that persons belonging to minorities may exercise fully and effectively all their human rights and fundamental freedoms without any discrimination and in full equality before the law.

2. States shall take measures to create favourable conditions to enable persons belonging to minorities to express their characteristics and to develop their culture, language, religion, traditions and customs, except where specific practices are in violation of national law and contrary to international standards.

3. States should take appropriate measures so that, wherever possible, persons belonging to minorities may have adequate opportunities to learn their mother tongue or to have instruction in their mother tongue.

4. States should, where appropriate, take measures in the field of education, in order to encourage knowledge of the history, traditions, language and culture of the minorities existing within their territory. Persons belonging to minorities should have adequate opportunities to gain knowledge of the society as a whole.

5. States should consider appropriate measures so that persons belonging to minorities may participate fully in the economic progress and development in their country.

Article 5

1. National policies and programmes shall be planned and implemented with due regard for the legitimate interests of persons belonging to minorities.

2. Programmes of cooperation and assistance among States should be planned and implemented with due regard for the legitimate interests of persons belonging to minorities.

Article 6

States should cooperate on questions relating to persons belonging to minorities, *inter alia*, exchanging information and experiences, in order to promote mutual understanding and confidence.

Article 7

States should cooperate in order to promote respect for the rights set forth in the present Declaration.

Article 8

1. Nothing in the present Declaration shall prevent the fulfilment of international obligations of States in relation to persons belonging to minorities. In particular, States shall fulfil in good faith the obligations and commitments they have assumed under international treaties and agreements to which they are parties.

2. The exercise of the rights set forth in the present Declaration shall not prejudice the enjoyment by all persons of universally recognized human rights and fundamental freedoms.

3. Measures taken by States to ensure the effective enjoyment of the rights set forth in the present Declaration shall not *prima facie* be considered contrary to the principle of equality contained in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights.

4. Nothing in the present Declaration may be construed as permitting any activity contrary to the purposes and principles of the United Nations, including sovereign equality, territorial integrity and political independence of States.

Article 9

The specialized agencies and other organizations of the United Nations system shall contribute to the full realization of the rights and principles set forth in the present Declaration, within their respective fields of competence.

Draft resolution XV

SUMMARY OR ARBITRARY EXECUTIONS

The General Assembly,

Recalling the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,[1] which guarantees the right to life, liberty and security of person,

Having regard to the provisions of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights,[2] in which it is stated that every human being has the inherent right to life, that this right shall be protected by law and that no one shall be arbitrarily deprived of his life,

Recalling its resolution 36/22 of 9 November 1981, in which it condemned the practice of summary and arbitrary executions, and its resolutions 37/182 of 17 December 1982, 38/96 of 16 December 1983, 39/110 of 14 December 1984, 40/143 of 13 December 1985, 41/144 of 4 December 1986, 42/141 of 7 December 1987, 43/151 of 8 December 1988, 44/159 of 15 December 1989 and 45/162 of 18 December 1990,

Deeply alarmed at the continued occurrence on a large scale of summary or arbitrary executions, including extralegal executions,

Recalling Economic and Social Council resolution 1984/50 of 25 May 1984 and the safeguards guaranteeing protection of the rights of those facing the death penalty annexed thereto, which resolution was endorsed by the Seventh United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders in its resolution 15,[53]

Welcoming the close cooperation established between the Centre for Human Rights and the Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice Branch of the Centre for Social Development and Humanitarian Affairs of the Secretariat and the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control[54] with regard to questions relating to extrajudicial, summary or arbitrary executions,

Convinced of the need for appropriate action to combat and eventually eliminate the abhorrent practice of extrajudicial, summary or arbitrary executions, which represents a flagrant violation of the most fundamental right, the right to life,

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[53] See *Seventh United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders, Milan, 26 August–6 September 1985: report prepared by the Secretariat* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.86.IV.1), chap. I, sect. E.

[54] In its resolution 46/152 of 18 December 1991, the General Assembly requested the Economic and Social Council to dissolve the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control and establish the Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice.

1. *Once again strongly condemns* the large number of extrajudicial, summary or arbitrary executions which continue to take place throughout the world;

2. *Demands* that the practice of summary or arbitrary executions be brought to an end;

3. *Appeals urgently* to Governments, United Nations bodies, the specialized agencies, regional intergovernmental organizations and non-governmental organizations to take effective action to combat and eliminate summary or arbitrary executions, including extra-legal executions;

4. *Reaffirms* Economic and Social Council decision 1992/242 of 20 July 1992, in which the Council approved the decision of the Commission on Human Rights[55] to appoint a special rapporteur for three years to consider questions related to summary or arbitrary executions and also approved the Commission's request to the Secretary-General to continue to provide all necessary assistance to the Special Rapporteur;

5. *Urges* all Governments, in particular those that have consistently not responded to communications transmitted to them by the Special Rapporteur, and all others concerned to cooperate with and assist the Special Rapporteur so that he may carry out his mandate effectively;

6. *Requests* the Special Rapporteur, in carrying out his mandate, to respond effectively to information that comes before him, in particular when a summary or arbitrary execution is imminent or threatened, or when such an execution has recently occurred, and, furthermore, to promote exchanges of views between Governments and those who provide reliable information to the Special Rapporteur, where the Special Rapporteur considers that such exchanges of information might be useful;

7. *Welcomes* the recommendations made by the Special Rapporteur in his reports to the Commission on Human Rights at its forty-fourth, forty-fifth, forty-sixth, forty-seventh and forty-eighth sessions[56] with a view to eliminating summary or arbitrary executions;

8. *Encourages* Governments, international organizations and non-governmental organizations to organize training programmes and support projects with a view to training or educating law enforcement officers in human rights issues connected with their work, and appeals to the international community to support endeavours to that end;

9. *Considers* that the Special Rapporteur, in carrying out his mandate, should continue to seek and receive information from Governments, United Nations bodies, specialized agencies, regional intergovernmental organizations and non-governmental organizations in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council, as well as medical and forensic experts;

10. *Requests* the Secretary-General to continue to provide all necessary assistance to the Special Rapporteur so that he may effectively carry out his mandate;

11. *Again requests* the Secretary-General to continue to use his best endeavours in cases where the minimum standard of legal safeguards provided for in articles 6, 14 and 15 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights appears not to have been respected;

12. *Requests* the Commission on Human Rights at its forty-ninth session, on the basis of the report of the Special Rapporteur, to make recommendations concerning appropriate action to combat and eventually eliminate the abhorrent practice of summary or arbitrary executions.

Draft resolution XVI

ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES AND WAYS AND MEANS WITHIN THE UNITED NATIONS SYSTEM FOR IMPROVING THE EFFECTIVE ENJOYMENT OF HUMAN RIGHTS AND FUNDAMENTAL FREEDOMS

The General Assembly,

Recalling that in the Charter of the United Nations the peoples of the United Nations declared their determination to reaffirm faith in fundamental human rights, in the dignity and worth of the human person and in the equal rights of men and women and of nations large and small and to employ international machinery for the promotion of the economic and social advancement of all peoples,

Recalling also the purposes and principles of the Charter to achieve international cooperation in solving international problems of an economic, social, cultural or humanitarian character and in promoting and encouraging respect for human rights and for fundamental freedoms for all without distinction as to race, sex, language or religion,

Emphasizing the significance and validity of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights[1] and of the International Covenants on Human Rights[2] in promoting respect for and observance of human rights and fundamental freedoms,

Recalling its resolution 32/130 of 16 December 1977, in which it decided that the approach to future work within the United Nations system with respect to human rights questions should take into account the concepts set forth in that resolution,

Noting with concern that many of the principles enunciated in resolution 32/130 have not yet been taken into consideration by the international community with all the necessary dynamism and objectivity,

Emphasizing the special importance of the purposes and principles proclaimed in the Declaration on the Right to Development, contained in the annex to its resolution 41/128 of 4 December 1986,

Recalling its resolutions concerning the right to development, and also its resolution 45/155 of 18 December 1990, in which it decided that one of the objectives of the World Conference on Human Rights to be held in 1993 would be to examine the relation between development and the enjoyment of economic, social and cultural rights as well as civil and political rights, recognizing the importance of creating the conditions whereby everyone may enjoy those rights,

Taking into account the final documents of the Tenth Conference of Heads of State or Government of Non-Aligned Countries, held at Jakarta from 1 to 6 September 1992 (see A/47/675-S/24816, annex),

Reiterating that the right to development is an inalienable human right and that equality of development opportunities is a prerogative both of nations and of individuals within nations,

Expressing its particular concern about the progressive worsening of living conditions in the developing world and the negative impact thereof on the full enjoyment of human rights, and especially about the very serious economic situation of the African continent and the disastrous effects of the heavy burden of the external debt for the peoples of Africa, Asia and Latin America,

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[55] See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1992, Supplement No. 2* (E/1992/22), chap. II, sect. A, resolution 1992/72.

[56] E/CN.4/1988/22 and Add.1 and 2, E/CN.4/1989/25, E/CN.4/1990/22 and Corr.1 and Add.1, E/CN.4/1991/36 and E/CN.4/1992/30 and Corr.1 and Add.1.

Reiterating its profound conviction that all human rights and fundamental freedoms are indivisible and interdependent and that equal attention and urgent consideration should be given to the implementation, promotion and protection of civil and political rights and of economic, social and cultural rights,

Deeply convinced that today more than ever, economic and social development and human rights are complementary elements leading to the same goal, that is, the maintenance of peace and justice among nations as the foundation for the ideals of freedom and well-being to which mankind aspires,

Reiterating that cooperation among all nations on the basis of respect for the independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity of each State, including the right of every people to choose freely its own socio-economic and political system, is essential for the promotion of peace and development,

Convinced that the primary aim of such international cooperation must be the achievement by all human beings of a life of freedom and dignity and freedom from want,

Considering that the efforts of the developing countries for their own development should be supported by an increased flow of resources and by the adoption of appropriate and substantive measures for creating an external environment conducive to such development,

1. *Reiterates its request* that the Commission on Human Rights should continue its current work on overall analysis with a view to further promoting and strengthening human rights and fundamental freedoms, including the question of the programme and working methods of the Commission, and on the overall analysis of the alternative approaches and ways and means for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms in accordance with the provisions and ideas set forth in General Assembly resolution 32/130;

2. *Affirms* that a primary aim of international cooperation in the field of human rights is a life of freedom, dignity and peace for all peoples and for every human being, that all human rights and fundamental freedoms are indivisible and interrelated and that the promotion and protection of one category of rights should never exempt or excuse States from promoting and protecting the others;

3. *Reaffirms* that equal attention and urgent consideration should be given to the implementation, promotion and protection of civil and political rights and of economic, social and cultural rights;

4. *Reiterates once again* that the international community should accord, or continue to accord, priority to the search for solutions to mass and flagrant violations of human rights of peoples and individuals affected by situations such as those mentioned in paragraph 1 (*e*) of General Assembly resolution 32/130, paying due attention also to other situations of violations of human rights;

5. *Considers* that the issues mentioned in paragraph 4 above should be approached with due attention in the preparatory work for the World Conference on Human Rights so as to evaluate during the Conference the obstacles to achieving progress in the field of human rights;

6. *Reaffirms* that the right to development is an inalienable human right;

7. *Reaffirms also* that international peace and security are essential elements for achieving full realization of the right to development;

8. *Recognizes* that all human rights and fundamental freedoms are indivisible and interdependent;

9. *Considers it necessary* for all Member States to promote international cooperation on the basis of respect for the independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity of each State, including the right of every people to choose freely its own socio-economic and political system, with a view to solving international economic, social and humanitarian problems;

10. *Urges* all States to cooperate with the Commission on Human Rights in the promotion and protection of human rights and fundamental freedoms;

11. *Reaffirms once again* that, in order to facilitate the full enjoyment of all human rights without diminishing personal dignity, it is necessary to promote the rights to education, work, health and proper nourishment through the adoption of measures at the national level, including those that provide for the right of workers to participate in management, as well as the adoption of measures at the international level, entailing a restructuring of existing international economic relations;

12. *Decides* that the approaches to future work within the United Nations system on human rights matters should take into account the content of the Declaration on the Right to Development and the need for the implementation thereof;

13. *Decides* to consider this question at its forty-eighth session.

Draft resolution XVII

ENHANCING THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE PRINCIPLE OF PERIODIC AND GENUINE ELECTIONS

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 44/146 of 15 December 1989, 45/150 of 18 December 1990, and especially 46/137 of 17 December 1991, as well as the annex to Commission on Human Rights resolution 1989/51 of 7 March 1989,[7]

Having considered the report of the Secretary-General (A/47/668 and Corr.1),

Acknowledging the proposed guidelines on electoral assistance prepared by the Secretariat (see A/47/668/Add.1),

Noting the increase in requests for electoral assistance by Member States,

1. *Takes note with appreciation* of the report of the Secretary-General;

2. *Welcomes* the decision of the Secretary-General (see A/47/668 and Corr.1, sect. II. A) to designate a focal point for electoral verification and electoral assistance;

3. *Takes note* of the decision of the Secretary-General (ibid.) to establish the Electoral Assistance Unit within the Secretariat;

4. *Commends* the electoral assistance provided to Member States at their request by the Organization, requests that such assistance continue on a case-by-case basis in accordance with the proposed guidelines on electoral assistance, recognizing that the fundamental responsibility

for ensuring free and fair elections lies with Governments, and also requests the Electoral Assistance Unit to inform Member States on a regular basis about the requests received, the responses given to those requests and the nature of the assistance provided;

5. *Welcomes* the establishment by the Secretary-General of the United Nations Trust Fund for Electoral Observation and the establishment by the Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme of a separate fund, the Trust Fund for Technical Assistance to Electoral Processes, and calls upon Member States to consider contributing to the Funds;

6. *Stresses the importance* of coordination by the focal point within the United Nations system, commends the Centre for Human Rights of the Secretariat for the advisory services and technical assistance it provides and the Department of Economic and Social Development of the Secretariat and the United Nations Development Programme for the technical assistance they are providing to requesting Member States, and requests the focal point to continue to collaborate closely with the Centre for Human Rights as well as with the Department of Economic and Social Development and the United Nations Development Programme and inform them of requests presented in the area of electoral assistance;

7. *Requests* the Secretary-General to provide the Electoral Assistance Unit with adequate human and financial resources, under the regular budget of the Organization and within existing resources, to allow it to carry out its regular mandate;

8. *Also requests* the Secretary-General to reinforce the Centre for Human Rights through the redeployment of resources and personnel in order to enable it to answer, in close coordination with the Electoral Assistance Unit, the increasing number of requests from Member States for advisory services in the area of electoral assistance;

9. *Recommends* that the proposed guidelines on electoral assistance be considered as provisional, and requests the Secretary-General to evaluate the guidelines in the light of experience over the next two years;

10. *Requests* the Secretary-General to report to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session on the implementation of resolution 46/137 and the present resolution, in particular on the status of requests from Member States for electoral assistance and verification, and on the validity of the guidelines in the light of experience;

11. *Decides* that the question of enhancing the effectiveness of the principle of periodic and genuine elections shall be biennialized as of the forty-ninth session of the General Assembly.

Draft resolution XVIII

SITUATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS IN CUBA

The General Assembly,

Reaffirming that all Member States have an obligation to promote and protect human rights and fundamental freedoms as stated in the Charter of the United Nations and elaborated in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights[1] and the International Covenants on Human Rights[2] and other applicable human rights instruments,

Reaffirming that all Member States have an obligation to fulfil the commitments they have freely undertaken under the various international instruments,

Taking particular note of Commission on Human Rights resolution 1992/61 of 3 March 1992,[15] in which the Commission recognized with deep appreciation the efforts of the then Special Representative of the Secretary-General on Cuba,

Noting the appointment of the Special Rapporteur of the Commission on Human Rights on Cuba,

Noting as well concern about ongoing reports of serious violations of human rights in Cuba, as outlined in the interim report on the situation of human rights in Cuba (A/47/625 and Corr.1, annex) presented to the General Assembly by the Special Rapporteur,

Recalling the failure of the Government of Cuba to cooperate with the Commission on Human Rights with regard to its resolution 1991/68 of 6 March 1991[32] by refusing to permit the Special Representative to visit Cuba, and noting its response, as cited in appendix I of the annex to the interim report of the Special Rapporteur, in which it expresses its decision not to "implement so much as a single comma of resolution 1992/61",

1. *Commends* the Special Rapporteur of the Commission on Human Rights for his interim report on the situation of human rights in Cuba (ibid.);

2. *Expresses its full support* for the work of the Special Rapporteur;

3. *Calls upon* the Government of Cuba to cooperate fully with the Special Rapporteur by permitting him full and free access so that he may establish contact with the Government and the citizens of Cuba in order to fulfil the mandate entrusted to him;

4. *Regrets profoundly* the numerous uncontested reports of violations of basic human rights and fundamental freedoms that are described in the report of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General[57] and in the interim report of the Special Rapporteur;

5. *Calls upon* the Government of Cuba to adopt measures proposed by the Special Rapporteur to cease the persecution and punishment of citizens for reasons related to freedom of expression and peaceful association, to permit legalization of independent groups, to respect guarantees of due process, to permit access to the prisons by national independent groups and international humanitarian agencies, to review sentences for crimes of a political nature and to cease retaliatory measures towards those seeking permission to leave the country;

6. *Decides* to continue its consideration of this question at its forty-eighth session.

Draft resolution XIX

SITUATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS AND FUNDAMENTAL FREEDOMS IN EL SALVADOR

The General Assembly,

Guided by the principles embodied in the Charter of the United Nations, the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,[1] the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights[2] and the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights,[2]

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[57] E/CN.4/1992/27.

Convinced that the Peace Agreement reached on 16 January 1992 at Chapultepec, Mexico,[58] between the Government of El Salvador and the Frente Farabundo Martí para la Liberación Nacional reflects the country's profound aspiration for peace and justice, and that scrupulous compliance with the Agreement will not only permit an end to the armed conflict through political means but also lay the bases for major political, legal, economic and social changes, which must involve all sectors of the country in the establishment of a democratic and united society,

Bearing in mind that the Secretary-General, pursuant to Commission on Human Rights resolution 1992/62 of 3 March 1992,[15] appointed an independent expert to provide assistance in human rights matters to the Government of El Salvador, consider the human rights situation in the country and the effects of the implementation of the Peace Agreement on the effective enjoyment of human rights and investigate the manner in which both parties are applying the recommendations contained in the final report of the Special Representative[59] and those made by the United Nations Observer Mission in El Salvador and the commissions established during the negotiating process,

Taking into account the provisional report prepared by the Independent Expert (A/47/596, annex), as well as the other reports submitted by the Secretary-General and the United Nations Observer Mission in El Salvador,

Noting with satisfaction that despite the delays and difficulties that have arisen in the process of implementing the Peace Agreement, both parties have scrupulously observed the cease-fire and, through the mediation of the Secretary-General and his representatives, have adopted agreements which, if implemented within the new time-limits, will lead to the final cessation of the armed conflict on 15 December 1992,[60]

Taking into account that after 15 December 1992 the parties will have to fulfil, on the agreed dates, a number of commitments made in the Peace Agreement which are necessary for the reunification of Salvadorian society, the stability of the country and the effective enjoyment of human rights,

Bearing in mind that the overall process of implementation of the Peace Agreement requires supervision by the United Nations Observer Mission in El Salvador in order to help ensure the scrupulous fulfilment of commitments in accordance with the agreed timetable,

Considering that the Governments of Colombia, Mexico, Spain and Venezuela, which make up the Group of Friends of the Secretary-General, as well as the Government of the United States of America, reiterated on 12 November 1992 their determination to continue to support the work of the Secretary-General until the full and comprehensive implementation of the Peace Agreement is achieved in El Salvador,

Aware that the international community must follow closely and continue to support all efforts to consolidate peace, ensure respect for human rights and undertake the reconstruction of El Salvador,

Bearing in mind that the creation of the Office of the National Counsel for the Defence of Human Rights and of the National Civil Police, as well as the reform of the judicial system, are necessary for putting in place a sound structure for the effective protection of human rights, and that these measures have not proceeded as stipulated in the Peace Agreement,

Considering that a commitment was made to implement the recommendations of the Ad Hoc Commission, the Commission on the Truth and the Human Rights Division of the United Nations Observer Mission in El Salvador,

Observing that the cessation of the armed conflict has itself eliminated an important source of violations of human dignity, but has not been sufficient to prevent the persistence of human rights violations, which, unless punished and eliminated as soon as possible, could cause a recurrence of situations of increased human rights violations since the resources available to civil society with which to combat them are still weak,

1. *Commends* the Independent Expert for his report (A/47/596, annex) and the members of the Ad Hoc Commission, the Commission on the Truth and the United Nations Observer Mission in El Salvador for their work in favour of human rights and the consolidation of peace in El Salvador;

2. *Expresses its satisfaction* at the steps taken to implement the vital Peace Agreement reached on 16 January 1992 by the Government of El Salvador and the Frente Farabundo Martí para la Liberación Nacional and at the flexibility shown by both parties in overcoming obstacles and differences and in maintaining the close linkage between the implementation of the various commitments assumed by them, in order to ensure the full and scrupulous implementation of the Agreement;

3. *Welcomes* the fact that the Government of El Salvador and the Frente Farabundo Martí para la Liberación Nacional, on the proposal of the Secretary-General, have agreed to implement the Peace Agreement which will permit the holding, on 15 December 1992,[60] of a national reconciliation ceremony, which should put a final end to the armed conflict, and to step up their commitment to fulfil the remaining agreements in order to guarantee the consolidation of peace;

4. *Urges* the Government of El Salvador and the Frente Farabundo Martí para la Liberación Nacional to fulfil scrupulously all their commitments within the agreed time-limits and, with a heightened sense of responsibility and in a spirit of *détente* and reconciliation, to ensure that as of 15 December 1992 normal living conditions prevail throughout the country, especially in the zones most affected by the armed conflict;

5. *Also urges* all sectors of Salvadorian society to show moderation and act constructively in order to dispel the animosities aroused by the armed conflict and to support the mandate which the President of El Salvador has to carry out in order to achieve the goals of peace, national reconciliation and democratization, in accordance with the Peace Agreement;

6. *Expresses its gratitude* for the effective and timely mediation of the Secretary-General and his representatives, and extends to them its support so that they can continue to take all necessary steps to contribute to the successful implementation of the Peace Agreement;

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[58] A/46/864, annex.

[59] E/CN.4/1992/32.

[60] At its 58th meeting, on 4 December 1992, the Third Committee adopted draft resolution A/C.3/47/L.57, entitled "Situation of human rights and fundamental freedoms in El Salvador", and submitted it to the General Assembly for adoption in its report (A/47/678/Add.2) dated 11 December 1992.

7. *Welcomes* the fact that the Governments which make up the Group of Friends of the Secretary-General and the Government of the United States of America will continue to support the work of the Secretary-General until the full and comprehensive implementation of the Peace Agreement, which reflects the determination and the desire of the Salvadorian people to live in peace, democracy and prosperity;

8. *Encourages* the Government of El Salvador and the Frente Farabundo Martí para la Liberación Nacional to implement the recommendations of the Ad Hoc Commission, the United Nations Observer Mission in El Salvador and, in due course, the Commission on the Truth;

9. *Endorses* all the recommendations made by the Independent Expert in his report, especially those aimed at strengthening the Office of the National Counsel for the Defence of Human Rights, setting up and developing the National Civil Police in accordance with the model resulting from the Peace Agreement and carrying out the agreed reform of the judicial system;

10. *Reiterates its appeal* to all States to contribute to the consolidation of peace in El Salvador by supporting full compliance with the Peace Agreement and generously financing its implementation and the implementation of the National Reconstruction Plan;

11. *Decides* to keep the situation of human rights in El Salvador under consideration during its forty-eighth session, in the light of the course of events in the country.

Draft resolution XX

SITUATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS IN AFGHANISTAN

The General Assembly,

Guided by the principles embodied in the Charter of the United Nations, the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,[1] the International Covenants on Human Rights[2] and accepted humanitarian rules, as set out in the Geneva Conventions of 12 August 1949[30] and the Additional Protocols thereto, of 1977,[31]

Aware of its responsibility to promote and encourage respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms for all and resolved to remain vigilant with regard to violations of human rights wherever they occur,

Reaffirming that all Member States have an obligation to promote and protect human rights and fundamental freedoms and to fulfil the obligations they have freely undertaken under the various international instruments,

Recalling Economic and Social Council resolution 1984/37 of 24 May 1984, in which the Council requested the Chairman of the Commission on Human Rights to appoint a special rapporteur to examine the situation of human rights in Afghanistan, with a view to formulating proposals that could contribute to ensuring full protection of the human rights of the inhabitants of the country before, during and after the withdrawal of all foreign forces,

Recalling also its resolution 46/136 of 17 December 1991 and all its other relevant resolutions, as well as the resolutions of the Commission on Human Rights and the decisions of the Economic and Social Council,

Taking note in particular of Commission on Human Rights resolution 1992/68 of 4 March 1992,[15] in which the Commission decided to extend the mandate of the Special Rapporteur for one year and to request him to report to the General Assembly at its forty-seventh session on the situation of human rights in Afghanistan, and of Economic and Social Council decision 1992/240 of 20 July 1992, in which the Council approved the decision of the Commission,

Noting that, following the demise of the former Afghan Government, a transitional Islamic State of Afghanistan was established on the basis of the Peshawar Accord concluded by resistance parties on 24 April 1992 (A/47/656, annex, appendix I),

Noting with deep concern that in spite of the efforts and initiatives taken by the Government of Afghanistan towards ensuring complete peace and stability, a situation of armed confrontation, which is affecting mainly the civilian population, continues to exist in parts of the territory of Afghanistan, and in particular in Kabul, and much remains to be done for the treatment of prisoners in conformity with the provisions of the Geneva Conventions of 12 August 1949, and the Additional Protocols thereto, of 1977,

Concerned that the prevailing uncertainty in the country over political and legal order may affect the situation of members of ethnic and religious minorities,

Noting with concern reports of violations of rights enshrined in the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, such as the right to life, liberty, personal security and freedom of opinion, expression and association,

Concerned that neither the International Committee of the Red Cross nor the Special Rapporteur was able to visit prisoners who were associated with the former Government,

Welcoming the fact that over one million refugees have returned to Afghanistan since April 1992, and hoping that conditions in Afghanistan will allow those still in exile to return as soon as possible,

Aware that peace and security in Afghanistan are prerequisites for the succesful repatriation of more than four million refugees, in particular the achievement of a comprehensive political solution and the establishment of a freely and democratically elected government, the end of armed confrontation in Kabul and in some provinces, the clearance of the minefields that have been laid in many parts of the country, the restoration of an effective authority in the whole country and the reconstruction of the economy,

Welcoming the declaration of general amnesty issued by the Islamic State of Afghanistan, which should be applied in a strictly non-discriminatory manner,

Commending the activity carried out by the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees and the International Committee of the Red Cross in cooperation with the Afghan authorities, as well as non-governmental organizations, in favour of the people of Afghanistan,

Taking note with appreciation of the report of the Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights in Afghanistan (A/47/656, annex) and of the conclusions and recommendations contained therein,

1. *Welcomes* the cooperation that authorities in Afghanistan have extended to the Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights in Afghanistan, in view of the circumstances prevailing in the country;

2. *Also welcomes* the cooperation that the authorities in Afghanistan have extended, in particular to the Coordinator for Humanitarian and Economic Assistance Programmes

Relating to Afghanistan and to international organizations, such as the specialized agencies, the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees and the International Committee of the Red Cross;

3. *Urges* all the Afghan parties to increase their efforts in order to achieve a comprehensive political solution, which is the only way to bring about peace and the full restoration of human rights in Afghanistan, based on the free exercise of the right to self-determination by the people, including free and fair elections, the cessation of armed confrontation and the creation of conditions that will permit the free return, as soon as possible, of the more than four million refugees to their homeland in safety and dignity, whenever they wish, and the full enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms by all Afghans;

4. *Recognizes* that the promotion and protection of human rights should be an essential element in the achievement of a comprehensive solution to the crisis in Afghanistan, and calls upon all Afghan parties to respect human rights;

5. *Urges* all the Afghan parties to respect accepted humanitarian rules as set out in the Geneva Conventions of 12 August 1949 and the Additional Protocols thereto, of 1977, to halt the use of weapons against the civilian population, to protect all prisoners from acts of reprisal and violence, including ill-treatment, torture and summary executions, to transmit to the International Committee of the Red Cross the names of all prisoners, to expedite the exchange of prisoners wherever they may be held and to grant to the Committee unrestricted access to all parts of the country and the right to visit all prisoners in accordance with its established criteria;

6. *Calls upon* all States and parties concerned to make all efforts for the realization of its decision 47/428 of 16 December 1992 entitled "Prisoners of war and persons missing as a result of war in Afghanistan", and calls upon them to make all efforts for the release, as soon as possible, of all prisoners of war as provided for under article 118 of the Geneva Convention relative to the Treatment of Prisoners of War, of 12 August 1949,[61] considering that the hostilities in which the former Soviet Union was involved have legally and effectively ended;

7. *Requests* that the International Committee of the Red Cross be given full access to all prisoners by the warring factions;

8. *Calls upon* the authorities in Afghanistan to investigate thoroughly the fate of those persons who have disappeared, to apply amnesty decrees equally to all detainees, to reduce the period during which prisoners await trial, to treat all prisoners, especially those awaiting trial or those in custody in juvenile rehabilitation centres, in accordance with the Standard Minimum Rules for the Treatment of Prisoners,[48] adopted by the First United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders, and to apply to all suspected/convicted persons article 14, paragraphs 3 (*d*) and 5 to 7 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights;[2]

9. *Expresses its concern* at reports that the living conditions of refugees, especially those of women and children, are becoming increasingly difficult because of the decline in international humanitarian assistance;

10. *Urgently appeals* to all Member States, humanitarian organizations and all parties concerned to cooperate fully, especially on the subject of mine detection and clearance, in order to facilitate the return of refugees and displaced persons to their homes in safety and dignity;

11. *Also urgently appeals* to all Member States and humanitarian organizations to continue to promote the implementation of the projects envisaged by the Coordinator for Humanitarian and Economic Assistance Programmes Relating to Afghanistan and the programmes of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, especially the pilot projects for the repatriation of refugees;

12. *Urges* all Afghan parties to undertake all necessary measures to ensure the safety of the personnel of humanitarian organizations involved in the implementation of the United Nations humanitarian and economic assistance programmes relating to Afghanistan and the programmes of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees;

13. *Urges* the authorities in Afghanistan to extend their full cooperation to the Commission on Human Rights and its Special Rapporteur;

14. *Requests* the Secretary-General to give all necessary assistance to the Special Rapporteur;

15. *Decides* to keep under consideration, during its forty-eighth session, the situation of human rights in Afghanistan in the light of additional elements provided by the Commission on Human Rights and the Economic and Social Council.

Draft resolution XXI

THE SITUATION IN THE SUDAN

The General Assembly,

Guided by the principles embodied in the Charter of the United Nations, the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,[1] the International Covenants on Human Rights,[2] and the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination,[11]

Reaffirming that all Member States have an obligation to promote and protect human rights and fundamental freedoms and to comply with the obligations laid down in the various instruments in this field,

Taking note of resolution AHG/Res.213 (XXVIII) on the strengthening of cooperation and coordination among African States, adopted by the Assembly of Heads of State and Government of the Organization of African Unity at its twenty-eighth ordinary session, held at Dakar from 29 June to 1 July 1992 (see A/47/558, annex II), and recalling declaration AHG/Decl.1 (XXVI) adopted at the twenty-sixth ordinary session, held at Addis Ababa from 9 to 11 July 1990,[62]

Noting with deep concern reports of grave human rights violations in the Sudan, particularly summary executions, detentions without trial, forced displacement of persons and torture, described in part in the reports submitted to the Commission on Human Rights at its forty-eighth session by the Special Rapporteurs on the question of torture and on extrajudicial, summary or arbitrary executions,[63]

Noting the announcement by the Government of the Sudan of its intention to constitute an independent judicial inquiry commission to investigate the killings of Sudanese nationals employed by foreign government relief organizations,

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[61] United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 75, No. 972.

[62] See A/45/482, annex II.

[63] E/CN.4/1992/17 and E/CN.4/1992/30 and Corr.1.

Deeply concerned that access by the civilian population to humanitarian assistance is being impeded, which poses a threat to human life and an offence to human dignity,

Alarmed by the large number of internally displaced persons and victims of discrimination in the Sudan, including members of minorities who have been forcibly displaced in violation of their human rights and who are in need of relief assistance and of protection,

Alarmed also by the mass exodus of refugees into neighbouring countries, and conscious of the burden that this places on those countries, but expressing its appreciation for the continuing efforts to assist them, thereby easing the burden on host countries,

Emphasizing that it is essential to put an end to the serious deterioration of the human rights situation in the Sudan,

Welcoming the efforts of the United Nations and other humanitarian organizations to provide humanitarian relief to those Sudanese in need,

1. *Expresses its deep concern* at the serious human rights violations in the Sudan, including summary executions, detentions without due process, forced displacement of persons and torture;

2. *Urges* the Government of the Sudan to respect fully human rights, and calls upon all parties to cooperate in order to ensure such respect;

3. *Calls upon* the Government of the Sudan to comply with applicable international human rights instruments, in particular the International Covenants on Human Rights and the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination, to which the Sudan is a party, and to ensure that all individuals in its territory and subject to its jurisdiction, including members of all religious and ethnic groups, enjoy the rights recognized in those instruments;

4. *Calls upon* all parties to the hostilities to respect fully the applicable provisions of international humanitarian law including article 3 common to the Geneva Conventions of 12 August 1949,[30] and the Additional Protocols thereto, of 1977,[31] to halt the use of weapons against the civilian population and to protect all civilians from violations, including arbitrary detention, ill-treatment, torture and summary execution;

5. *Expresses its appreciation* to the humanitarian organizations for their work in helping displaced persons and drought and conflict victims in the Sudan, and calls upon all parties to protect humanitarian relief workers;

6. *Calls upon* the Special Rapporteur on Summary or Arbitrary Executions to address the killing of Sudanese nationals employed by foreign government relief organizations;

7. *Calls upon* the Government of the Sudan to ensure a full, thorough and prompt investigation of the killings of Sudanese nationals employed by foreign government relief organizations by the independent judicial inquiry commission, to bring to justice those responsible for the killings and to provide just compensation to the families of the victims;

8. *Calls upon* all parties to permit international agencies, humanitarian organizations and donor Governments to deliver humanitarian assistance to the civilian population and to cooperate with the recent initiatives of the Department of Humanitarian Affairs of the Secretariat to deliver humanitarian assistance to all persons in need;

9. *Recommends* that the serious human rights situation in the Sudan be monitored, and invites the Commission on Human Rights at its forty-ninth session to give urgent attention to the situation of human rights in the Sudan;

10. *Decides* to continue its consideration of this question at its forty-eighth session.

Draft resolution XXII

HUMAN RIGHTS IN HAITI

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 46/7 of 11 October 1991 and 46/138 of 17 December 1991,

Guided by the principles embodied in the Charter of the United Nations, the Universal Declaration of Human Rights[1] and the International Covenants on Human Rights,[2]

Aware of its responsibility for the promotion and encouragement of respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms for all, and resolved to keep a close watch on human rights violations wherever they may occur,

Reaffirming that all Member States are required to promote and protect human rights and to comply with the obligations laid down in the various instruments in this field,

Taking note of Commission on Human Rights resolution 1992/77 of 5 March 1992[15] in which the Commission decided to appoint a special rapporteur with a mandate to prepare a report on the situation of human rights in Haiti based on the information which the special rapporteur deemed relevant, especially information supplied by the Organization of American States, with a view to submitting an interim report to the General Assembly at its forty-seventh session and a report to the Commission on Human Rights at its forty-ninth session,

Deeply concerned about the grave events occurring in Haiti since 29 September 1991, which abruptly and violently interrupted the democratic process in that country and have resulted in the loss of human lives and the violation of human rights,

Concerned also at the mass exodus of Haitian nationals from the country because of the deteriorating political and economic situation since 29 September 1991,

Deeply alarmed by the persistence and worsening of serious violations of human rights, in particular summary and arbitrary executions, forced disappearances, torture and rape, arbitrary arrests and detentions and denial of freedom of expression, assembly and association,

Welcoming the measures taken by the Secretary-General of the United Nations to express support for the Organization of American States, in particular through the participation of his Personal Representative in the mission of the Secretary-General of the Organization of American States that visited Haiti from 18 to 21 August 1992,

1. *Commends* the Special Rapporteur of the Commission on Human Rights, Mr. Marco Tulio Bruni Celli, for his

report on the situation of human rights in Haiti (A/47/621, annex) and supports the recommendations contained therein;

2. *Once again condemns* the overthrow of the constitutionally elected President, Mr. Jean-Bertrand Aristide, the use of violence and military coercion and the subsequent deterioration of the situation of human rights in Haiti;

3. *Expresses its deep concern* about the substantial worsening of the human rights situation in Haiti during the year 1992 and the resulting increase in violations of the human rights embodied in the International Covenant of Civil and Political Rights,[2] the International Covenant of Economic, Social and Cultural Rights,[2] the American Convention on Human Rights: "Pact of San José, Costa Rica"[64] and other international human rights instruments;

4. *Condemns* the recurrence of the flagrant human rights violations committed under the illegal government that took power following the coup of 29 September 1991, in particular summary executions, arbitrary arrests and detentions, torture, searches without warrant, rape, restrictions on freedom of movement, expression, assembly and association and the repression of popular demonstrations calling for the return of President Jean-Bertrand Aristide;

5. *Calls the attention* of the international community to the fate of the Haitian nationals who are fleeing the country not only, as pointed out by the Special Rapporteur in his report, because of the serious deterioration in economic and social conditions, but also because of indiscriminate political persecution and repression;

6. *Expresses its appreciation* to the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees for the work it is doing in favour of the Haitian nationals fleeing the country and invites Member States to continue to give financial and material support to its efforts;

7. *Calls upon* the States Members of the United Nations and of other international organizations to increase their humanitarian assistance to the people of Haiti, to support all efforts to resolve the problems of displaced persons and to encourage the strengthening of institutional coordination among the specialized agencies and between the United Nations and the Organization of American States;

8. *Decides* to keep the situation of human rights and fundamental freedoms in Haiti under review during its forty-eighth session and to consider it further in the light of the information supplied by the Commission on Human Rights and the Economic and Social Council.

Draft resolution XXIII

SITUATION IN MYANMAR

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 46/132 of 17 December 1991,

Reaffirming that all Member States have an obligation to promote and protect human rights and fundamental freedoms as stated in the Charter of the United Nations and elaborated in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,[1] the International Covenants on Human Rights[2] and other applicable human rights instruments,

Aware that, in accordance with the Charter, the Organization promotes and encourages respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms for all and that article 21, paragraph 3, of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights states that "the will of the people shall be the basis of the authority of government",

Taking note of Commission on Human Rights resolution 1992/58 of 3 March 1992,[15] in which the Commission, *inter alia*, decided to nominate a special rapporteur to establish direct contacts with the Government and with the people of Myanmar, including political leaders deprived of their liberty, their families and lawyers, with a view to examining the situation of human rights in Myanmar and following any progress made towards the transfer of power to a civilian government and the drafting of a new constitution, the lifting of restrictions on personal freedoms and the restoration of human rights in Myanmar, and to report to the General Assembly at its forty-seventh session and to the Commission at its forty-ninth session,

Noting the measures taken by the Government of Myanmar, including its accession to the Geneva Conventions of 12 August 1949[30] for the protection of victims of war, the release of a number of political prisoners, the lifting of the curfew, the revocation of certain martial laws and the re-opening of the universities, in response to the concerns expressed by the international community, including the General Assembly and the Commission on Human Rights,

Gravely concerned that the Government of Myanmar still has not implemented its commitments to take all necessary steps towards democracy in the light of the results of the elections held in 1990,

Gravely concerned also at the continued seriousness of the situation of human rights in Myanmar, including reports of torture and arbitrary execution, continued detention of a large number of persons for political reasons, the existence of important restrictions on the exercise of fundamental freedoms and the imposition of oppressive measures directed in particular at ethnic and religious minorities,

Noting that the human rights situation in Myanmar has consequently resulted in massive flows of refugees to neighbouring countries,

Deeply concerned at the continuing problem of large numbers of refugees from Myanmar in neighbouring countries, including the almost 265,000 Myanmar Rohingya refugees in Bangladesh,

1. *Expresses its appreciation* to the Special Rapporteur of the Commission on Human Rights for his preliminary report (A/47/651, annex) and the recommendations contained therein;

2. *Calls upon* the Government of Myanmar to extend its full and unreserved cooperation to the Special Rapporteur and to ensure that he has free access to any person in Myanmar whom he deems it appropriate to meet for the conduct of his mandate;

3. *Expresses its grave concern* about the continued seriousness of the human rights situation in Myanmar;

4. *Urges* the Government of Myanmar to take all necessary steps towards the restoration of democracy, fully respecting the will of the people as expressed in the democratic elections held in 1990;

5. *Also urges* the Government of Myanmar to take every appropriate measure to allow all citizens to participate freely in the political process in accordance with the principles of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and to accelerate the process of transition to democracy, in

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[64] United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 1144, No. 17955.

particular through the transfer of power to the democratically elected representatives;

6. *Further urges* the Government of Myanmar to ensure full respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms and the protection of the rights of persons belonging to ethnic and religious minorities;

7. *Notes* the release of a number of political leaders from detention;

8. *Deeply regrets*, however, that many political leaders are still deprived of their freedom and their fundamental rights;

9. *Calls upon* the Government of Myanmar to release unconditionally the Nobel Peace Laureate Aung San Suu Kyi, who is now in her fourth year of detention without trial, and other political leaders and remaining political prisoners;

10. *Also calls upon* the Government of Myanmar to respect fully the obligations under the Geneva Conventions of 12 August 1949, in particular the obligations under article 3 common to the Conventions, and to make use of such services as may be offered by impartial humanitarian bodies;

11. *Requests* the Government of Myanmar to invite the presence of the International Committee of the Red Cross in Myanmar in order for it to carry out its humanitarian tasks;

12. *Calls upon* the Government of Myanmar to create the necessary conditions to ensure an end to the flows of refugees to neighbouring countries and to facilitate their speedy repatriation and to cooperate fully with the relevant United Nations organs on this matter;

13. *Decides* to continue its consideration of this question at its forty-eighth session.

Draft resolution XXIV

SITUATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS IN IRAQ

The General Assembly,

Guided by the principles embodied in the Charter of the United Nations, the Universal Declaration of Human Rights[1] and the International Covenants on Human Rights,[2]

Reaffirming that all Member States have an obligation to promote and protect human rights and fundamental freedoms and to fulfil the obligations they have undertaken under the various international instruments in this field,

Mindful that Iraq is a party to the International Covenants on Human Rights and to other human rights instruments,

Recalling its resolution 46/134 of 17 December 1991, in which it expressed its deep concern about the flagrant violations of human rights by the Government of Iraq,

Recalling also Security Council resolution 688 (1991) of 5 April 1991, in which the Council demanded an end to the repression of the Iraqi civilian population and insisted that Iraq should cooperate with humanitarian organizations and ensure that the human and political rights of all Iraqi citizens were respected,

Recalling in particular Commission on Human Rights resolution 1991/74 of 6 March 1991,[32] in which the Commission requested its Chairman to appoint a Special Rapporteur to make a thorough study of the violations of human rights by the Government of Iraq, based on all information the Special Rapporteur might deem relevant, including information provided by intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations and any comments and material provided by the Government of Iraq,

Bearing in mind the pertinent resolutions of the Commission on Human Rights condemning the flagrant violations of human rights by the Government of Iraq, including its most recent, resolution 1992/71 of 5 March 1992,[15] in which the Commission decided to extend the mandate of the Special Rapporteur for a further year and requested him in pursuing his mandate to visit again the northern area of Iraq in particular, and to submit an interim report to the General Assembly at its forty-seventh session and a final report to the Commission at its forty-ninth session,

Recalling Security Council resolutions 706 (1991) of 15 August 1991, 712 (1991) of 19 September 1991 and 778 (1992) of 2 October 1992,

Deeply concerned by the massive and grave violations of human rights by the Government of Iraq, such as summary and arbitrary executions, torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment, enforced or involuntary disappearances, arbitrary arrests and detentions, and lack of due process and the rule of law and of freedom of thought, expression, association and access to food and health care,

Deeply concerned also by the fact that chemical weapons have been used on the Iraqi civilian population, by the forced displacement of hundreds of thousands of Iraqi civilians and by the destruction of Iraqi towns and villages, as well as by the fact that tens of thousands of displaced Kurds had to take refuge in camps and shelters in the north of Iraq,

Deeply concerned further by the current severe and grave violations of human rights by the Government of Iraq against the civilian population in southern Iraq, in particular the Shiah communities in the southern marshes,

Expressing concern in particular that there has been no improvement in the human rights situation in Iraq, and welcoming, therefore, the proposal of the Special Rapporteur for the deployment of a team of human rights monitors in Iraq (see A/47/367, sect. III),

Noting that despite the formal cooperation extended to the Special Rapporteur, the Government of Iraq needs to improve that cooperation, in particular by giving full replies to the inquiries of the Special Rapporteur about acts it is committing that are incompatible with the international human rights instruments that are binding on Iraq,

1. *Takes note with appreciation* of the interim report on the situation of human rights in Iraq submitted by the Special Rapporteur of the Commission on Human Rights (A/47/367 and Add.1) and the observations, conclusions and recommendations contained therein;

2. *Expresses its strong condemnation* of the massive violations of human rights of the gravest nature, for which the Government of Iraq is responsible and to which the Special Rapporteur has referred in his recent reports, in particular:

(*a*) Summary and arbitrary executions, orchestrated mass executions and burials, extrajudicial killings, including political killings, in particular in the northern region of Iraq, in southern Shiah centres and in the southern marshes;

(*b*) The widespread routine practice of systematic torture in its most cruel forms, including the torture of children;

(*c*) Enforced or involuntary disappearances, routinely practised arbitrary arrest and detention, including of women and children, and consistent and routine failure to respect due process and the rule of law;

(*d*) Suppression of freedom of thought, expression and association, and violations of property rights;

3. *Deplores* the refusal of Iraq to cooperate in the implementation of Security Council resolutions 706 (1991) and 712 (1991) and its failure to provide the Iraqi population with access to adequate food and health care;

4. *Calls upon* the Government of Iraq to release immediately all persons arbitrarily arrested and detained, including Kuwaitis and nationals of other States;

5. *Calls once again upon* Iraq, as a State party to the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights[2] as well as to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights,[2] to abide by its freely undertaken obligations under the Covenants and under other international instruments on human rights, and particularly to respect and ensure the rights of all individuals irrespective of their origin within its territory and subject to its jurisdiction;

6. *Recognizes* the importance of the work of the United Nations in providing humanitarian relief to the people of Iraq, and calls upon Iraq immediately and fully to implement the Memorandum of Understanding between the United Nations and the Government of Iraq and to cooperate with the United Nations programmes, including ensuring the safety and security of United Nations personnel and humanitarian workers;

7. *Expresses special alarm* at the repressive policies and practices directed against the Kurds, which continue to have an impact on the lives of the Iraqi people as a whole;

8. *Also expresses special alarm* at the resurgence of grave violations of human rights against Shiah communities, especially in southern Iraq, which is the result of a policy directed against the marsh Arabs in particular;

9. *Further expresses special alarm* at all internal embargoes, which prevent the equitable enjoyment of basic foodstuffs and medical supplies, and calls upon Iraq, which has sole responsibility in this regard, to remove them;

10. *Welcomes* the proposal of the Special Rapporteur for a system of human rights monitors which would constitute an independent and reliable source of information, and invites the Commission on Human Rights to follow up this proposal at its forty-ninth session;

11. *Urges once more* the Government of Iraq to set up an independent commission of inquiry to look into the fate of tens of thousands of persons who have disappeared;

12. *Regrets* the failure of the Government of Iraq to provide satisfactory and convincing replies concerning the violations of human rights brought to the attention of the Special Rapporteur, and calls upon it to reply without delay in a comprehensive and detailed manner;

13. *Urges*, therefore, the Government of Iraq to accord its full cooperation to the Special Rapporteur to enable him to make the appropriate recommendations to improve the human rights situation in Iraq;

14. *Requests* the Secretary-General to provide the Special Rapporteur with all the assistance necessary to carry out his mandate;

15. *Decides* to continue its consideration of the situation of human rights in Iraq during its forty-eighth session under the item entitled "Human rights questions" in the light of additional elements provided by the Commission on Human Rights and the Economic and Social Council.

Draft resolution XXV

SITUATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS IN THE ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF IRAN

The General Assembly,

Guided by the principles embodied in the Charter of the United Nations, the Universal Declaration of Human Rights[1] and the International Covenants on Human Rights,[2]

Reaffirming that all Member States have an obligation to promote and protect human rights and fundamental freedoms and to fulfil the obligations they have undertaken under the various international instruments in the field,

Taking note of Commission on Human Rights resolution 1992/67 of 4 March 1992,[15]

Regretting that the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran, after having allowed the Special Representative of the Commission on Human Rights to pay three visits to that country, has discontinued its cooperation with the Special Representative,

Noting the observation of the Special Representative that international supervision of the situation of human rights in the Islamic Republic of Iran should be maintained,

Noting that the Subcommission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities, in its resolution 1992/15 of 27 August 1992,[65] condemned the continuing grave violations of human rights in the Islamic Republic of Iran,

1. *Takes note with appreciation* of the interim report of the Special Representative of the Commission on Human Rights (A/47/617, annex) and the observations contained therein;

2. *Expresses its deep concern* at continuing reports of violations of human rights in the Islamic Republic of Iran;

3. *Expresses its concern* more specifically at the main criticisms of the Special Representative of the human rights situation in the Islamic Republic of Iran, namely, the high number of executions, the practice of torture, the standard of the administration of justice, the absence of guarantees of due legal process, the treatment of the Baha'i community and restrictions of freedom of expression, thought and opinion and of the press;

4. *Expresses its grave concern* at the fact that, contrary to the earlier recommendation of the Special Representative, the application of the death penalty has been excessive;

5. *Regrets* that the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran has not permitted the Special Representative to visit the country and failed to reply to allegations of human rights violations transmitted to it by the Special Representative in time for the reply to be reflected in the interim report;

6. *Regrets also* that, as the Special Representative concluded, the Islamic Republic of Iran has not given adequate follow-up to many of the recommendations contained in the previous reports;

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[65] See E/CN.4/1993/2-E/CN.4/Sub.2/1992/58, chap. I, sect. C.

7. *Calls upon* the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran to intensify its efforts to investigate and rectify the human rights issues raised by the Special Representative in his observations, in particular as regards the administration of justice and due process of law;

8. *Also calls upon* the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran to comply with international instruments on human rights, in particular the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights,[2] to which the Islamic Republic of Iran is a party, and to ensure that all individuals within its territory and subject to its jurisdiction, including religious groups, enjoy the rights recognized in these instruments;

9. *Endorses* the view of the Special Representative that the international monitoring of the human rights situation in the Islamic Republic of Iran should be continued;

10. *Encourages* the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran to resume cooperation with the Special Representative;

11. *Requests* the Secretary-General to give all necessary assistance to the Special Representative;

12. *Decides* to continue the examination of the situation of human rights in the Islamic Republic of Iran during its forty-eighth session under the item entitled "Human rights questions" in the light of additional elements provided by the Commission on Human Rights and the Economic and Social Council.

Draft resolution XXVI

SITUATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS IN THE TERRITORY OF THE FORMER YUGOSLAVIA

The General Assembly,

Guided by the principles embodied in the Charter of the United Nations, the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,[1] the International Covenants on Human Rights,[2] the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination,[11] the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide,[51] the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment,[10] and international humanitarian law, including the Geneva Conventions of 12 August 1949[30] and the Additional Protocols thereto, of 1977,[31]

Deeply concerned about the human tragedy in the territory of the former Yugoslavia, and at the continuing massive and systematic violations of human rights occurring in most of that territory, particularly in the areas of Bosnia and Herzegovina under Serbian control,

Bearing in mind Security Council resolutions 771 (1992) of 13 August 1992, 780 (1992) of 6 October 1992 and 787 (1992) of 16 November 1992, in which, *inter alia*, the Council demanded that all parties and others concerned in the former Yugoslavia should immediately cease and desist from all breaches of international humanitarian law, and pursuant to which the Secretary-General has established a Commission of Experts to examine and analyse information relating to violations of humanitarian law being committed in the territory of the former Yugoslavia,

Recalling its resolution 46/242 of 25 August 1992, in which it demanded an end to the fighting, condemned the massive violations of human rights and international humanitarian law occurring in the territory of the former Yugoslavia, in particular the abhorrent practice of "ethnic cleansing", rejected recognition of the acquisition of territory by force and demanded the safe, unconditional and honourable repatriation of refugees and deportees to their homes,

Bearing in mind its resolution 47/80 of 16 December 1992 in which it condemned unreservedly "ethnic cleansing", and reiterated its conviction that those who committed or ordered the commission of acts of "ethnic cleansing" were individually responsible and should be brought to justice,

Noting that the Commission on Human Rights, at its first special session, devoted to the consideration of the situation of human rights in the former Yugoslavia, adopted resolution 1992/S-1/1 of 14 August 1992,[42] in which it condemned in the strongest terms all violations of human rights within the territory of the former Yugoslavia, called upon all parties to cease those violations immediately and to take all necessary steps to ensure full respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms and humanitarian law and requested its Chairman to appoint a special rapporteur to investigate the human rights situation in the territory of the former Yugoslavia,

Noting with appreciation the efforts of the Special Rapporteur, as well as those of the Chairman of the Working Group on Arbitrary Detention, the Special Rapporteur on extrajudicial, summary or arbitrary executions, the Special Rapporteur on the question of torture and the Representative of the Secretary-General on internally displaced persons, who accompanied him on one or both of his missions,

Welcoming the decision by the Commission on Human Rights to meet again in special session to consider the reports of the Special Rapporteur,[66]

Encouraging the continuing efforts made in the framework of the International Conference on the Former Yugoslavia to find a peaceful solution to the situation in the former Yugoslavia, including the proposals made by the Co-Chairmen of the Steering Committee of the Conference for a constitution for the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina designed to protect human rights on the basis of fundamental human rights instruments,

Welcoming the consideration by the Human Rights Committee of the special reports from the Governments of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro), Croatia and Bosnia and Herzegovina on the human rights situation in those parts of the territory of the former Yugoslavia, with respect to their obligations under the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights,[2]

Noting with concern the comments adopted by the Human Rights Committee following consideration of those special reports at its meeting held on 6 November 1992,

Welcoming the effort by the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe to prevent further human rights violations and its missions dispatched to the territory of the former Yugoslavia, including missions of long duration to Kosovo, Vojvodina and Sandjak, where the human rights situation remains a cause of great concern,

Gravely concerned about the human rights situation in the territory of the former Yugoslavia, and in particular at the continuing, odious practice of "ethnic cleansing", which is the direct cause of the vast majority of human rights violations there and whose principal victims are the Muslim population threatened with virtual extermination,

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[66] See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1992, Supplement No. 2B* (E/1992/22/Add.2/Rev.1), chap. III.

Alarmed that, although the conflict in Bosnia and Herzegovina is not a religious conflict, it has been characterized by the systematic destruction and profanation of mosques, churches and other places of worship, as well as other sites of cultural heritage, in particular in areas currently or previously under Serbian control,

1. *Commends* the Special Rapporteur for his reports on the situation of human rights in the territory of the former Yugoslavia (A/47/418-S/24516, annex; A/47/635-S/24766, annex; and A/47/666-S/24809, annex);

2. *Expresses its grave concern* at the Special Rapporteur's detailed reports of violations of human rights and humanitarian law in Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia and the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) and at his conclusion that most of the territory of the former Yugoslavia, in particular Bosnia and Herzegovina, is the scene of massive and systematic violations of human rights and grave violations of humanitarian law;

3. *Condemns* in the strongest possible terms the abhorrent practice of "ethnic cleansing" and recognizes that the Serbian leadership in territories under its control in Bosnia and Herzegovina, the Yugoslav People's Army and the political leadership of the Republic of Serbia bear primary responsibility for this reprehensible practice, which flagrantly violates the most fundamental principles of human rights;

4. *Condemns also* the specific violations identified by the Special Rapporteur, most of which are caused by "ethnic cleansing", and which include killings, torture, beatings, rape, disappearances, destruction of houses, and other acts or threats of violence aimed at forcing individuals to leave their homes, as well as reports of violations of human rights in connection with detention;

5. *Condemns further* the indiscriminate shelling of cities and civilian areas, the systematic terrorization and murder of non-combatants, the destruction of vital services, the besieging of cities and the use of military force against civilian populations and relief operations by all sides, recognizing that the main responsibility lies with Serbian forces;

6. *Demands* that all parties involved in the former Yugoslavia, and especially those most responsible, cease these violations immediately, take appropriate steps to apprehend and punish those who are guilty of perpetrating or authorizing the violations, including those violations in connection with detention, and take all necessary measures to ensure the enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms, in accordance with their obligations under the Geneva Conventions of 12 August 1949, and the Additional Protocols thereto, of 1977, the International Covenants on Human Rights, and other international human rights instruments;

7. *Reaffirms* that all persons who perpetrate or authorize crimes against humanity and other grave breaches of international humanitarian law are individually responsible for those breaches and that the international community will exert every effort to bring them to justice, and calls upon all parties to provide all pertinent information to the Commission of Experts in accordance with Security Council resolution 780 (1992);

8. *Expresses deep concern* at the number of disappearances and missing persons in the former Yugoslavia, and calls on all parties to make all possible efforts to account for those missing;

9. *Demands* an immediate end to the practice of "ethnic cleansing", and in particular that the Government of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) use its influence with the self-proclaimed Serbian authorities in Bosnia and Herzegovina and Croatia to bring the practice of "ethnic cleansing" to an immediate end and to reverse the effects of that practice;

10. *Reaffirms* that States are to be held accountable for violations of human rights which their agents commit on the territory of another State;

11. *Expresses its complete support* for the victims of these violations, reaffirms the right of all persons to return to their homes in safety and dignity, considers invalid all acts made under duress affecting ownership of property and other related questions, and recognizes the right of victims of "ethnic cleansing" to receive reparation for their losses;

12. *Condemns* in particular the violations of human rights and humanitarian law in connection with detention, including killings, torture and the systematic practice of rape, and calls upon all parties in the former Yugoslavia to close immediately all detention centres not in compliance with the Geneva Conventions and to release immediately all persons arbitrarily or illegally detained;

13. *Demands* that the International Committee of the Red Cross, the Special Rapporteur, the missions of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe and other relevant international humanitarian organizations be granted immediate, unimpeded and continued access to all camps, prisons and other places of detention within the territory of the former Yugoslavia;

14. *Expresses its grave concern* at the report of the Special Rapporteur on the dangerous situation in Kosovo, Sandjak and Vojvodina, urges all parties there to engage in a meaningful dialogue under the auspices of the International Conference on the Former Yugoslavia, to act with utmost restraint and to settle disputes in full compliance with human rights and fundamental freedoms, and calls upon the Serbian authorities to refrain from the use of force, to stop immediately the practice of "ethnic cleansing" and to respect fully the rights of persons belonging to ethnic communities or minorities, in order to prevent the extension of the conflict to other parts of the former Yugoslavia;

15. *Calls upon* the parties to implement immediately all commitments made in the framework of the International Conference on the Former Yugoslavia and to work together to ensure the success of the Conference, and welcomes in this regard the acceptance by the Government of Bosnia and Herzegovina of the constitutional proposals of the Co-Chairmen of the Steering Committee of the Conference as a basis for negotiations (see A/47/605-S/24743);

16. *Endorses* the resolution adopted by the Commission on Human Rights at its second special session[67] addressing the reports of the Special Rapporteur, in particular its call for all States to consider the extent to which the acts

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[67] Ibid., chap. II.

committed in Bosnia and Herzegovina and in Croatia constitute genocide, in accordance with the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide;[51]

17. *Calls upon* all United Nations bodies, including the United Nations Protection Force and the specialized agencies, and invites Governments and informed intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations to cooperate fully with the Special Rapporteur and in particular to provide him on a continuing basis with all relevant and accurate information in their possession on the situation of human rights in the former Yugoslavia;

18. *Urges* all States, United Nations bodies, including the specialized agencies, the Special Rapporteur and, as appropriate, international humanitarian organizations to make available to the Commission of Experts, pursuant to Security Council resolution 780 (1992), substantiated information in their possession or submitted to them relating to the violations of humanitarian law, including grave breaches of the Geneva Conventions, being committed in the territory of the former Yugoslavia;

19. *Urges* all States and relevant organizations to consider implementation of the recommendations of the Special Rapporteur, and in particular:

(*a*) Welcomes the call of the Special Rapporteur for the opening of humanitarian relief corridors to prevent the imminent death of tens of thousands of persons in besieged cities;

(*b*) Welcomes the invitation of the Security Council, in its resolution 787 (1992), to the Secretary-General, in consultation with the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees and other relevant agencies, to study the possibility of and the requirements for the promotion of safe areas and the recommendation of the Special Rapporteur for the creation of such security zones for the protection of displaced persons, while keeping in mind that the international community must not acquiesce in demographic changes caused by "ethnic cleansing";

(*c*) Draws the attention of the Commission of Experts established by Security Council resolution 780 (1992) to the need for an immediate and urgent investigation by qualified experts of a mass grave near Vukovar and other mass grave sites and places where mass killings are reported to have taken place, and requests the Secretary-General, within the overall budgetary framework of the United Nations, to make available all necessary resources for this undertaking and for the other work of the Commission;

20. *Requests* the Secretary-General to take all necessary steps to ensure the full and effective coordination of all United Nations bodies to implement the present resolution, and calls upon those bodies concerned with the situation in the territory of the former Yugoslavia to coordinate closely with the Special Rapporteur and the Commission of Experts;

21. *Also requests* the Secretary-General, within the overall budgetary framework of the United Nations, to make all necessary resources available for the Special Rapporteur to carry out his mandate and in particular to provide him with a number of staff based in the territories of the former Yugoslavia adequate to ensure effective continuous monitoring of the human rights situation there and coordination with other United Nations bodies involved, including the United Nations Protection Force;

22. *Further requests* the Secretary-General to give all other necessary assistance to the Special Rapporteur to enable him to fulfil his mandate;

23. *Decides* to continue its examination of the situation of human rights in the former Yugoslavia during its forty-eighth session under the item entitled "Human rights questions".

* * *

114. The Third Committee also recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of draft decisions I to III below:

Draft decision I

AWARD OF HUMAN RIGHTS PRIZES IN 1993

The General Assembly, on the recommendation of the Third Committee, considering that the year 1993 will mark the forty-fifth anniversary of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, bearing in mind the need to promote the universal observance and enjoyment of human rights and recalling its resolution 2217 (XXI) of 19 December 1966, which approved the award of prizes in the field of human rights, decides to request the Secretary-General to make the necessary arrangements for the award of human rights prizes in 1993, as envisaged in recommendation C of the annex to resolution 2217 A (XXI).

Draft decision II

UNITED NATIONS VOLUNTARY FUND FOR INDIGENOUS POPULATIONS

The General Assembly, on the recommendation of the Third Committee, taking note of the report of the Secretary-General (A/47/626) on the status of the United Nations Voluntary Fund for Indigenous Populations, decides:

(*a*) To call upon Governments, non-governmental organizations and representatives of indigenous groups to consider contributions to the Fund and to disseminate widely information about the activities of the Fund;

(*b*) To request the Secretary-General to report to the General Assembly at its forty-ninth session on the status of the Fund.

Draft decision III

REPORTS CONSIDERED UNDER THE ITEM ENTITLED "HUMAN RIGHTS QUESTIONS"

The General Assembly decides to take note of the following documents:

(*a*) Report of the Secretary-General on respect for the principles of national sovereignty and non-interference in the internal affairs of States in their electoral processes (A/47/479);

(*b*) Report of the Secretary-General on human rights and mass exoduses (A/47/552);

(*c*) Note by the Secretary-General transmitting the preliminary report on the situation of human rights in South Africa prepared by the Ad Hoc Working Group of Experts on Southern Africa of the Commission on Human Rights (A/47/676);

(*d*) Note by the Secretary-General transmitting the recommendations entitled "Principles relating to the status of national institutions" (A/47/701, annex) contained in the report of the International Workshop on National Institutions for the Promotion and Protection of Human Rights.

DOCUMENT A/47/773

Report of the Third Committee on agenda item 149

[*Original: English*]
[*11 December 1992*]

1. At its 68th plenary meeting, on 20 November 1992, the General Assembly, on the recommendation of the General Committee, decided to include in the agenda of its forty-seventh session, as item 149, the item entitled "Situation of human rights in Estonia and Latvia", and to allocate it to the Third Committee for consideration and report.

2. The Third Committee considered the item jointly with sub-items (*b*) and (*c*) of item 97 at its 47th to 59th meetings, held from 24 November to 4 December 1992. An account of the Committee's discussion is contained in the summary records of the meetings (A/C.3/47/SR.47-59).

3. For its consideration of the item, the Committee had before it a letter dated 1 December 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Latvia to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (A/47/748) and a letter dated 1 December 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Estonia to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (A/C.3/47/14).

4. At the 53rd meeting, the Chairman introduced a draft resolution (A/C.3/47/L.52) entitled "Situation of human rights in Estonia and Latvia".

5. At its 56th meeting, the Committee adopted the draft resolution (see para. 6 below).

Recommendation of the Third Committee

6. The Third Committee recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of the following draft resolution:

SITUATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS IN ESTONIA AND LATVIA

The General Assembly,

Guided by the principles embodied in the Charter of the United Nations, the Universal Declaration of Human Rights[1] and the International Covenants on Human Rights,[2]

Reaffirming that all Member States have an obligation to promote and protect human rights and fundamental freedoms for all and to fulfil the obligations they have undertaken under the various international instruments in this field,

Convinced that respect for human rights is an inalienable component of maintaining and promoting good-neighbourly relations between States,

Taking into account the complaint of alleged violations of human rights with respect to the Russian-speaking population in Estonia and Latvia,

Taking note of the conclusions and recommendations made by the United Nations fact-finding mission that visited Riga in October 1992 at the invitation of the Government of Latvia (see A/47/748, annex),

1. *Notes with concern* the existence of certain problems that involve large groups of population in Estonia and Latvia;

2. *Welcomes* the cooperation that the Government of Latvia has extended to the United Nations fact-finding mission;

3. *Also welcomes* the invitation of the Government of Estonia to receive a similar United Nations fact-finding mission and its intention to extend to it its cooperation;

4. *Calls upon* the States concerned to intensify their efforts on the bilateral level aimed at resolving concerns with regard to the situation of the Russian-speaking population on the basis of generally accepted norms of international law in the field of human rights;

5. *Requests* the Secretary-General to keep Member States informed of the progress in the field of human rights in Estonia and Latvia and to report thereon to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session under the item entitled "Situation of human rights in Estonia and Latvia".

DOCUMENT A/47/L.33 AND ADD.1*

Angola, Australia, Bahamas, Belize, Benin, Bolivia, Brazil, Cameroon, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Cuba, Cyprus, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Finland, Gambia, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guyana, Honduras, Hungary, Mexico, Morocco, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Panama, Peru, Philippines, Russian Federation, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Spain, Suriname, Sweden, Tajikistan, Togo, Uruguay and Vanuatu: draft resolution

[*Original: English*]
[*7 December 1992*]

INTERNATIONAL YEAR OF THE WORLD'S INDIGENOUS PEOPLE, 1993

The General Assembly,

Bearing in mind that one of the purposes of the United Nations, as set forth in the Charter, is the achievement of international cooperation in solving international problems of an economic, social, cultural or humanitarian character, and in promoting and encouraging respect for human rights and for fundamental freedoms for all without discrimination as to race, sex, language or religion,

Recalling its resolution 45/164 of 18 December 1990, in which it proclaimed 1993 as the International Year of the World's Indigenous People, with a view to strengthening international cooperation for the solution of problems faced by indigenous communities in areas such as human rights, the environment, development, education and health,

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*Document A/47/L.33/Add.1 was issued to add 11 States to the list of sponsors.

Recognizing the value and the diversity of the cultures and the forms of social organization of the world's indigenous people,

Welcoming the report of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development,[68] as well as resolution 1992/45 of 3 March 1992 regarding the International Year for the World's Indigenous People, adopted by the Commission on Human Rights at its forty-eighth session,[15]

Noting the need to conclude the technical meeting provided for in paragraph 8 of General Assembly resolution 46/128 of 17 December 1991 in accordance with the requirements of paragraphs 1 and 2 (*b*) of the same resolution,

1. *Reaffirms* that it proclaimed 1993 as the "International Year of the World's Indigenous People", with the theme of "Indigenous people—a new partnership";

2. *Calls upon* the United Nations system and Governments that have not yet done so to develop policies in support of the objectives and the theme of the Year and to strengthen the institutional framework for their implementation;

3. *Urges* the Coordinator for the International Year of the World's Indigenous People to continue to solicit actively the cooperation of specialized agencies, regional commissions, financial and development institutions and other relevant organizations of the United Nations system for the promotion of the programme of activities contained in the annex to General Assembly resolution 46/128;

4. *Requests* the Coordinator to reconvene from within existing resources, in the three working days preceding the eleventh session of the Working Group on Indigenous Populations, the technical meeting provided for in paragraph 8 of resolution 46/128, with a view to concluding its deliberations and finalizing its report;

5. *Stresses* that governmental and intergovernmental activities undertaken within the context of the Year and beyond should take fully into account the development needs of indigenous people and the need for making full use of the contributions that indigenous communities can bring to sustainable national development;

6. *Notes* that there is a continuing need to improve the availability and the means of dissemination of socio-economic data relating to the development needs of indigenous people and that the Year should contribute to enhancing and to facilitating the coordination capabilities of Member States for collecting and analysing information in that area;

7. *Appeals* to Governments, intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations, as well as indigenous people's organizations, to contribute to the voluntary fund for the Year opened by the Secretary-General;

8. *Recommends* to the Secretary-General that he should give all assistance necessary to the Coordinator to permit him to carry out his tasks;

9. *Recommends* that the Preparatory Committee for the World Conference on Human Rights should continue to consider at its upcoming meeting how issues pertinent to the Year could be addressed within the framework of the Conference;

10. *Stresses* the relevance for the solution of problems faced by indigenous communities of the recommendations made in chapter 26 of Agenda 21,[40] contained in the report of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development;

11. *Requests* the Commission on Human Rights to ask the Working Group on Indigenous Populations, at its eleventh session, and the Subcommission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities, at its forty-fifth session, to complete their consideration of the draft universal declaration of the rights of indigenous peoples and to submit their report to the Commission at its fiftieth session;

12. *Requests* the Secretary-General to submit a report to the General Assembly at its forty-ninth session on the activities developed and the results achieved within the context of the Year.

ACTION TAKEN BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

At its 85th plenary meeting, on 14 December 1992, the General Assembly adopted draft resolution A/47/L.33 without a vote. For the final text, see resolution 47/75.[69]

At its 89th plenary meeting, on 16 December 1992, the General Assembly adopted the draft resolution submitted by the Third Committee in part I of its report on agenda item 97 (A/47/678, para. 8). For the final text, see resolution 47/114.[69] At the same meeting, the Assembly adopted draft resolutions I to VI submitted by the Committee in part II of its report (A/47/678/Add.1, para. 23). For the final texts, see resolutions 47/108 to 47/113.[69]

Also at its 89th plenary meeting, the General Assembly adopted the draft resolution submitted by the Third Committee in its report on agenda item 149 (A/47/773, para. 6). For the final text, see resolution 47/115.[69]

At its 92nd plenary meeting, on 18 December 1992, the General Assembly took action on draft resolutions I to XXVI and draft decisions I to III submitted by the Third Committee in part III of its report on agenda item 97 (A/47/678/Add.2, paras. 114 and 115) as follows: draft resolutions I to VIII, X to XV, XIX, XX, XXII, XXIII and XXVI were adopted without a vote; draft resolution IX was adopted by 99 votes to 45, with 16 abstentions;* draft resolution XVI was adopted by 115 votes to none, with 48 abstentions;* draft resolution XVII was adopted by 141 votes to none, with 20 abstentions;* draft resolution XVIII was adopted by 69 votes to 18, with 64 abstentions;* draft resolution XXI was adopted by 104 votes to 8, with 33 abstentions;* draft resolution XXIV was adopted by 126 votes to 2, with 26 abstentions;* draft resolution XXV was adopted by 86 votes to 16, with 38 abstentions;* and draft decisions I to III were adopted without a vote. For the final texts, see resolutions 47/122 to 47/147 and decisions 47/429 to 47/431.[69]

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[68] *Report of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development, Rio de Janeiro, 3-14 June 1992* (A/CONF.151/26/Rev.1 (Vol. I and Vol. I/Corr.1, Vol. II, Vol. III and Vol. III/Corr.1)) (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.93.I.8, and corrigenda), vol. I: *Resolutions adopted by the Conference*, vol. II: *Proceedings of the Conference*, and vol. III: *Statements made by Heads of State or Government at the Summit Segment of the Conference.*

[69] See *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Supplement No. 49*, vol. I.

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*Recorded vote.

LIST OF OTHER DOCUMENTS PERTAINING TO THE ITEMS

Symbol	*Title or description*	*Agenda item*	*Observations and references*
A/47/24	Report of the Preparatory Committee for the World Conference on Human Rights	97 (*b*)	*Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Supplement No. 24*
A/47/24/Add.1	Addendum to the report of the Preparatory Committee for the World Conference on Human Rights	97 (*b*)	Ibid., *Supplement No. 24A*
A/47/40	Report of the Human Rights Committee	97 (*a*)	Ibid., *Supplement No. 40*
A/47/41	Report of the Committee on the Rights of the Child	97 (*a*)	Ibid., *Supplement No. 41*
A/47/44	Report of the Committee against Torture	97 (*a*)	Ibid., *Supplement No. 44*
A/47/60	Letter dated 27 December 1991 from the representative of Belarus to the Secretary-General transmitting the texts of documents relating to the establishment of the Commonwealth of Independent States	97	
A/47/67	Letter dated 23 December 1991 from the representative of Ukraine to the Secretary-General	97	
A/47/82-S/23512	Letter dated 30 January 1992 from the representative of Sri Lanka to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the Colombo Declaration, issued at the Sixth Meeting of the Heads of State or Government of the member countries of the South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation, held at Colombo on 21 December 1991	97	
A/47/84-S/23520	Note verbale dated 5 February 1992 from the Mission of Panama to the Secretary-General	97	See *Official Records of the Security Council, Forty-seventh Year, Supplement for January, February and March 1992*, document S/23520
A/47/88-S/23563	Letter dated 6 February 1992 from the representative of Senegal to the Secretary-General transmitting the texts of documents of the Sixth Islamic Summit Conference, held at Dakar from 9 to 11 December 1991	97	
A/47/89-S/23576	Letter dated 11 February 1992 from the representative of Czechoslovakia to the Secretary-General transmitting the texts of the concluding documents of the Second Meeting of the Council of Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe, held at Prague on 30 and 31 January 1992	97	
A/47/91-S/23585	Letter dated 11 February 1992 from the representative of Liberia to the Secretary-General	97 (*b*)	Ibid., document S/23585
A/47/122-S/23716	Letter dated 13 March 1992 from the representative of Ukraine to the Secretary-General	97	Ibid., document S/23716
A/47/126	Letter dated 19 March 1992 from the representative of Portugal to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement of the European Community and its member States on Mozambique, issued at Lisbon on 17 March 1992	97	
A/47/172	Letter dated 21 April 1992 from the representatives of Hungary and Ukraine to the Secretary-General	97 (*b*)	
A/47/175	Letter dated 20 April 1992 from the representative of Portugal to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement on Equatorial Guinea issued by the European Community and its member States on 15 April 1992	97	
A/47/180	Letter dated 27 April 1992 from the representative of Japan to the Secretary-General	97	

Symbol	*Title or description*	*Agenda item*	*Observations and references*
A/47/225-S/23998	Letter dated 22 May 1992 from the representatives of Indonesia and Yugoslavia to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the communiqué issued at the conclusion of the Ministerial Meeting of the Coordinating Bureau of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries held on Bali from 14 to 16 May 1992	97	
A/47/256-S/24061	Letter dated 3 June 1992 from the representative of Iraq to the Secretary-General	97 (*b*)	Ibid., *Supplement for April, May and June 1992*, document S/24061
A/47/267	Letter dated 11 June 1992 from the representatives of Poland and Ukraine to the Secretary-General	97	
A/47/268	Letter dated 11 June 1992 from the representatives of the Russian Federation and Poland to the Secretary-General	97	
A/47/280	Letter dated 17 June 1992 from the representative of Portugal to the Secretary-General transmitting a statement issued by the European Community on 16 June 1992	97	
A/47/290-S/24204	Letter dated 26 June 1992 from the representatives of the Russian Federation and Ukraine to the Secetary-General	97	Ibid., document S/24204
A/47/296	Letter dated 29 June 1992 from the representative of Sweden to the Secretary-General transmitting a statement on the situation in Myanmar issued by Denmark, Finland, Iceland, Norway and Sweden	97	
A/47/335-S/24306	Letter dated 16 July 1992 from the representative of Czechoslovakia to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the declaration on the Yugoslav crisis adopted at the summit meeting of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe held at Helsinki on 9 and 10 July 1992	97	
A/47/343	Note verbale dated 22 July 1992 from the Mission of Peru to the Secretary-General	97	
A/47/351-S/24357	Letter dated 28 July 1992 from the representative of Singapore to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the joint communiqué of the twenty-fifth Ministerial Meeting of the Association of South-East Asian Nations, held at Manila on 21 and 22 July 1992	97	
A/47/353	Respect for the right of everyone to own property alone as well as in association with others and its contribution to the economic and social development of Member States: note by the Secretary-General	97 (*b*)	
A/47/356-S/24367	Letter dated 30 July 1992 from the representative of Spain to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the conclusions agreed upon at the second Ibero-American Summit, held at Madrid on 23 and 24 July 1992	97	
A/47/361-S/24370	Letter dated 29 July 1992 from the representative of Finland to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the "Helsinki Document 1992—The Challenges of Change", agreed upon at the summit meeting of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe, held at Helsinki on 9 and 10 July 1992	97	
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A/47/367 and Add.1	Interim report on the situation of human rights in Iraq prepared by the Special Rapporteur of the Commission on Human Rights: note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report	97 (*c*)	
A/47/392-S/24461	Letter dated 17 August 1992 from the representative of Czechoslovakia to the Secretary-General transmitting the texts of the decisions adopted by the Committee of Senior Officials of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe at its fifteenth session, held on 13 and 14 August 1992	97	
A/47/418-S/24516	Report on the situation of human rights in the territory of the former Yugoslavia prepared by the Special Rapporteur of the Commission on Human Rights: note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report	97 (*c*)	Ibid., *Supplement for July, August and September 1992*, document S/24516
A/47/427	Status of the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide: report of the Secretary-General	97 (*a*)	
A/47/428	Status of the Convention on the Rights of the Child: report of the Secretary-General	97 (*a*)	
A/47/429	Status of the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families: report of the Secretary-General	97 (*a*)	
A/47/434	Question of enforced or involuntary disappearances and declaration on the protection of all persons from enforced disappearance: note by the Secretary-General	97 (*a*) and (*b*)	
A/47/465	Letter dated 23 September 1992 from the representative of Peru to the Secretary-General	97	

Symbol	*Title or description*	*Agenda item*	*Observations and references*
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A/47/501	Draft declaration on the rights of persons belonging to national or ethnic, religious and linguistic minorities: note by the Secretary-General	97 (*b*)	
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A/47/503	Development of public information activities in the field of human rights, including the World Public Information Campaign on Human Rights: report of the Secretary-General	97 (*b*)	
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A/47/527-S/24660	Letter dated 9 September 1992 from the representative of Cyprus to the Secretary-General	97	
A/47/544	Request to the United Nations to observe the referendum process in Eritrea: report of the Secretary-General	97 (*b*)	
A/47/552	Human rights and mass exoduses: report of the Secretary-General	97 (*b*)	
A/47/569	Letter dated 20 October 1992 from the representative of Sweden to the Secretary-General transmitting the texts of the resolutions adopted by the 88th Conference of the Inter-Parliamentary Union, held at Stockholm from 4 to 12 September 1992	97	
A/47/596	Report on the situation of human rights in El Salvador prepared by the Independent Expert of the Commission on Human Rights: note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report	97 (*c*)	
A/47/617	Interim report on the situation of human rights in the Islamic Republic of Iran prepared by the Special Representative of the Commission on Human Rights: note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report	97 (*c*)	
A/47/621	Interim report on the situation of human rights in Haiti prepared by the Special Rapporteur of the Commission on Human Rights: note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report	97 (*c*)	
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A/47/628	Report of the fourth meeting of persons chairing the human rights treaty bodies: note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report	97 (*a*)	
A/47/630	Situation of human rights in southern Lebanon: note by the Secretary-General	97 (*b*)	
A/47/632	Note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report of the Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (E/1992/23)	97 (*a*)	
A/47/635-S/24766	Report on the situation of human rights in the territory of the former Yugoslavia prepared by the Special Rapporteur of the Commission on Human Rights: note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report	97 (*c*)	Ibid., *Supplement for October, November and December 1992*, document S/24766
A/47/651	Preliminary report on the situation of human rights in Myanmar prepared by the Special Rapporteur of the Commission on Human Rights: note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report	97 (*c*)	
A/47/656	Interim report on the situation of human rights in Afghanistan prepared by the Special Rapporteur of the Commission on Human Rights: note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report	97 (*c*)	
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A/47/666-S/24809	Report on the situation of human rights in the territory of the former Yugoslavia prepared by the Special Rapporteur of the Commission: note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report	97 (*c*)	Ibid., document S/24809
A/47/667	Report of the Committee on the Rights of the Child: note by the Secretary-General	97 (*a*)	
A/47/668 and Corr.1 and Add.1	Enhancing the effectiveness of the principle of periodic and genuine elections: report of the Secretary-General	97 (*b*)	
A/47/671-S/24814	Letter dated 16 November 1992 from the representative of Albania to the Secretary-General	97	Ibid., document S/24814

Symbol	*Title or description*	*Agenda item*	*Observations and references*
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A/47/676	Preliminary report on the situation of human rights in South Africa prepared by the Ad Hoc Working Group of Experts on Southern Africa of the Commission on Human Rights: note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report	97 (*c*)	
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A/47/702	Strengthening of the Centre for Human Rights of the Secretariat: report of the Secretary-General	97 (*b*)	
A/47/706	Letter dated 19 November 1992 from the representative of Cameroon to the Secretary-General transmitting the texts of the resolutions adopted by the 87th Inter-Parliamentary Conference, held at Yaoundé from 3 to 11 April 1992	97	
A/47/709-S/24837	Letter dated 23 November 1992 from the representative of Portugal to the Secretary-General	97	Ibid., document S/24837
A/47/712-S/24844	Letter dated 23 November 1992 from the representative of Yugoslavia to the Secretary-General	97 (*c*)	Ibid., document S/24844
A/47/737-S/24864	Letter dated 27 November 1992 from the representative of Slovenia to the Secretary-General	97 (*c*)	Ibid., document S/24864
A/47/748	Letter dated 1 December 1992 from the representative of Latvia to the Secretary-General	149	
A/47/781-S/24948	Letter dated 10 December 1992 from the representative of Yugoslavia to the Secretary-General	97 (*c*)	Ibid., document S/24948
A/47/804-S/24982	Letter dated 17 December 1992 from the representative of Croatia to the Secretary-General	97 (*c*)	Ibid., document S/24982
A/47/813-S/24991	Letter dated 18 December 1992 from the representative of Yugoslavia to the Secretary-General	97 (*c*)	Ibid., document S/24991
A/47/867-S/25106	Letter dated 13 January 1993 from the representative of Venezuela to the Secretary-General	97 (*c*)	
A/47/922-S/25540	Letter dated 6 April 1993 from the representative of Brazil to the Secretary-General	97 (*c*)	Ibid., *Supplement for April, May and June 1993*, document S/25540
A/C.3/47/5	Letter dated 29 October 1992 from the Chairman of the Third Committee to the President of the General Assembly	97 (*b*)	
A/C.3/47/7	Letter dated 16 November 1992 from the representative of Tunisia to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the Tunis Declaration adopted at the African regional meeting held from 2 to 6 November 1992 in preparation for the World Conference on Human Rights	97 (*b*)	
A/C.3/47/7/Rev.1	Letter dated 30 November 1992 from the representative of Tunisia to the Secretary-General transmitting a corrected text of the Tunis Declaration	97 (*b*)	
A/C.3/47/9	Letter dated 20 November 1992 from the President of the General Assembly to the Chairman of the Third Committee	149	
A/C.3/47/10	Note verbale dated 24 November 1992 from the representative of Sri Lanka to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the Colombo resolution on children, adopted at the ministerial meeting of the member States of the South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation, held from 16 to 18 September 1992	97 (*b*)	
A/C.3/47/11	Letter dated 24 November 1992 from the representative of Spain to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the Agreement establishing the Fund for the Development of the Indigenous Peoples of Latin America and the Caribbean, signed at the Second Ibero-American Summit, held at Madrid on 23 and 24 July 1992	97 (*b*)	
A/C.3/47/12	Letter dated 30 November 1992 from the representative of Yugoslavia to the Secretary-General	97 (*c*)	
A/C.3/47/14	Letter dated 1 December 1992 from the representative of Estonia to the Secretary-General	149	
A/C.3/47/15	Letter dated 7 December 1992 from the representative of Yugoslavia to the Secretary-General	97 (*c*)	
A/C.3/47/L.18	Draft resolution	97 (*b*)	See A/47/678/Add.2, para. 7
A/C.3/47/L.18/Rev.1	Revised draft resolution	97 (*b*)	Ibid., paras. 7 and 113, draft resolution I
A/C.3/47/L.20	Draft resolution	97 (*b*)	See A/47/678, para. 5
A/C.3/47/L.20/Rev.1	Revised draft resolution	97 (*b*)	Ibid., paras. 5 and 8

Symbol	Title or description	Agenda item	Observations and references
A/C.3/47/L.25	Programme budget implications of the draft resolution contained in document A/C.3/47/L.20: note by the Secretary-General		
A/C.3/47/L.39	Draft resolution	97 (*a*)	See A/47/678/Add.1, paras. 7 and 23, draft resolution I
A/C.3/47/L.40	*Idem*	97 (*a*)	Ibid., paras. 9 and 23, draft resolution II
A/C.3/47/L.41	*Idem*	97 (*a*)	Ibid., paras. 11 and 23, draft resolution III
A/C.3/47/L.42	*Idem*	97 (*a*)	Ibid., paras. 14 and 23, draft resolution IV
A/C.3/47/L.43	*Idem*	97 (*a*)	Ibid., paras. 18 and 23, draft resolution V
A/C.3/47/L.44	*Idem*	97 (*a*)	Ibid., paras. 21 and 23, draft resolution VI
A/C.3/47/L.45	Draft decision	97 (*b*)	See A/47/678/Add.2, paras. 10 and 114, draft decision I
A/C.3/47/L.46	Programme budget implications of the draft resolution contained in document A/C.3/47/L.42: note by the Secretary-General	97 (*a*)	
A/C.3/47/L.47	Programme budget implications of the draft resolution contained in document A/C.3/47/L.43: note by the Secretary-General	97 (*a*)	
A/C.3/47/L.48	Draft resolution	97 (*c*)	Ibid., paras. 64 and 66
A/C.3/47/L.49	*Idem*	97 (*b*)	Ibid., paras. 12 and 113, draft resolution II
A/C.3/47/L.52	*Idem*	149	See A/47/773, paras. 4 and 6
A/C.3/47/L.53	*Idem*	97 (*b*)	See A/47/678/Add.2, paras. 15 and 113, draft resolution III
A/C.3/47/L.54	*Idem*	97 (*b*)	Ibid., paras. 17 and 113, draft resolution IV
A/C.3/47/L.55	*Idem*	97 (*b*)	Ibid., paras. 19, 21, 23 and 113, draft resolution V
A/C.3/47/L.56	*Idem*	97 (*b*)	Ibid., paras. 26 and 113, draft resolution VI
A/C.3/47/L.57	*Idem*	97 (*c*)	Ibid., paras. 76 and 113, draft resolution XIX
A/C.3/47/L.58	*Idem*	97 (*b*)	Ibid., paras. 29 and 113, draft resolution VII
A/C.3/47/L.59	Draft decision	97 (*b*)	Ibid., paras. 31 and 114, draft decision II
A/C.3/47/L.60	Draft resolution	97 (*b*)	Ibid., paras. 33 and 113, draft resolution VIII
A/C.3/47/L.61	*Idem*	97 (*b*)	Ibid., paras. 35 and 113, draft resolution IX
A/C.3/47/L.62	*Idem*	97 (*b*)	Ibid., paras. 39, 40 and 113, draft resolution X
A/C.3/47/L.63	*Idem*	97 (*b*)	Ibid., paras. 43 and 113, draft resolution XI
A/C.3/47/L.64	*Idem*	97 (*b*)	Ibid., paras. 46 and 113, draft resolution XII
A/C.3/47/L.65	*Idem*	97 (*b*)	Ibid., paras. 49 and 113, draft resolution XIII
A/C.3/47/L.66	*Idem*	97 (*b*)	Ibid., paras. 51 and 113, draft resolution XIV
A/C.3/47/L.67	*Idem*	97 (*b*)	Ibid., paras. 54 and 113, draft resolution XV
A/C.3/47/L.68	*Idem*	97 (*b*)	Ibid., paras. 57 and 113, draft resolution XVI
A/C.3/47/L.69	*Idem*	97 (*b*)	Ibid., paras. 61 and 113, draft resolution XVII
A/C.3/47/L.70	*Idem*	97 (*c*)	Ibid., paras. 65 and 113, draft resolution XVIII
A/C.3/47/L.71	*Idem*	97 (*c*)	Ibid., paras. 78 and 113, draft resolution XX
A/C.3/47/L.72	*Idem*	97 (*c*)	Ibid., paras. 81 and 84
A/C.3/47/L.73	*Idem*	97 (*c*)	Ibid., paras. 92 and 113, draft resolution XXII
A/C.3/47/L.74	*Idem*	97 (*c*)	Ibid., paras. 95 and 113, draft resolution XXIII

Symbol	Title or description	Agenda item	Observations and references
A/C.3/47/L.75	*Idem*	97 (*c*)	Ibid., paras. 98 and 113, draft resolution XXIV
A/C.3/47/L.76	*Idem*	97 (*c*)	Ibid., paras. 102, 103 and 113, draft resolution XXV
A/C.3/47/L.77	*Idem*	97 (*c*)	Ibid., paras. 82 and 113, draft resolution XXI
A/C.3/47/L.78	Amendments to document A/C.3/47/L.55	97 (*b*)	Ibid., para. 20
A/C.3/47/L.79	Draft resolution	97 (*c*)	Ibid., para. 106
A/C.3/47/L.79/Rev.1	Revised draft resolution	97 (*c*)	Ibid., paras. 109 and 113, draft resolution XXVI

Programme budget implications of the draft resolution submitted by the Third Committee in document A/47/678

Symbol	Title or description	Agenda item	Observations and references
A/C.5/47/55	Note by the Secretary-General	97 (*b*)	
A/47/7/Add.12	Thirteenth report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions on the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993	97 (*b*)	See *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Supplement No. 7*
A/47/786	Report of the Fifth Committee	97 (*b*)	See annex fascicle, agenda item 104

Programme budget implications of draft resolutions IV and V submitted by the Third Committee in document A/47/678/Add.1

Symbol	Title or description	Agenda item	Observations and references
A/C.5/47/69	Note by the Secretary-General	97 (*a*)	
A/47/789	Report of the Fifth Committee	97 (*a*)	Ibid.

United Nations

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Official Records

Agenda item 102

ANNEXES

FORTY-SEVENTH SESSION

NEW YORK, 1992/1993

Agenda item 102: Financial reports and audited financial statements, and reports of the Board of Auditors:*

- **(*a*) United Nations;**
- **(*b*) United Nations Development Programme;**
- **(*c*) United Nations Children's Fund;**
- **(*d*) United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East;**
- **(*e*) United Nations Institute for Training and Research;**
- **(*f*) Voluntary funds administered by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees;**
- **(*g*) Fund of the United Nations Environment Programme;**
- **(*h*) United Nations Population Fund;**
- **(*i*) United Nations Habitat and Human Settlements Foundation**

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DOCUMENT A/47/827

Report of the Fifth Committee

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*21 December 1992*]

1. At its 3rd plenary meeting, on 18 September 1992, the General Assembly, on the recommendation of the General Committee, decided to include in the agenda of its forty-seventh session, as item 102, the item entitled:

> "Financial reports and audited financial statements, and reports of the Board of Auditors:
>
> "(*a*) United Nations;
> "(*b*) United Nations Development Programme;
> "(*c*) United Nations Children's Fund;
> "(*d*) United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East;
> "(*e*) United Nations Institute for Training and Research;
> "(*f*) Voluntary funds administered by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees;
> "(*g*) Fund of the United Nations Environment Programme;
> "(*h*) United Nations Population Fund;
> "(*i*) United Nations Habitat and Human Settlements Foundation"

and to allocate it to the Fifth Committee for consideration and report.

2. At its 5th, 6th, 8th, 10th to 13th, 22nd and 50th meetings, between 14 October and 19 December 1992, the Fifth Committee considered the financial reports and audited financial statements for the period ended 31 December 1991 concerning the United Nations, including the International Trade Centre and the United Nations University (A/47/5, vol. I and Corr.1, sects. I and V; vol. II, sects. I and V; and vol. III, sects. I and V), the United Nations Development Programme (A/47/5/Add.1, sects. I and V), the United Nations Children's Fund (A/47/5/Add.2, sects. I and IV), the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East (A/47/5/Add.3, sects. I and V), the United Nations Institute for Training and Research (A/47/5/Add.4 and Corr.1, sects. I and V), the voluntary funds administered by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (A/47/5/Add.5, sect. III), the Fund of the United Nations Environment Programme (A/47/5/Add.6, sects. I and V), the United Nations Population Fund (A/47/5/Add.7, sects. I and V) and the United Nations Habitat and Human Settlements Foundation (A/47/5/Add.8 and Corr.1, sects. I and IV), as well as the related reports and audit opinions of the Board of Auditors (A/47/5, vol. I and Corr.1, sects. II and III; vol. II, sects. II and III; and vol. III, sects. II and III; A/47/5/Add.1, sects. II

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* For the records of the relevant meetings, see *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Fifth Committee*, 5th, 6th, 8th, 10th to 13th, 22nd and 50th meetings, and corrigendum; and ibid., *Plenary Meetings*, 94th meeting. For the prior consideration of the question, see *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-sixth Session, Annexes*, agenda item 104.

and III; A/47/5/Add.2, sects. II and III; A/47/5/Add.3, sects. II and III; A/47/5/Add.4 and Corr.1, sects. II and III; A/47/5/Add.5, sects. I and II; A/47/5/Add.6, sects. II and III; A/47/5/Add.7, sects. II and III; and A/47/5/Add.8 and Corr.1, sects. II and III) and the report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (A/47/500).

3. The Committee also had before it a note by the Secretary-General (A/47/315) transmitting a concise summary of principal findings, conclusions and recommendations of common interest classified by audit area, contained in the reports prepared by the Board of Auditors for the General Assembly at its forty-seventh session; a report of the Secretary-General on the administrative system of the International Trade Centre (A/47/460); as well as a report of the Secretary-General on measures to facilitate reporting by staff members of inappropriate uses of the resources of the Organization, internal controls relating to the payment of allowances and benefits, and efforts to recover outstanding excess income tax reimbursements (A/47/510).

4. The comments and observations made in the course of the discussion of the item and the replies to queries raised are reflected in the summary records of the meetings (A/C.5/47/SR.5, 6, 8, 10-13, 22 and 50).

5. At the 50th meeting, on 19 December, the Rapporteur of the Fifth Committee, following informal consultations, introduced a draft resolution (A/C.5/47/L.23) and a draft decision (A/C.5/47/L.27).

6. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted draft resolution A/C.5/47/L.23 without a vote (see para. 8 below).

7. Also at the same meeting, the Committee adopted draft decision A/C.5/47/L.27 without a vote (see para. 9 below).

Recommendations of the Fifth Committee

8. The Fifth Committee recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of the following draft resolution:

FINANCIAL REPORTS AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, AND REPORTS OF THE BOARD OF AUDITORS

The General Assembly,

Having considered the financial reports and audited financial statements for the period ended 31 December 1991 of the United Nations, including the International Trade Centre and the United Nations University (A/47/5, vol. I and Corr.1, sects. I and V; vol. II, sects. I and V; and vol. III, sects. I and V) the United Nations Development Programme (A/47/5/Add.1, sects. I and V), the United Nations Children's Fund (A/47/5/Add.2, sects. I and IV), the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East (A/47/5/Add.3, sects. I and V), the United Nations Institute for Training and Research (A/47/5/Add.4 and Corr.1, sects. I and V), the voluntary funds administered by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (A/47/5/Add.5, sect. III), the Fund of the United Nations Environment Programme (A/47/5/Add.6, sects. I and V), the United Nations Population Fund (A/47/5/Add.7, sects. I and V) and the United Nations Habitat and Human Settlements Foundation (A/47/5/Add.8 and Corr.1, sects. I and IV), the reports and audit opinions of the Board of Auditors (A/47/5, vol. I and Corr.1, sects. II and III; vol. II, sects. II and III; and vol. III, sects. II and III; A/47/5/Add.1, sects. II and III; A/47/5/Add.2, sects. II and III; A/47/5/Add.3, sects. II and III; A/47/5/Add.4 and Corr.1, sects. II and III; A/47/5/Add.5, sects. I and II; A/47/5/Add.6, sects. II and III; A/47/5/Add.7, sects. II and III; and A/47/5/Add.8 and Corr.1, sects. II and III), the concise summary of principal findings, conclusions and recommendations for remedial action of the Board of Auditors (A/47/315, annex) and the report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (A/47/500),

Taking note of the report of the Secretary-General on measures to facilitate reporting by staff members of inappropriate uses of the resources of the Organization, internal controls relating to the payment of allowances and benefits, and efforts to recover outstanding excess income tax reimbursements (A/47/510) and the report of the Secretary-General on the administrative system of the International Trade Centre (A/47/460), prepared in response to General Assembly resolution 46/183 of 20 December 1991,

Noting the steps taken by executive heads and governing bodies of the United Nations organizations and programmes to give appropriate consideration and attention to the recommendations in earlier audit reports, as commented upon by the Board of Auditors in annexes to its current reports,

Stressing the importance of efficient resource management in all United Nations organizations and programmes,

Concerned about the cases of deficiencies in programme and financial management and inappropriate or fraudulent use of resources reported by the Board of Auditors, and other such alleged cases,

Recognizing that the Board of Auditors conducts its reviews in a comprehensive manner, as stipulated in regulation 12.5 of the Financial Regulations of the United Nations,

1. *Accepts* the financial reports and audited financial statements and the audit opinions and reports of the Board of Auditors regarding the aforementioned organizations;

2. *Also accepts* the concise summary of principal findings, conclusions and recommendations for remedial action of the Board of Auditors;

3. *Notes with concern* that the Board of Auditors issued qualified audit opinions on the financial statements of the United Nations, the United Nations Development Programme and the United Nations Population Fund, and that it also issued a qualified audit opinion on compliance with the financial regulations and legislative authority of the transactions of the United Nations Institute for Training and Research;

4. *Approves* all the recommendations and conclusions of the Board of Auditors and the comments thereon contained in the report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (A/47/500);

5. *Requests* the Secretary-General to submit to the Board of Auditors in a separate document financial reports and financial statements for peace-keeping operations and then to submit the reports and statements together with the recommendations of the Board thereon to the General Assembly, without precluding the presentation of consolidated financial statements of the United Nations;

6. *Requests* the Board of Auditors to expand its audit coverage to all peace-keeping operations without reducing the coverage of regular budget and extrabudgetary activi-

ties, and decides that any additional costs shall be charged to the peace-keeping budgets concerned;

7. *Recalls* the importance for the Board of Auditors to provide the Secretary-General and the executive heads of United Nations organizations and programmes with an adequate opportunity to comment on its findings, in accordance with the relevant financial regulations and rules, before the Board arrives at its final conclusions and recommendations;

8. *Also recalls* its resolution 46/183, and in that connection invites the Board of Auditors to continue to include in its reports separate sections that contain a summary of recommendations for corrective action to be taken by the United Nations organizations and programmes concerned, with an indication of relative urgency;

9. *Takes note with concern* of the findings of the Board of Auditors, and requests the Secretary-General and the executive heads of United Nations organizations and programmes:

(*a*) To strengthen budgetary control in order to avoid over-expenditure of approved budgets or allotments;

(*b*) To make purchasing policy on the acquisition of goods and services more cost-effective and transparent, *inter alia*, by reducing the number of exceptions to competitive bidding and ensuring that the reasons for such exceptions are recorded in writing;

(*c*) To give priority attention to compliance with the recommendations of the Board of Auditors on the hiring, granting of remuneration and performance evaluation of experts, consultants and personnel engaged on a short-term basis;

(*d*) To install a more effective system of managing and controlling the granting of allowances and benefits to staff members;

(*e*) To tighten control over the inventory of non-expendable property in all locations, including peace-keeping operations;

and to report on these matters to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session;

10. *Reaffirms* the importance of timetables for compliance with recommendations of the Board of Auditors approved by the General Assembly, and requests the Secretary-General and the executive heads of United Nations organizations and programmes to submit to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session, through the Advisory Committee at its spring session in 1993 and through the appropriate intergovernmental bodies, an action-oriented report outlining steps to be taken in response to the recommendations of the Board, including timetables for their implementation;

11. *Notes with appreciation* the action taken by the United Nations Development Programme to develop an internal mechanism to follow up on the recommendations of the Board of Auditors;

12. *Requests* the Secretary-General and the executive heads of United Nations organizations and programmes to ensure that all existing financial and staff regulations and rules are strictly complied with, including those relating to internal control over expenditure and those which assign staff members personal responsibility and accountability in their performance, and to report to the General Assembly at its forty-ninth session on measures taken to strengthen internal controls in those areas where weaknesses have been identified;

13. *Requests* the Secretary-General to make proposals to the General Assembly at its forty-seventh session on:

(*a*) Establishing legal and effective mechanisms to recover misappropriated funds, as recommended by the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions in paragraph 53 of its report;

(*b*) Seeking criminal prosecution of those who have committed fraud against the Organization;

14. *Encourages* the Secretary-General and the executive heads of United Nations organizations and programmes to take urgent steps to strengthen the independence and effectiveness of the internal audit function, to strengthen measures to ensure an adequate response to internal audit findings and to report thereon to the General Assembly;

15. *Requests* the Board of Auditors to evaluate the extent of compliance with their recommendations, to report thereon to the General Assembly at its forty-ninth session through the Advisory Committee, which shall recommend such measures as it deems appropriate to ensure implementation of those recommendations, and to draw attention to any of those recommendations that have not yet been implemented;

16. *Welcomes* the identification by the Board of Auditors of areas of horizontal study across the organizations audited, and endorses the intention of the Board to continue this practice in future audits;

17. *Invites* the Board of Auditors, in the context of regulation 12.5 of the Financial Regulations of the United Nations, to report at its discretion on the efficient and effective utilization of trust funds under the control of the Secretary-General;

18. *Also invites* the Board of Auditors, in its concise summary of principal findings, conclusions and recommendations, to report in a consolidated fashion on major deficiencies in programme and financial management and cases of inappropriate or fraudulent use of resources together with the measures taken by United Nations organizations in this regard;

19. *Endorses* the efforts of the Panel of External Auditors to ensure that common auditing standards for the United Nations system are consistent with those of recognized international auditing bodies;

20. *Urges* the Secretary-General and the executive heads of United Nations organizations and programmes to accelerate their efforts to develop common accounting standards for the organizations of the United Nations system and to take these standards into account in the preparation of their financial statements for the period ending 31 December 1993;

21. *Requests* the Secretary-General and the executive heads of United Nations organizations and programmes to ensure that future presentations of liquidity position should be made in the context of common accounting standards;

22. *Notes with concern* that the opinion of the Board of Auditors on the financial statements of the United Nations is subject to the ultimate resolution of unpaid assessed contributions from Member States (A/47/5, vol. I and Corr.1, para. 369);

23. *Calls the attention* of the Secretary-General to the implications that the findings of the Board of Auditors about the management of the Organization may have for the image of the United Nations.

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9. The Fifth Committee also recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of the following draft decision:

FINANCIAL REPORTS AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, AND REPORTS OF THE BOARD OF AUDITORS

The General Assembly

(*a*) Requests the Secretary-General to review the operation and effectiveness of each of the specialized administrative and budgetary support units of the Secretariat, including the Management Advisory Service, the Central Evaluation Unit, the Central Monitoring Unit and the Internal Audit Division, with a view to strengthening their efficiency, and to submit a report thereon with recommendations to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session through the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions;

(*b*) Decides, without prejudice to its existing relevant resolutions, to consider the roles and coverage of the subsidiary bodies responsible for coordination, administrative questions and budgetary matters, including the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions, the Board of Auditors, the Joint Inspection Unit and the Committee for Programme and Coordination, with a view to improving the effectiveness of their oversight and coordination mechanisms, and requests the Secretary-General to provide relevant background material together with his views and those of the bodies concerned to the General Assembly as soon as possible, but not later than at its forty-ninth session.

ACTION TAKEN BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

At its 94th plenary meeting, on 23 December 1992, the General Assembly adopted the draft resolution submitted by the Fifth Committee in its report (A/47/827, para. 8). For the final text, see resolution 47/211.[1]

At the same meeting, the General Assembly adopted the draft decision submitted by the Fifth Committee in its report (ibid., para. 9). For the final text, see decision 47/454.[1]

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[1] See *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Supplement No. 49*, vol. I.

LIST OF OTHER DOCUMENTS PERTAINING TO THE ITEM

Symbol	*Title or description*	*Observations and references*
A/47/5, vol. I and Corr.1, and vols. II and III	United Nations: financial report and audited financial statements for the biennium ended 31 December 1991 and report of the Board of Auditors	*Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Supplement No. 5*, vol. I and corrigendum, and vols. II and III
A/47/5/Add.1	United Nations Development Programme: financial report and audited financial statements for the biennium ended 31 December 1991 and report of the Board of Auditors	Ibid., *Supplement No. 5A*
A/47/5/Add.2	United Nations Children's Fund: financial report and audited financial statements for the biennium ended 31 December 1991 and report of the Board of Auditors	Ibid., *Supplement No. 5B*
A/47/5/Add.3	United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East: financial report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1991 and report of the Board of Auditors	Ibid., *Supplement No. 5C*
A/47/5/Add.4 and Corr.1	United Nations Institute for Training and Research: financial report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1991 and report of the Board of Auditors	Ibid., *Supplement No. 5D* and corrigendum
A/47/5/Add.5	Voluntary funds administered by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees: audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1991 and report of the Board of Auditors	Ibid., *Supplement No. 5E*
A/47/5/Add.6	Fund of the United Nations Environment Programme: financial report and audited financial statements for the biennium ended 31 December 1991 and report of the Board of Auditors	Ibid., *Supplement No. 5F*
A/47/5/Add.7	United Nations Population Fund: financial report and audited financial statements for the biennium ended 31 December 1991 and report of the Board of Auditors	Ibid., *Supplement No. 5G*
A/47/5/Add.8 and Corr.1	United Nations Habitat and Human Settlements Foundation: financial report and audited financial statements for the biennium ended 31 December 1991 and report of the Board of Auditors	Ibid., *Supplement No. 5H* and corrigendum

Symbol	Title or description	Observations and references
A/47/315	Note by the Secretary-General transmitting a concise summary of principal findings, conclusions and recommendations of common interest, classified by audit area, contained in the reports prepared by the Board of Auditors for the General Assembly at its forty-seventh session	
A/47/460	Report of the Secretary-General on the administrative system of the International Trade Centre	
A/47/500	Report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions	
A/47/510	Report of the Secretary-General on measures to facilitate reporting by staff members of inappropriate uses of the resources of the Organization, internal controls relating to the payment of allowances and benefits, and efforts to recover outstanding excess income tax reimbursements	
A/C.5/47/L.23	Draft resolution	See A/47/827, paras. 5 and 8
A/C.5/47/L.27	Draft decision	Ibid., paras. 5 and 9

United Nations

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Official Records

*Agenda items 103 and 104**

ANNEXES

FORTY-SEVENTH SESSION

NEW YORK, 1992/1993

Agenda item 103: Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations
Agenda item 104: Programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993

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Document A/47/798: Implications of the draft resolutions contained in documents A/47/L.29, L.31, L.32, L.44 and L.45 (agenda item 33): Report of the Fifth Committee 11

Document A/47/799: Implications of the draft resolution contained in document A/47/L.34/Rev.1 (agenda item 36): Report of the Fifth Committee 11

Document A/47/800: Implications of the draft resolution submitted by the Second Committee in document A/47/730 (agenda item 90): Report of the Fifth Committee 12

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* For the records of the relevant meetings, see *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Fifth Committee*, 14th to 17th, 19th, 20th, 23rd, 28th, 29th, 31st, 32nd, 35th, 37th to 40th, 42nd to 45th, 47th, 49th to 53rd, 58th to 63rd, 65th, 66th, 71st, 75th and 76th meetings, and corrigendum; and ibid., *Plenary Meetings*, 94th, 102nd and 110th meetings. For the prior consideration of the question dealt with under agenda item 103, see *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-sixth Session, Annexes*, agenda item 105.

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AGENDA ITEM 103

DOCUMENT A/47/830

Report of the Fifth Committee

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*22 December 1992*]

1. At its 3rd plenary meeting, on 18 September 1992, the General Assembly, on the recommendation of the General Committee, decided to include in the agenda of its forty-seventh session, as item 103, the item entitled "Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations" and to allocate it to the Fifth Committee for consideration and report.

2. The Fifth Committee considered agenda item 103 in conjunction with item 104 (Programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993) and item 105 (Programme planning) at its 14th to 17th, 19th and 20th meetings, between 26 October and 5 November 1992. The Committee also considered the item with item 104 only at its 40th, 44th, 45th, 51st and 52nd meetings, between 9 and 21 December 1992. The Committee further considered the item separately at its 52nd meeting, on 21 December 1992. Comments and observations made in the course of the Committee's consideration of the item are reflected in the summary records of the meetings (A/C.5/47/SR. 14-17, 19, 20, 40, 44, 45, 51 and 52).

3. For its consideration of the item, the Committee had before it the following documents:

[*See the list of documents at the end of the present fascicle.*]

Consideration of proposals

Draft resolution A/C.5/47/L.17

4. At the 51st meeting, on 20 December, Mr. Zahid (Morocco), Vice-Chairman of the Fifth Committee, following informal consultations, introduced a draft resolution (A/C.5/47/L.17) entitled "Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations and programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993".

5. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted draft resolution A/C.5/47/L.17 without a vote (see para. 12 below, draft resolution I).

6. Statements in explanation of position were made by the representatives of Australia and Japan.

Draft resolution A/C.5/47/L.24

7. At the 51st meeting, Mr. Zahid (Morocco), following informal consultations, introduced a draft resolution (A/C.5/47/L.24) entitled "Proposed programme budget outline for the biennium 1994-1995".

8. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted draft resolution A/C.5/47/L.24 without a vote (see para. 12 below, draft resolution II).

9. Statements in explanation of position were made by the representatives of Uganda and Cameroon.

Draft decision A/C.5/47/L.30

10. At the 52nd meeting, on 21 December, the Chairman of the Fifth Committee introduced a draft decision (A/C.5/47/L.30) entitled "Biennial programme of work for the Fifth Committee for 1993-1994".

11. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted draft decision A/C.5/47/L.30 without a vote (see para. 13 below).

Recommendations of the Fifth Committee

12. The Fifth Committee recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of draft resolutions I and II below:

Draft resolution I

REVIEW OF THE EFFICIENCY OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL FUNCTIONING OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND PROGRAMME BUDGET FOR THE BIENNIUM 1992-1993

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 41/213 of 19 December 1986, 42/211 of 21 December 1987, 43/213 of 21 December 1988, 44/200 A to C of 21 December 1989 and 45/254 A to C of 21 December 1990 on the review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations,

Reaffirming its resolution 46/232 of 2 March 1992 on the revitalization of the Secretariat,

Recalling its resolutions 46/185 A to C of 20 December 1991 on questions relating to the proposed programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993 and 46/186 A to C of 20 December 1991 on the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993,

Having considered the documents submitted under the items on the review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations and on the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993 (A/46/327 and Corr.1 and Add.1, A/46/545, A/C.5/46/CRP.1, A/C.5/47/2 and Corr.1, A/C.5/47/3 and A/C.5/47/4),

Also having considered the relevant parts of the report of the Committee for Programme and Coordination on the work of its thirty-second session (see A/47/16 (Parts I and II)) and the reports of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (A/47/7/Add.1 and A/47/7/Add.9),

I

1. *Reaffirms* that the search for efficiency initiated through resolution 41/213 is a continuing process;

2. *Notes* that workload standards and other management techniques which are of crucial importance to the determination of the resources required for the fulfilment of mandates in the various domains of activity of the Organization remain unutilized;

3. *Reiterates its request* to the Secretary-General to develop such standards and to use them to the extent possible for his preparation of the proposed programme budget for the biennium 1994-1995, as well as for the submission of statements of programme budget implications, revised estimates and other documents related to the use of resources of the Organization;

4. *Emphasizes* that the presentation of extrabudgetary resources in the programme budget, in relation to posts, priorities and other aspects of the functioning of the Organization, needs to be further improved, and, in particular, that it is necessary to present in the programme budget data on the actual amount of extrabudgetary resources received and utilized during the previous period, as well as to improve the quality of the forecasts for such resources;

II

1. *Stresses* that the restructuring of the Secretariat should be in conformity with the objectives and guidelines/principles set out in its resolution 46/232 and in close consultation with Member States and relevant intergovernmental bodies;

2. *Reaffirms* the role of the General Assembly with regard to the structure of the Secretariat, including the creation, suppression and redeployment of posts financed from the regular budget of the Organization, and requests the Secretary-General to provide the Assembly with comprehensive information on all decisions involving established and temporary high-level posts, including equivalent positions financed from the regular budget and extrabudgetary resources;

3. *Takes note* of the relevant parts of the report of the Committee for Programme and Coordination (see A/47/16 (Part II));

4. *Concurs* with relevant comments and observations of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (see A/47/7/Add.1);

5. *Regrets* that the report of the Secretary-General on revised estimates does not include information on the programmatic aspects and implications of the restructuring as requested in resolution 46/232;

6. *Requests* the Secretary-General to provide the Committee for Programme and Coordination and other concerned intergovernmental bodies with all relevant information which will enable them to identify and analyse the programmatic aspects and consequences of the restructuring of the Secretariat in the areas of their competence and invites them to submit their comments and recommendations to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session;

7. *Takes note* of the current revised estimates arising from the initial phase of the restructuring of the Secretariat, including the proposals for transfers of resources among sections, on the understanding that, pending the work of the relevant intergovernmental bodies, the Secretary-General will submit to the General Assembly, through the Advisory Committee, early in 1993 revised estimates of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993;

8. *Requests* the Secretary-General to submit in these revised estimates all the revisions in the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993 associated with the restructuring process as well as the programmatic aspects and justifications of the restructuring of the Secretariat requested in resolution 46/232;

9. *Decides*, with regard to the recommendation of the Committee for Programme and Coordination contained in paragraph 261 of its report (see A/47/16 (Part II)), to consider early in 1993 the proposed reduction of high-level posts contained in the current revised estimates, and requests the Secretary-General to submit to the General Assembly, in the context of the revised estimates referred to in paragraph 8 above, his proposals for the number and distribution of high-level posts in the Secretariat for the remaining part of the biennium 1992-1993;

III

1. *Endorses* the proposed new budget format and the related conclusions and recommendations of the Committee for Programme and Coordination and the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions, and invites the Secretary-General to continue improving the presentation of the programme budget, notably in terms of facilitating a comparison of appropriations and actual level of expenditure by object;

2. *Regrets* that the note by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/4) on procedures and norms for changes in the staffing table does not contain proposals for improving the current methods and processes;

3. *Requests* the Secretary-General to improve the presentation and justification of the changes in the staffing table of the Organization that he may propose in the context of the proposed programme budget for the biennium 1994-1995;

4. *Also requests* the Secretary-General to submit to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session a report on all

issues related to the creation, suppression, reclassification and redeployment of posts;

5. *Further requests* the Secretary-General to submit an analytical report on all aspects of the restructuring of the Secretariat, including its effects on programme delivery, to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session, in the context of the implementation of resolutions 41/213, 42/211, 43/213, 44/200 A to C, 46/232 and the present resolution.

Draft resolution II

PROPOSED PROGRAMME BUDGET OUTLINE FOR THE BIENNIUM 1994-1995

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 41/213 of 19 December 1986, by which, *inter alia*, it requested the Secretary-General to submit in off-budget years an outline of the programme budget for the following biennium,

Recalling also its resolution 43/214 of 21 December 1988 on the proposed programme budget outline for the biennium 1990-1991 and use and operation of the contingency fund and its resolution 45/255 of 21 December 1990 on the proposed programme budget outline for the biennium 1992-1993,

Having considered the report of the Secretary-General (A/47/358) and the relevant parts of the report of the Committee for Programme and Coordination (see A/47/16 (Part II)) and of the report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (see A/47/7/Add.9),

1. *Reaffirms* that the proposed programme budget outline shall contain, in accordance with the provisions of annex I to resolution 41/213, an indication of (*a*) a preliminary estimate of resources to accommodate the proposed programme of activities during the biennium; (*b*) priorities reflecting general trends of a broad sectoral nature; (*c*) real growth, positive or negative, compared with the previous budget; and (*d*) the size of the contingency fund expressed as a percentage of the overall level of resources;

2. *Reaffirms also* that the outline should provide a greater level of predictability of resources required for the following biennium, promote a greater involvement of Member States in the budgetary process and thereby facilitate the broadest possible agreement on the programme budget;

3. *Notes* that the proposed programme budget outline for the the biennium 1994-1995 takes into account the budgetary aspects of the restructuring of the Secretariat;

4. *Approves* the methodological changes reflected in the report of the Secretary-General (A/47/358) and recognizes that further improvements in the preparation and presentation of the outline may be required;

5. *Endorses* the conclusions and recommendations of the Committee for Programme and Coordination and the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions, subject to the provisions of paragraphs 6 to 11 below;

6. *Invites* the Secretary-General to prepare the proposed programme budget for the biennium 1994-1995 on the basis of the total preliminary estimate provided by the Advisory Committee of 2,386,400,000 United States dollars at the initial 1992-1993 rates, to be adjusted at revised 1992-1993 rates;

7. *Reaffirms* the need for a comprehensive and satisfactory solution to the problem of controlling the effects of inflation and currency fluctuation on the budget of the United Nations;

8. *Decides* that the contingency fund of the programme budget for the biennium 1994-1995 shall be established at the level of 0.75 per cent of the preliminary estimate of resources for the biennium 1994-1995, to be recosted at 1994-1995 rates;

9. *Recalls*, in this regard, that a review of the level and use and operation of the contingency fund, as well as the procedures for the provision of statements of programme budget implications, shall be undertaken by the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session;

10. *Takes note* of the proposals contained in paragraphs 10 to 12 of the report of the Secretary-General (ibid.), paragraph 223 of the report of the Committee for Programme and Coordination (A/47/16 (Part II)) and the views expressed by Member States on priorities, and requests the Secretary-General, when preparing the proposed programme budget for the biennium 1994-1995, to give particular attention to them and to the priorities contained in the introduction to the medium-term plan for the period 1992-1997 and endorsed by the General Assembly in its resolutions 45/253 and 45/255 of 21 December 1990;

11. *Requests* the Secretary-General to submit the proposed programme budget for the biennium 1994-1995 in accordance with the present resolution and all resolutions and decisions of the General Assembly pertinent to the new budgetary process.

* * *

13. The Fifth Committee also recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of the following draft decision:

BIENNIAL PROGRAMME OF WORK FOR THE FIFTH COMMITTEE FOR 1993-1994

The General Assembly, in accordance with paragraph 6 of its resolution 46/220 of 20 December 1991, approves the biennial programme of work for the Fifth Committee for 1993-1994, annexed hereto.

ANNEX

Biennial programme of work for the Fifth Committee for 1993-1994

A. *Programme of work for 1993*

1. Financial reports and audited financial statements, and reports of the Board of Auditors
2. Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations
3. Programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993
4. Proposed programme budget for the biennium 1994-1995
5. Improving the financial situation of the United Nations
6. Joint Inspection Unit
7. Pattern of conferences
8. Scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of the United Nations
9. United Nations common system
10. United Nations pension system
11. Financing of the United Nations peace-keeping operations
12. Administrative and budgetary aspects of the financing of the United Nations peace-keeping operations
13. Report of the Economic and Social Council

14. Appointments to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other appointments

B. *Programme of work for 1994*

1. Financial reports and audited financial statements, and reports of the Board of Auditors
2. Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations
3. Programme budget for the biennium 1994-1995
4. Programme planning
5. Improving the financial situation of the United Nations
6. Programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993
7. Administrative and budgetary coordination of the United Nations with the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency
8. Pattern of conferences
9. Scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of the United Nations
10. Personnel questions
11. United Nations common system
12. United Nations pension system
13. Financing of the United Nations peace-keeping operations
14. Report of the Economic and Social Council
15. Appointments to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other appointments

AGENDA ITEM 104

Programme budget implications of proposals made during the session

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DOCUMENT A/47/704

Implications of the draft resolution submitted by the First Committee in document A/47/690

(Agenda item 60)

Report of the Fifth Committee

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*25 November 1992*]

1. At its 29th meeting, on 19 November 1992, the Fifth Committee, pursuant to rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly, considered the statement by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/49) on the programme budget implications of the draft resolution submitted by the First Committee in its report (A/47/690, para. 11). The related report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions was presented orally by the Chairman of the Fifth Committee (see A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, para. 4).

2. Statements and comments made in the course of the Committee's consideration of the question are reflected in the summary record of the meeting (A/C.5/47/SR.29).

Decision of the Committee

3. The Fifth Committee decided, without a vote, to inform the General Assembly that should it adopt the draft resolution of the First Committee, it would need to authorize the Secretary-General to provide, on an exceptional basis, the required services to the Preparatory Commission for the Organization on the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons as an advance from the General Fund of up to $626,000 to be reimbursed to the United Nations by the Preparatory Commission within 90 days of the anticipated beginning of the rendering of services by the United Nations, that is, before 15 April 1993, and on the understanding that reimbursement of the advance would be an absolute priority on the resources of the Preparatory Commission.

DOCUMENT A/47/711

Implications of the draft resolutions contained in documents A/47/L.17 and L.18

(Agenda item 18)

Report of the Fifth Committee

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*24 November 1992*]

1. At its 31st meeting, on 24 November 1992, the Fifth Committee, pursuant to rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly, considered the statement by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/48) on the programme budget implications of the draft

resolutions contained in documents A/47/L.17 and L.18. The related report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions was presented orally by its Chairman (see A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, para. 5).

2. Statements and comments made in the course of the Committee's consideration of this question are reflected in the summary record of the meeting (A/C.5/47/SR.31).

Decision of the Committee

3. The Fifth Committee decided, without a vote, to inform the General Assembly that should it adopt draft resolutions A/47/L.17 and L.18, the implementation of draft resolution A/47/L.17 would require modification in the programme of work initially programmed under section 6 (Special political questions; regional cooperation; trusteeship and decolonization) of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993, as referred to in paragraph 10 of the Secretary-General's statement, whereas the implementation of draft resolution A/47/L.18 would require no modification in the citation of activities under section 31 (Public information) of the programme budget. It further decided to inform the Assembly that, should it adopt the draft resolutions, no additional appropriations would be required under section 31, 37 (Department of Political Affairs) or 41 (Administration and management) of the programme budget.

DOCUMENT A/47/714

Implications of the draft resolution submitted by the Sixth Committee in document A/47/588

(Agenda item 133)

Report of the Fifth Committee

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*25 November 1992*]

1. At its 32nd meeting, on 25 November 1992, the Fifth Committee, pursuant to rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly, considered the statement by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/56) on the programme budget implications of the draft resolution submitted by the Sixth Committee in its report (A/47/588, para. 9). The related report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions was presented orally by its Chairman (see A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, para. 10).

2. Statements and comments made in the course of the Committee's consideration of this question are reflected in the summary record of the meeting (A/C.5/47/SR.32).

Decision of the Committee

3. The Fifth Committee decided, without a vote, to inform the General Assembly that should it adopt the draft resolution of the Sixth Committee, no additional appropriation would be required under the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993.

DOCUMENT A/47/761

Implications of the draft decision submitted by the First Committee in document A/47/693

(Agenda item 63)

Report of the Fifth Committee

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*8 December 1992*]

1. At its 38th meeting, on 8 December 1992, the Fifth Committee, pursuant to rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly, considered the statement by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/63) on the programme budget implications of the draft decision submitted by the First Committee in its report (A/47/693, para. 28). The Fifth Committee had before it the related report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (see A/47/7/Add.11).

2. Statements and comments made in the course of the Committee's consideration of this question are reflected in the summary record of the meeting (A/C.5/47/SR.38).

Decision of the Committee

3. The Fifth Committee decided, without a vote, to inform the General Assembly that should it adopt the draft decision of the First Committee, no additional appropriation would be required under section 37 (Department of Political Affairs) or 41 (Administration and management) of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993.

DOCUMENT A/47/762

Implications of the draft resolution submitted by the First Committee in document A/47/698

(Agenda item 68)

Report of the Fifth Committee

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*8 December 1992*]

1. At its 38th meeting, on 8 December 1992, the Fifth Committee, pursuant to rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly, considered the statement by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/52) on the programme budget implications of the draft resolution submitted by the First Committee in its report (A/47/698, para. 9). The Fifth Committee had before it the related report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (see A/47/7/Add.11).

2. Statements and comments made in the course of the Committee's consideration of this question are reflected in the summary record of the meeting (A/C.5/47/SR.38).

Decision of the Committee

3. The Fifth Committee decided, without a vote, to inform the General Assembly that should it adopt the draft resolution of the First Committee, no additional appropriation would be required under section 37 (Department of Political Affairs) or 41 (Administration and management) of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993.

DOCUMENT A/47/770

Implications of draft resolution I submitted by the Special Political Committee in document A/47/613

(Agenda item 75)

Report of the Fifth Committee

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*10 December 1992*]

1. At its 40th meeting, on 9 December 1992, the Fifth Committee, pursuant to rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly, considered the statement by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/60) on the programme budget implications of draft resolution I submitted by the Special Political Committee in its report (A/47/613, para. 20). The related report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions was presented orally by the Chairman of the Fifth Committee (see A/47/7 and Add. 1-17, annex, para. 19).

2. Statements and comments made in the course of the Committee's consideration of this question are reflected in the summary record of the meeting (A/C.5/47/SR.40).

Decision of the Committee

3. The Fifth Committee decided, without a vote, to inform the General Assembly that should it adopt draft resolution I of the Special Political Committee, no additional appropriation would be required under section 2 (Peace-keeping operations and special missions), 31 (Public information) or 41 (Administration and management) of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993.

DOCUMENT A/47/771

Implications of draft resolution B submitted by the Special Political Committee in document A/47/614

(Agenda item 76)

Report of the Fifth Committee

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*10 December 1992*]

1. At its 40th meeting, on 9 December 1992, the Fifth Committee, pursuant to rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly, considered the statement by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/57) on the programme budget implications of draft resolution B submitted by the Special Political Committee in its report (A/47/614, para. 11). The related report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions was presented orally by the Chairman of the Fifth Committee (see A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, para. 18).

2. Statements and comments made in the course of the Committee's consideration of this question are reflected in the summary record of the meeting (A/C.5/47/SR.40).

Decision of the Committee

3. The Fifth Committee decided, without a vote, to inform the General Assembly that should it adopt draft resolution B of the Special Political Committee, no additional appropriation would be required under section 31 (Public information) or 41 (Administration and management) of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993.

DOCUMENT A/47/784

Implications of the draft resolutions submitted by the First Committee in the following documents: A/47/689 (draft resolution), A/47/691 (draft resolution E) and A/47/692 (draft resolution A)

(Agenda items 59, 61 (*l*) and 62 (*b*))

Report of the Fifth Committee

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*14 December 1992*]

1. At its 44th meeting, on 14 December 1992, the Fifth Committee, pursuant to rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly, considered the statements by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/50, A/C.5/47/64 and A/C.5/47/65) on the programme budget implications of the following draft resolutions submitted by the First Committee under agenda items 61 (*l*), 62 (*b*) and 59, respectively: draft resolution E entitled "Transparency in armaments" (A/47/691, para. 38), draft resolution A entitled "Regional confidence-building measures" (A/47/692, para. 25) and the draft resolution entitled "Implementation of the Declaration on the Denuclearization of Africa" (A/47/689, para. 9). The Fifth Committee had before it the related report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (see A/47/7/Add.11).

2. Statements and comments made in the course of the Committee's consideration of this question are reflected in the summary record of the meeting (A/C.5/47/SR.44).

Decisions of the Committee

A. TRANSPARENCY IN ARMAMENTS

3. The Fifth Committee decided, without a vote, to inform the General Assembly that should it adopt draft resolution E of the First Committee, an additional appropriation estimated at $79,500 would be required under section 37 (Department of Political Affairs) of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993, subject to the guidelines for the use and operation of the contingency fund approved by the Assembly in its resolution 42/211 of 21 December 1987.

B. REGIONAL CONFIDENCE-BUILDING MEASURES

4. The Fifth Committee decided, without a vote, to inform the General Assembly that should it adopt draft resolution A of the First Committee, an additional appropriation estimated at $203,200 would be required under section 37 of the programme budget for

the biennium 1992-1993, on the understanding that the exception to the rules on reimbursement of travel and subsistence expenses for government representatives relates to the 1993 programme budget only and, pending the conclusion of the general review of this issue, shall not constitute a precedent. This additional appropriation would be subject to the guidelines for the use and operation of the contingency fund approved by the Assembly in its resolution 42/211.

C. IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON THE DENUCLEARIZATION OF AFRICA

5. The Fifth Committee decided, without a vote, to inform the General Assembly that should it adopt the draft resolution of the First Committee, an additional appropriation estimated at $72,300 would arise under section 37 of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993, on the understanding that the exception to the rules on reimbursement of travel and subsistence expenses for government representatives relates to the 1993 programme budget only and, pending the conclusion of the general review of this issue, shall not constitute a precedent. This additional appropriation would be subject to the guidelines for the use and operation of the contingency fund approved by the Assembly in its resolution 42/211. In addition, the modifications to the approved programme of work outlined in paragraph 6 of the Secretary-General's statement would be required.

DOCUMENT A/47/785

Implications of draft resolution V submitted by the Third Committee in document A/47/703

(Agenda item 93 (*b*))

Report of the Fifth Committee

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*14 December 1992*]

1. At its 42nd meeting, on 11 December 1992, the Fifth Committee, pursuant to rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly, considered the statement by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/54) on the programme budget implications of draft resolution V submitted by the Third Committee in its report (A/47/703, para. 30). The related report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions was presented orally by the Secretary of the Fifth Committee (see A/C.5/47/42).

2. Statements and comments made in the course of the Committee's consideration of the question are reflected in the summary record of the meeting (A/C.5/47/SR.42).

Decision of the Committee

3. The Fifth Committee decided, without a vote, to inform the General Assembly that should it adopt draft resolution V of the Third Committee, it would concur in the proposals of the Secretary-General on the financing of United Nations African Institute for the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders as contained in the statement submitted by the Secretary-General.

DOCUMENT A/47/786

Implications of the draft resolution submitted by the Third Committee in document A/47/678

(Agenda item 97 (*b*))

Report of the Fifth Committee

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*14 December 1992*]

1. At its 44th meeting, on 14 December 1992, the Fifth Committee, pursuant to rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly, considered the statement by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/55) on the programme budget implications of the draft resolution submitted by the Third Committee in its report (A/47/678, para. 8). The Fifth Committee had before it the related report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (A/47/7/Add.12).

2. Statements and comments made in the course of the Committee's consideration of the question are reflected in the summary record of the meeting (A/C/5/47/SR.44).

Decision of the Committee

3. The Fifth Committee decided, without a vote, to inform the General Assembly that should it adopt the draft resolution of the Third Committee, the Secretary-General would establish an observer mission to be known as the United Nations Observer Mission to Verify the Referendum in Eritrea under the terms of reference outlined in paragraph 4 of the statement submitted by the Secretary-General.

4. The General Assembly would authorize the Secretary-General to enter into commitments not exceeding $2 million pending receipt of voluntary contributions for this operation. The related commitments would be treated as an advance from the Working Capital Fund in accordance with financial regulation 6.4. Any supplementary appropriations required would be dealt with in the context of the second performance report on the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993.

* * *

5. Statements in explanation of position after the decision were made by the representatives of Belgium, Canada and Ireland.

DOCUMENT A/47/788

Implications of the draft resolution submitted by the Third Committee in document A/47/703/Add.1

(Agenda item 93 (*a*))

Report of the Fifth Committee

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*15 December 1992*]

1. At its 45th meeting, on 15 December 1992, the Fifth Committee, pursuant to rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly, considered the statement by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/70) on the programme budget implications of the draft resolution submitted by the Third Committee in its report (A/47/703/Add.1, para. 8). The related report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions was presented orally by its Chairman (see A/47/7 and Add. 1-17, annex, paras. 38-41).

2. Statements and comments made in the course of the Committee's consideration of this question are reflected in the summary record of the meeting (A/C.5/47/SR.45).

Decision of the Committee

3. The Fifth Committee decided, without a vote, to inform the General Assembly that should it adopt the draft resolution of the Third Committee, an additional appropriation of $189,600 would be required under section 21 (Social development and humanitarian affairs) of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993 and would be subject to the guidelines for the use and operation of the contingency fund approved by the Assembly in its resolution 42/211 of 21 December 1987.

DOCUMENT A/47/789

Implications of draft resolutions IV and V submitted by the Third Committee in document A/47/678/Add.1

(Agenda item 97 (*a*))

Report of the Fifth Committee

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*15 December 1992*]

1. At its 45th meeting, on 15 December 1992, the Fifth Committee, pursuant to rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly, considered the statement by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/69) on the programme budget implications of draft resolutions IV and V submitted by the Third Committee in its report (A/47/678/Add.1, para. 23). The related

report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions was presented orally by its Chairman (see A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, paras. 32-37).

2. Statements and comments made in the course of the Committee's consideration of this question are reflected in the summary record of the meeting (A/C.5/47/SR.45).

Decisions of the Fifth Committee

3. The Fifth Committee decided, without a vote, to inform the General Assembly that should it adopt draft resolution IV of the Third Committee, taking into account paragraph 14 of the statement submitted by the Secretary-General, no additional appropriations would be required under section 28 (Human rights) of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993 at the current stage. It was understood that the modalities for the financing of treaty bodies would continue to be studied by the Advisory Committee, which would report to the Assembly as early as possible.

4. The Fifth Committee also decided, without a vote, to inform the General Assembly that should it adopt draft resolution V of the Third Committee, an additional appropriation of $44,800 would be required under section 28 of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993 and would be subject to the guidelines for the use and operation of the contingency fund approved by the Assembly in its resolution 42/211 of 21 December 1987.

DOCUMENT A/47/798

Implications of the draft resolutions contained in documents A/47/L.29, L.31, L.32, L.44 and L.45

(Agenda item 33)

Report of the Fifth Committee

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*17 December 1992*]

1. At its 47th meeting, on 17 December 1992, the Fifth Committee, pursuant to rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly, considered the statement by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/74) on the programme budget implications of the draft resolutions contained in documents A/47/L.29, L.31, L.32, L.44 and L.45. The related report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions was presented orally by its Chairman (see A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, para. 78).

2. Statements and comments made in the course of the Committee's consideration of this question are reflected in the summary record of the meeting (A/C.5/47/SR.47).

Decisions of the Committee

3. The Fifth Committee decided, without a vote, to inform the General Assembly that, based on the statement submitted by the Secretary-General and the recommendations of the Advisory Committee, should it adopt draft resolutions A/47/L.29, L.31, L.32, L.44 and L.45, no modifications would be required in the programme of work under section 31 (Public information), 37 (Department of Political Affairs) or 41 (Administration and management) of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993.

4. It further decided to inform the General Assembly that should it adopt the draft resolutions, no additional appropriations would be required at the current stage under section 31, 37 or 41 of the programme budget.

DOCUMENT A/47/799

Implications of the draft resolution contained in document A/47/L.34/Rev.1

(Agenda item 36)

Report of the Fifth Committee

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*17 December 1992*]

1. At its 47th meeting, on 17 December 1992, the Fifth Committee, pursuant to rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly, considered the statement by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/73) on the programme budget implications of the draft resolution contained in document A/47/L.34/Rev.1. The related report of the Advisory

Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions was presented orally by its Chairman (see A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, paras. 74-77).

2. Statements and comments made in the course of the Committee's consideration of this question are reflected in the summary record of the meeting (A/C.5/47/SR.47).

Decision of the Committee

3. The Fifth Committee decided, without a vote, to inform the General Assembly that should it adopt draft resolution A/47/L.34/Rev.1, an additional appropriation of $155,200 would be required under section 2 (Peace-keeping operations and special missions) of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993, on the understanding that these requirements would be dealt with under the provisions of paragraph 11 of annex I to Assembly resolution 41/213 of 19 December 1986 and would thus be treated outside the procedure related to the contingency fund. Furthermore, an additional appropriation of $40,100 would be required under section 36 (Staff assessment), offset by the same amount under income section 1 (Income from staff assessment).

DOCUMENT A/47/800

Implications of the draft resolution submitted by the Second Committee in document A/47/730

(Agenda item 90)

Report of the Fifth Committee

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*17 December 1992*]

1. At its 47th meeting, on 17 December 1992, the Fifth Committee, pursuant to rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly, considered the statement by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/75) on the programme budget implications of the draft resolution submitted by the Second Committee in its report (A/47/730, para. 11). The related report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions was presented orally by its Chairman (see A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, para. 79).

2. Statements and comments made in the course of the Committee's consideration of this question are reflected in the summary record of the meeting (A/C.5/47/SR.47).

Decision of the Committee

3. The Fifth Committee decided, without a vote, to inform the General Assembly that, based on the statement submitted by the Secretary-General and the recommendations of the Advisory Committee, should it adopt the draft resolution of the Second Committee, an additional non-recurrent appropriation of $247,700 would be required under section 1 (Overall policy-making, direction and coordination) of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993. The requirement would constitute an additional expenditure derived from legislative mandates not provided for in the programme budget and would therefore be subject to the guidelines for the use and operation of the contingency fund approved by the Assembly in its resolution 42/211 of 21 December 1987. In addition, the appropriation under section 36 (Staff assessment) should be increased by $42,100, to be offset by the same amount under income section 1 (Income from staff assessment).

DOCUMENT A/47/801

Implications of the draft resolution contained in document A/47/L.25/Rev.1

(Agenda item 141)

Report of the Fifth Committee

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*17 December 1992*]

1. At its 47th meeting, on 17 December 1992, the Fifth Committee, pursuant to rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly, considered the statement by

the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/72) on the programme budget implications of the draft resolution contained in document A/47/L.25/Rev.1. The related report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions was presented orally by its Chairman (see A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, paras. 64-73).

2. Statements and comments made in the course of the Committee's consideration of this question are reflected in the summary record of the meeting (A/C.5/47/SR.47).

Decision of the Committee

3. The Fifth Committee decided, without a vote, to inform the General Assembly that should it adopt draft resolution A/47/L.25/Rev.1, an additional appropriation of $800,000 would be required under section 2 (Peace-keeping operations and special missions) of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993, on the understanding that that requirement would be dealt with under the provisions of paragraph 11 of annex I to Assembly resolution 41/213 of 19 December 1986 and would thus be treated outside the procedures related to the contingency fund. Furthermore, an additional appropriation of $124,000 would be required under section 36 (Staff assessment), offset by the same amount under income section 1 (Income from staff assessment).

DOCUMENT A/47/802

Implications of draft resolution II submitted by the Second Committee in document A/47/718/Add.2

(Agenda item 78 (*a*))

Report of the Fifth Committee

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*18 December 1992*]

1. At its 47th meeting, on 17 December 1992, the Fifth Committee, pursuant to rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly, considered the statement by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/76) on the programme budget implications of draft resolution II submitted by the Second Committee in its report (A/47/718/Add.2, para. 42). The related report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions was presented orally by its Chairman (see A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, para. 80).

2. Statements and comments made in the course of the Committee's consideration of the question are reflected in the summary record of the meeting (A/C.5/47/SR.47).

Decision of the Committee

3. The Fifth Committee decided, without a vote, to inform the General Assembly that should it adopt draft resolution II of the Second Committee, no additional appropriation would be required under section 15 (United Nations Conference on Trade and Development) or 41 (Administration and management) of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993.

DOCUMENT A/47/810

Implications of draft resolution III submitted by the Second Committee in document A/47/718/Add.1

(Agenda item 78)

Report of the Fifth Committee

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*18 December 1992*]

1. At its 49th meeting, on 18 December 1992, the Fifth Committee, pursuant to rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly, considered the statement by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/80) on the programme budget implications of draft resolution III submitted by the Second Committee in its report (A/47/718/Add.1, para. 26). The related report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions was presented orally by its Chairman (see A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, paras. 93-95).

2. Statements and comments made in the course of the Committee's consideration of the question are reflected in the summary record of the meeting (A/C.5/47/SR.49).

Decision of the Committee

3. The Fifth Committee decided, without a vote, to inform the General Assembly that should it adopt draft resolution III of the Second Committee, an additional appropriation estimated at $247,100 would be required under section 19 (United Nations Centre for Human Settlements (Habitat)) of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993. This additional appropriation would be subject to the guidelines for the use and operation of the contingency fund approved by the Assembly in its resolution 42/211 of 21 December 1987. In addition, an amount of $20,200 would be required under section 36 (Staff assessment), to be offset by an increase in the same amount under income section 1 (Income from staff assessment).

DOCUMENT A/47/811

Implications of draft resolution V submitted by the Second Committee in document A/47/719

(Agenda item 79)

Report of the Fifth Committee

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*18 December 1992*]

1. At its 49th meeting, on 18 December 1992, the Fifth Committee, pursuant to rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly, considered the statement by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/78) on the programme budget implications of draft resolution V submitted by the Second Committee in its report (A/47/719, para. 35). The related report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions was presented orally by its Chairman (see A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, paras. 91 and 92).

2. Statements and comments made in the course of the Committee's consideration of this question are reflected in the summary record of the meeting (A/C.5/47/SR.49).

Decisions of the Committee

3. The Fifth Committee decided, without a vote, to inform the General Assembly that should it adopt draft resolution V of the Second Committee, no additional appropriations would be required at current stage under section 38 (Legal activities) or 41 (Administration and management) of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993.

4. The Fifth Committee also decided, without a vote, to inform the General Assembly that should it adopt the draft resolution, it would authorize on an exceptional basis the payment of travel expenses of representatives of developing countries, especially those most concerned with the subject-matter of the intergovernmental conference on straddling fish stocks and highly migratory fish stocks, in particular the least developed countries, from the voluntary fund that would be established for the purpose of assisting those countries participating in the conference.

DOCUMENT A/47/814

Implications of draft resolutions I, II and IV submitted by the Second Committee in document A/47/719

(Agenda item 79)

Report of the Fifth Committee

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*20 December 1992*]

1. At its 49th meeting, on 18 December 1992, the Fifth Committee, pursuant to rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly, considered the statement by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/81) on the programme budget implications of draft resolutions I, II and IV submitted by the Second Committee in its report (A/47/719,

para. 35). A statement on behalf of the Committee on Conferences was made by its Chairman. The related report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions was presented orally by its Chairman (see A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, paras. 96-101).

2. Statements and comments made in the course of the Committee's consideration of this question are reflected in the summary record of the meeting (A/C.5/47/SR.49).

Decision of the Committee

3. The Fifth Committee decided, without a vote, to inform the General Assembly that should it adopt draft resolutions I, II and IV of the Second Committee, an additional appropriation in the amount of $779,300 would be required for the first three months of 1993, including $331,800 under section 11.G (International Convention to Combat Desertification), $418,300 under section 11.H (Arrangements for servicing the Commission on Sustainable Development and for the preparation of the Global Conference on Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States), and $29,200 under section 31 (Public information), as well as an additional amount of $84,000 under section 36 (Staff assessment), to be offset by the same amount under income section 1 (Income from staff assessment), of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993. The totality of requirements, which would be subject to the guidelines for the use and operation of the contingency fund approved by the Assembly in its resolution 42/211 of 21 December 1987, would be reviewed in the context of the revised estimates for the biennium 1992-1993 to be submitted to the Assembly at its resumed forty-seventh session.

* * *

4. Statements in explanation of position after the decision were made by the representatives of Algeria and Tunisia.

DOCUMENT A/47/815

Implications of the draft resolution contained in document A/47/L.49

(Agenda item 80)

Report of the Fifth Committee

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*20 December 1992*]

1. At its 49th meeting, on 18 December 1992, the Fifth Committee, pursuant to rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly, considered the statement by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/83) on the programme budget implications of the draft resolution contained in document A/47/L.49. The related report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions was presented orally by its Chairman (see A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, paras. 102-111).

2. Statements and comments made in the course of the Committee's consideration of this question are reflected in the summary record of the meeting (A/C.5/47/SR.49).

Decision of the Committee

3. The Fifth Committee decided, without a vote, to inform the General Assembly that should it adopt draft resolution A/47/L.49, an additional appropriation of $279,250 would be required at the current stage, under section 11.F of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993, subject to the guidelines for the use and operation of the contingency fund, and on the understanding that the totality of requirements would be reviewed in the context of the revised estimates for the biennium to be submitted to the Assembly at its resumed forty-seventh session. In addition, at the current stage, an amount of $59,600 would be required under section 36 (Staff assessment), to be offset by an increase in the same amount under income section 1 (Income from staff assessment).

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DOCUMENTS A/47/835 AND ADD.1 AND 2

Report of the Fifth Committee

DOCUMENT A/47/835

PART I OF THE REPORT

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*23 December 1992*]

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I. Introduction

1. At its 3rd plenary meeting, on 18 September 1992, the General Assembly, on the recommendation of the General Committee, decided to include in the agenda of its forty-seventh session, as item 104, the item entitled "Programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993" and to allocate it to the Fifth Committee for consideration and report.

2. The Fifth Committee considered agenda item 104 in conjunction with item 103 (Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations) and item 105 (Programme planning) at its 14th to 17th, 19th and 20th meetings, between 26 October and 5 November 1992. The Committee also considered the item with item 103 only at its 40th, 44th, 45th, 51st and 52nd meetings, between 9 and 21 December 1992. The Committee considered the item separately at its 23rd, 28th, 29th, 31st, 32nd, 35th, 37th to 40th, 42nd to 45th, 47th and 49th to 53rd meetings, between 10 November and 22 December 1992.

3. The comments and observations made in the course of the discussion of the item are reflected in the summary records of the meetings (A/C.5/47/SR.14-17, 19, 20, 23, 28, 29, 31, 32, 35, 37-40, 42-45, 47 and 49-53).

4. In accordance with the guidelines for the use and operation of contingency fund, annexed to General Assembly resolution 42/211 of 21 December 1987, the Fifth Committee, at its 51st meeting, on 20 December 1992, considered a consolidated statement (A/C.5/47/85) of all programme budget implications and revised estimates that were subject to the criteria for the use of the contingency fund and the corresponding report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions, which was presented orally by its Chairman (see A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, paras. 115 and 116). The consolidated amount fell within the available balance of the contingency fund. The Committee, therefore, proceeded to approve the required amounts under the relevant sections of the programme budget.

5. Section II of the present document contains a summary of the recommendations of the Fifth Committee during the forty-seventh session of the General Assembly on the revised estimates submitted by the Secretary-General and on the programme budget implications of resolutions and decisions adopted by the Assembly, either on the recommendation of its Main Committees or in respect of items dealt with in plenary meeting.

6. Section III of the document provides a summary of the special subjects considered by the Fifth Committee, other than the programme budget implications of draft resolutions and decisions, which led to the adoption of specific decisions to be recommended to the General Assembly. In addition, the Committee considered, in connection with the report of the Secretary-General on the revised estimates as requested by the General Assembly in its resolutions 46/185 B of 20 December 1991 and 46/232 of 2 March 1992 (A/C.5/47/2 and Corr.1), the note by the Secretary-General on the restructuring and revitalization of the United Nations in the economic, social and related fields (A/47/753). This note was considered at the Committee's 39th meeting, on 9 December 1992.

7. The recommendations of the Fifth Committee are contained in section IV of the present document.

II. Programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993

8. By its resolutions 46/186 A and B of 20 December 1991, the General Assembly approved appropriations for the biennium 1992-1993 in the amount of $2,389,234,900 and estimates of income in the amount of $449,213,300.

9. Recommendations of the Fifth Committee during the current session of the General Assembly on revised estimates submitted by the Secretary-General, as well as on the programme budget implications of resolutions and decisions adopted by the Assembly under items considered by its Main Committees or in respect of items dealt with in plenary meeting, have resulted in net increases in the approved level of appropriations in the amount of $78,804,300 and net increases in the approved estimates of income in the amount of $21,803,100.

10. The revised estimates of expenditure and income approved by the Fifth Committee and the financial implications of resolutions and decisions adopted by the General Assembly either on the recommendation of its Main Committees or in respect of items dealt with in plenary meeting are indicated, by expenditure and income section, below:

Section	*Approved under General Assembly resolutions 46/186 A and B*	*Increase or (decrease) approved at the current session*	*Total*
		(*United States dollars*)	
Expenditure sections			
1. Overall policy-making, direction and coordination	35 545 500		
(*a*) Revised estimates: restructuring of the Secretariat (A/C.5/47/2 and Corr.1, A/47/7/Add.1).		224 400	
(*b*) Strengthening of international cooperation and coordination of efforts to study, mitigate and minimize the consequences of the Chernobyl disaster (A/C.5/47/75; A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, para. 79; A/C.5/47/SR.47; A/47/800; General Assembly resolutions 42/211 and 47/165)		247 700	
(*c*) Travel of representatives to the second part of the thirty-third session of the Committee for Programme and Coordination (A/C.5/47/84; A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, para. 114; A/C.5/47/SR.50; General Assembly resolution 42/211)		86 400	
(*d*) Recosting of programme budget implications and revised estimates (A/C.5/47/86 and Corr.1, A/C.5/47/SR.51)		(2 500)	
(*e*) First performance report (A/C.5/47/47; A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, paras. 47-63; A/C.5/47/SR.47 and 50)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances ..	(288 600)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes..........		(1 191 200)	
TOTAL, SECTION 1	35 256 900	(635 200)	34 621 700

Section	*Approved under General Assembly resolutions 46/186 A and B*	*Increase or (decrease) approved at the current session*	*Total*
	(*United States dollars*)		
2. Peace-keeping operations and special missions	97 580 600		
(*a*) Revised estimates: restructuring of the Secretariat (see sect. 1 above)		(4 760 700)	
(*b*) Emergency international assistance for the reconstruction of Afghanistan (A/C.5/47/72; A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, paras. 64-73; A/C.5/47/SR.47; A/47/801; General Assembly resolution 47/119)		800 000	
(*c*) Situation in Central America (A/C.5/47/73; A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, paras. 74-77; A/C.5/47/SR.47; A/47/799; General Assembly resolution 47/118)		155 200	
(*d*) United Nations Observer Mission in South Africa (A/C.5/47/79, A/C.5/47/SR.50)		13 121 300	
(*e*) Recosting of programme budget implications and revised estimates (see sect. 1 above)		163 400	
(*f*) First performance report (*idem*)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances	(1 355 600)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		3 384 200	
TOTAL, SECTION 2	96 225 000	12 863 400	109 088 400
3. Political and Security Council affairs	15 822 800		
(*a*) Revised estimates: restructuring of the Secretariat (see sect. 1 above)		(11 932 900)	
(*b*) First performance report (*idem*)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances	(26 800)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		138 100	
TOTAL, SECTION 3	15 796 000	(11 794 800)	4 001 200
4. Political and General Assembly affairs and Secretariat services	12 486 300		
(*a*) Revised estimates: restructuring of the Secretariat (see sect. 1 above)		(9 127 600)	
(*b*) First performance report (*idem*)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances	(74 700)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		(22 300)	
TOTAL, SECTION 4	12 411 600	(9 149 900)	3 261 700
5. Disarmament	13 264 400		
(*a*) Revised estimates: restructuring of the Secretariat (see sect. 1 above)		(9 422 500)	
(*b*) First performance report (*idem*)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances	(155 600)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		891 200	
TOTAL, SECTION 5	13 108 800	(8 531 300)	4 577 500
6. Special political questions; regional cooperation; trusteeship and decolonization	9 499 100		
(*a*) Revised estimates: restructuring of the Secretariat (see sect. 1 above)		(7 096 700)	
(*b*) First performance report (*idem*)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances	(134 000)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		583 100	
TOTAL, SECTION 6	9 365 100	(6 513 600)	2 851 500
7. Elimination of apartheid	8 300 300		
(*a*) Revised estimates: restructuring of the Secretariat (see sect. 1 above)		(6 018 300)	
(*b*) First performance report (*idem*)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances	(65 400)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		(85 700)	
TOTAL, SECTION 7	8 234 900	(6 104 000)	2 130 900

Section	Approved under General Assembly resolutions 46/185 A and B	Increase or (decrease) approved at the current session	Total
	(United States dollars)		
8. International Court of Justice	17 606 500		
First performance report (see sect. 1 above)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances	(122 500)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		1 001 000	
TOTAL, SECTION 8	17 484 000	1 001 000	18 485 000
9. Legal activities	21 821 800		
(*a*) Revised estimates: restructuring of the Secretariat (see sect. 1 above)		(15 951 000)	
(*b*) First performance report (*idem*)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances	(123 500)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		(404 700)	
TOTAL, SECTION 9	21 698 300	(16 355 700)	5 342 600
10. Law of the sea and ocean affairs	9 088 300		
(*a*) Revised estimates: restructuring of the Secretariat (see sect. 1 above)		(6 611 800)	
(*b*) First performance report (*idem*)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances	(55 500)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		(108 100)	
TOTAL, SECTION 10	9 032 800	(6 719 900)	2 312 900
11. Development and international economic cooperation	19 047 000		
(*a*) Revised estimates: restructuring of the Secretariat (see sect. 1 above)		(5 291 900)	
(*b*) Report of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (A/C.5/47/81; A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, paras. 96-101; A/C.5/47/SR.49; A/47/814; General Assembly resolutions 42/211, 47/188, 47/189 and 47/191)		750 100	
(*c*) Protection of global climate for present and future generations of mankind (A/C.5/47/83; A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, paras. 102-111; A/C.5/47/SR.49, A/47/815; General Assembly resolutions 42/211 and 47/195)		279 300	
(*d*) Recosting of programme budget implications and revised estimates (see sect. 1 above)		(11 300)	
(*e*) First performance report (*idem*)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances	(114 000)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		(160 100)	
TOTAL, SECTION 11	18 933 000	(4 433 900)	14 499 100
12. Regular programme of technical cooperation	42 285 900		
First performance report (see sect. 1 above)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances	(1 606 100)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		(533 600)	
TOTAL, SECTION 12	40 679 800	(533 600)	40 146 200
13. Department of International Economic and Social Affairs	54 828 100		
(*a*) Revised estimates: restructuring of the Secretariat (see sect. 1 above)		(40 881 400)	
(*b*) First performance report (*idem*)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances	(136 900)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		(72 200)	
TOTAL, SECTION 13	54 691 200	(40 953 600)	13 737 600
14. Department of Technical Cooperation for Development	27 482 700		
(*a*) Revised estimates: restructuring of the Secretariat (see sect. 1 above)		(20 698 800)	
(*b*) First performance report (*idem*)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances	(88 100)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		90 500	
TOTAL, SECTION 14	27 394 600	(20 608 300)	6 786 300

Section	*Approved under General Assembly resolutions 46/186 A and B*	*Increase or (decrease) approved at the current session*	*Total*
	(*United States dollars*)		
15. United Nations Conference on Trade and Development	90 477 100		
First performance report (see sect. 1 above)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances	(436 400)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		2 473 300	
TOTAL, SECTION 15	90 040 700	2 473 300	92 514 000
16. International Trade Centre	17 916 200		
First performance report (see sect. 1 above)		573 600	
TOTAL, SECTION 16	17 916 200	573 600	18 489 800
17. United Nations Environment Programme	12 927 400		
First performance report (see sect. 1 above)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances	(183 800)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		88 500	
TOTAL, SECTION 17	12 743 600	88 500	12 832 100
18. Centre for Science and Technology for Development	4 851 000		
(*a*) Revised estimates: restructuring of the Secretariat (see sect. 1 above)		(3 424 200)	
(*b*) First performance report (*idem*)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances	(26 100)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		2 000	
TOTAL, SECTION 18	4 824 900	(3 422 200)	1 402 700
19. United Nations Centre for Human Settlements (Habitat)	11 500 500		
(*a*) United Nations Conference on Human Settlements (Habitat II) (A/C.5/47/80; A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, paras. 93-95; A/C.5/47/SR.49; A/47/810; General Assembly resolutions 42/211 and 47/180)		197 100	
(*b*) Recosting of programme budget implications and revised estimates (see sect. 1 above)		(35 000)	
(*c*) First performance report (*idem*)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances	(94 800)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		462 100	
TOTAL, SECTION 19	11 405 700	624 200	12 029 900
20. United Nations Centre on Transnational Corporations	12 839 500		
(*a*) Revised estimates: restructuring of the Secretariat (see sect. 1 above)		(9 418 600)	
(*b*) First performance report (*idem*)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances	(98 600)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		426 000	
TOTAL, SECTION 20	12 740 900	(8 992 600)	3 748 300
21. Social development and humanitarian affairs	13 898 800		
(*a*) Revised estimates: restructuring of the Secretariat (see sect. 1 above)		669 500	
(*b*) Revised estimates resulting from resolutions and decisions of the Economic and Social Council at its substantive session of 1992 (A/C.5/47/21 and Add.1; A/47/7/Add.4; A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, paras. 23-26; A/C.5/47/SR.32 and 45; General Assembly resolution 42/211)		195 800	
(*c*) The convening of a world summit for social development (A/C.5/47/70; A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, paras. 38-41; A/C.5/47/SR.45; A/47/788; General Assembly resolutions 42/211 and 47/92)		189 600	

Section	*Approved under General Assembly resolutions 46/186 A and B*	*Increase or (decrease) approved at the current session*	*Total*
	(*United States dollars*)		
(*d*) Recosting of programme budget implications and revised estimates (see sect. 1 above)		1 200	
(*e*) First performance report (*idem*)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances	(100 500)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		(154 100)	
TOTAL, SECTION 21	13 798 300	902 000	14 700 300
22. International drug control	13 651 400		
(*a*) Recosting of programme budget implications and revised estimates (see sect. 1 above)			
(*b*) First performance report (*idem*)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances	(151 700)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		(115 900)	
TOTAL, SECTION 22	13 499 700	(115 900)	13 383 800
23. Economic Commission for Africa	74 959 300		
(*a*) Revised estimates resulting from resolutions and decisions of the Economic and Social Council at its substantive session of 1992 (see sect. 21 above)		27 500	
(*b*) Recosting of programme budget implications and revised estimates (see sect. 1 above)		(100)	
(*c*) First performance report (*idem*)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances	(412 300)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		(2 525 100)	
TOTAL, SECTION 23	74 547 000	(2 497 700)	72 049 300
24. Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific	51 887 500		
(*a*) Revised estimates resulting from resolutions and decisions of the Economic and Social Council at its substantive session of 1992 (see sect. 21 above)		7 500	
(*b*) Recosting of programme budget implications and revised estimates (see sect. 1 above)		(100)	
(*c*) First performance report (*idem*)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances	(282 500)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		3 689 500	
TOTAL, SECTION 24	51 605 000	3 696 900	55 301 900
25. Economic Commission for Europe	41 242 900		
First performance report (see sect. 1 above)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances	(118 500)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		1 385 400	
TOTAL, SECTION 25	41 124 400	1 385 400	42 509 800
26. Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean	67 753 700		
(*a*) Revised estimates: restructuring of the Secretariat (see sect. 1 above)		135 400	
(*b*) Revised estimates resulting from resolutions and decisions of the Economic and Social Council at its substantive session of 1992 (see sect. 21 above)		7 500	
(*c*) Recosting of programme budget implications and revised estimates (see sect. 1 above)		(400)	
(*d*) First performance report (*idem*)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances	(382 700)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		(162 800)	
TOTAL, SECTION 26	67 371 000	(20 300)	67 350 700

Section	*Approved under General Assembly resolutions 46/186 A and B*	*Increase or (decrease) approved at the current session*	*Total*
	(*United States dollars*)		
27. Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia	50 660 600		
(*a*) Revised estimates resulting from resolutions and decisions of the Economic and Social Council at its substantive session of 1992 (see sect. 21 above)		7 500	
(*b*) First performance report (see sect. 1 above)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances .	(279 100)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		(5 055 100)	
TOTAL, SECTION 27	50 381 500	(5 047 600)	45 333 900
28. Human rights	23 391 200		
(*a*) Revised estimates resulting from resolutions and decisions of the Economic and Social Council at its substantive session of 1992 (see sect. 21 above)		118 000	
(*b*) Implementation of human rights instruments (treaty bodies) (A/C.5/47/69; A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, paras. 32-37; A/C.5/47/SR.45; A/47/789; General Assembly resolutions 42/211, 47/111 and 47/112)		44 800	
(*c*) Revised estimates under section 28 (A/C.5/47/71; A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, paras. 42-46; A/C.5/47/SR.45 and 50; General Assembly resolution 42/211)		890 400	
(*d*) Recosting of programme budget implications and revised estimates (see sect. 1 above)		(1 000)	
(*e*) First performance report (*idem*)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances .	(94 000)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		658 100	
TOTAL, SECTION 28	23 297 200	1 710 300	25 007 500
29. Protection of and assistance to refugees	60 823 000		
First performance report (see sect. 1 above)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances .	(51 900)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		2 840 600	
TOTAL, SECTION 29	60 771 100	2 840 600	63 611 700
30. Disaster relief operations	7 824 600		
(*a*) Revised estimates: restructuring of the Secretariat (see sect. 1 above)		(5 873 100)	
(*b*) First performance report (*idem*)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances .	(54 600)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		113 700	
TOTAL, SECTION 30	7 770 000	(5 759 400)	2 010 600
31. Public information	100 977 000		
(*a*) Revised estimates: restructuring of the Secretariat (see sect. 1 above)		977 100	
(*b*) United Nations Conference on Human Settlements (Habitat II) (see sect. 19 above)......		50 000	
(*c*) Report of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (see sect. 11 above)		29 200	
(*d*) Recosting of programme budget implications and revised estimates (see sect. 1 above)....		(800)	
(*e*) First performance report (*idem*)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances .	(606 000)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		1 579 500	
TOTAL, SECTION 31	100 371 000	2 635 000	103 006 000
32. Conference services	422 414 600		
(*a*) Revised estimates: restructuring of the Secretariat (see sect. 1 above)		(318 948 700)	
(*b*) First performance report (*idem*)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances .	(858 400)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		3 833 900	
TOTAL, SECTION 32	421 556 200	(315 114 800)	106 441 400

Section	*Approved under General Assembly resolutions 46/186 A and B*	*Increase or (decrease) approved at the current session*	*Total*
	(*United States dollars*)		
33. Administration and management	421 935 400		
(*a*) Revised estimates: restructuring of the Secretariat (see sect. 1 above)		(316 879 800)	
(*b*) First performance report (*idem*)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances	(3 461 800)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		1 516 400	
TOTAL, SECTION 33	418 473 600	(315 363 400)	103 110 200
34. Special expenses	45 035 000		
First performance report (see sect. 1 above)		2 626 700	
TOTAL, SECTION 34	45 035 000	2 626 700	47 661 700
35. Construction, alteration, improvement and major maintenance	96 815 600		
First performance report (see sect. 1 above)			
(i) Reduction for under-utilized balances	(1 302 900)		
(ii) Recosting and other changes		3 337 500	
TOTAL, SECTION 35	95 512 700	3 337 500	98 850 200
36. Staff assessment	374 137 200		
(*a*) Revised estimates: restructuring of the Secretariat (see sect. 1 above)		84 000	
(*b*) Revised estimates resulting from resolutions and decisions of the Economic and Social Council at its substantive session of 1992 (see sect. 21 above)		14 800	
(*c*) The convening of a world summit for social development (*idem*)		23 600	
(*d*) Emergency international assistance for the reconstruction of Afghanistan (see sect. 2 above)		113 200	
(*e*) Situation in Central America (*idem*)		40 100	
(*f*) United Nations Observer Mission in South Africa (*idem*)		1 673 200	
(*g*) Strengthening of international cooperation and coordination of efforts to study, mitigate and minimize the consequences of the Chernobyl disaster (see sect. 1 above)		42 100	
(*h*) United Nations Conference on Human Settlements (Habitat II) (see sect. 19 above)		20 200	
(*i*) Report of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (see sect. 11 above)		84 000	
(*j*) Protection of global climate for present and future generations of mankind (*idem*)		59 600	
(*k*) Recosting of programme budget implications and revised estimates (see sect. 1 above)		18 500	
(*l*) First performance report (*idem*)		25 724 000	
TOTAL, SECTION 36	374 137 200	27 897 300	402 034 500
37. Department of Political Affairs			
(*a*) Revised estimates: restructuring of the Secretariat (see sect. 1 above)		43 159 700	
(*b*) General and complete disarmament: transparency in armaments (A/C.5/47/50, A/47/7/Add.11, A/C.5/47/SR.38, 40 and 44, A/47/784, General Assembly resolutions 42/211 and 47/52 L))		79 500	
(*c*) Regional confidence-building measures (A/C.5/47/64, A/47/7/Add.11 and A/C.5/47/SR.38, 40 and 44, A/47/784, General Assembly resolutions 42/211 and 47/53 F)		203 200	

Section	*Approved under General Assembly resolutions 46/186 A and B*	*Increase or (decrease) approved at the current session*	*Total*
	(*United States dollars*)		
(*d*) Implementation of the Declaration on the Denuclearization of Africa (A/C.5/47/65, A/47/7/Add.11, A/C.5/47/SR.38, 40 and 44, A/47/784, General Assembly resolutions 42/211 and 47/76)		72 300	
(*e*) Recosting of programme budget implications and revised estimates (see sect. 1 above)		(4 800)	
(*f*) First performance report (*idem*)		(424 600)	
TOTAL, SECTION 37		43 085 300	43 085 300
38. Legal activities			
(*a*) Revised estimates: restructuring of the Secretariat (see sect. 1 above)		22 562 800	
(*b*) Commission of experts established pursuant to Security Council resolution 780 (1992) (A/C.5/47/68; A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, paras. 87-90; A/C.5/47/SR.49)		646 700	
(*c*) Recosting of programme budget implications and revised estimates (see sect. 1 above)		(5 800)	
(*d*) First performance report (*idem*)		951 900	
TOTAL, SECTION 38		24 155 600	24 155 600
39. Department of Economic and Social Development			
(*a*) Revised estimates: restructuring of the Secretariat (see sect. 1 above)		80 741 700	
(*b*) First performance report (*idem*)		1 374 900	
TOTAL, SECTION 39		82 116 600	82 116 600
40. Department of Humanitarian Affairs			
(*a*) Revised estimates: restructuring of the Secretariat (see sect. 1 above)		9 318 200	
(*b*) First performance report (*idem*)		552 500	
TOTAL, SECTION 40		9 870 700	9 970 700
41. Department of Administration and Management			
(*a*) Revised estimates: restructuring of the Secretariat (see sect. 1 above)		634 599 700	
(*b*) First performance report (*idem*)		8 988 400	
TOTAL, SECTION 41		643 588 100	643 588 100
TOTAL, EXPENDITURE SECTIONS	2 389 234 900	78 804 300	2 468 039 200
Income sections			
1. Income from staff assessment	379 926 000		
(*a*) Revised estimates: restructuring of the Secretariat (see expenditure sect. 1 above)		84 000	
(*b*) Revised estimates resulting from resolutions and decisions of the Economic and Social Council at its substantive session of 1992 (see expenditure sect. 21 above)		14 800	
(*c*) The convening of a world summit for social development (*idem*)		23 600	
(*d*) Emergency international assistance for the reconstruction of Afghanistan (see expenditure sect. 2 above)		113 200	
(*e*) Situation in Central America (*idem*)		40 100	
(*f*) United Nations Observer Mission in South Africa (*idem*)		1 673 200	
(*g*) Strengthening of international cooperation and coordination of efforts to study, mitigate and minimize the consequences of the Chernobyl disaster (see expenditure sect. 1 above)		42 100	

Section	*Approved under General Assembly resolutions 46/186 A and B*	*Increase or (decrease) approved at the current session*	*Total*
	(*United States dollars*)		
(*h*) United Nations Conference on Human Settlements (Habitat II) (see expenditure sect. 19 above)		20 200	
(*i*) Report of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (see expenditure sect. 11 above)		84 000	
(*j*) Protection of global climate for present and future generations of mankind (*idem*)		59 600	
(*k*) Recosting of programme budget implications and revised estimates (see expenditure sect. 1 above)		18 500	
(*l*) First performance report (*idem*)		25 904 600	
TOTAL, INCOME SECTION 1	379 926 000	28 077 900	408 003 900
2. General income	62 444 800		
First performance report (see expenditure sect. 1 above)		(3 149 600)	
TOTAL, INCOME SECTION 2	62 444 800	(3 149 600)	59 295 200
3. Services to the public	6 842 500		
First performance report (see expenditure sect. 1 above)		(3 125 200)	
TOTAL, INCOME SECTION 3	6 842 500	(3 125 200)	3 717 300
TOTAL, INCOME SECTIONS	449 213 300	21 803 100	471 016 400

11. At its 53rd meeting, on 22 December 1992, the Fifth Committee considered the revised estimates of expenditure and income to be recommended for approval by the General Assembly for the biennium 1992-1993, as well as a draft resolution on the financing of the appropriations for the year 1993 contained in the draft report of the Committee (A/C.5/47/L.20). The Committee took the following action:

(*a*) The Committee approved the revised budget appropriations for the biennium 1992-1993 (see para. 77 below, draft resolution II A).

(*b*) The Committee approved the revised income estimates for the biennium 1992-1993 (see para. 77 below, draft resolution II B).

(*c*) The Committee approved the draft resolution on the financing of the appropriations for the year 1993 (see para. 77 below, draft resolution II C).

III. Consideration of special subjects

1. *First report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions*

12. The Committee considered the first report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (A/47/7) at its 32nd meeting, on 25 November.

13. At the same meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend to the General Assembly that it take note with appreciation of the first report of the Advisory Committee (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. I).

2. *Construction of additional conference facilities at Addis Ababa and Bangkok*

14. The Committee considered this question at its 32nd meeting. It had before it the report of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/11) and the related report of the Advisory Committee (A/47/7/Add.2).

15. At the same meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend that the General Assembly take note of the report of the Secretary-General on the construction of additional conference facilities at Addis Ababa and Bangkok and concur with the recommendations and request made by the Advisory Committee in paragraph 4 of its report (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. II).

3. *Recommendation of the Advisory Board on Disarmament Matters*

16. The Committee considered this question at its 32nd meeting. It had before it the note by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/19). The related report of the Advisory Committee was presented orally by its Chairman (see A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, paras. 6-7).

17. At the same meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend that the General Assembly approve the recommendation of the Advisory Board on Disarmament Matters in respect of a subvention of $220,000 from the regular budget of the United Nations for 1993, on the understanding that the level of support costs charged to the United Nations Institute for Disarmament Research would be kept under review (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. III).

4. *Revised estimates resulting from resolutions and decisions of the Economic and Social Council at its substantive session of 1992*

18. The Committee considered this question at its 32nd and 45th meetings, on 25 November and 15 December. At its 32nd meeting, the Committee had before it the report of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/21) and the related report of the Advisory Committee (A/47/7/Add.4). At its 45th meeting, the Committee had before it the addendum to the

report of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/21/Add.1). The related report of the Advisory Committee was presented orally by its Chairman (see A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, paras. 23-26).

19. At its 32nd meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend that the General Assembly take note of the additional requirements resulting from resolutions and decisions of the Economic and Social Council at its substantive session of 1992 estimated at $292,500, on the understanding that such additional appropriations as might be requested by the Secretary-General would be submitted to the General Assembly towards the end of its forty-seventh session in the context of a consolidated statement of programme budget implications and revised estimates, in accordance with the Assembly resolution 42/211 of 21 December 1987 (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. IV).

20. At its 45th meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend that the General Assembly approve the additional requirements estimated at $71,300 under section 21 (Social development and humanitarian affairs) of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993, on the understanding that such additional appropriations would be subject to the guidelines for the use and operation of the contingency fund approved by the General Assembly in its resolution 42/211 and that the Secretary-General would consider possible redeployment in the context of his revised estimates to be submitted to the Assembly early in 1993 (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. IV).

5. *International Computing Centre: 1993 budget estimates*

21. The Committee considered this question at its 32nd meeting. It had before it the report of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/24 and Corr.1). The related report of the Advisory Committee was presented orally by its Chairman (see A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, paras. 8 and 9).

22. At the same meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend to the General Assembly that it approve the budget estimates of the International Computing Centre for the year 1993 amounting to $13,789,700 or SwF 19,719,300, as indicated in the report of the Secretary-General, and request that future budgets of the Centre be presented in a format consistent with the unique nature of the budget of the Centre (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. V).

6. *Administrative arrangements for the secretariat of the United Nations Scientific Committee on the Effects of Atomic Radiation*

23. The Committee considered this question at its 35th meeting, on 1 December. It had before it the report of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/26) and the related report of the Advisory Committee (A/47/7/Add.3).

24. At the same meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend that the General Assembly request the Secretary-General to explore possible alternatives for the organizational location and administrative support arrangements for the secretariat of the United Nations Scientific Committee on the Effects of Atomic Radiation (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. VI).

7. *Level of secretaries of intergovernmental policy-making organs*

25. The Committee considered this question at its 35th meeting. It had before it the note by the Secretariat (A/C.5/47/28). The report of the Advisory Committee was presented orally.

26. At the same meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend that the General Assembly request the Secretary-General to review the situation in the context of the preparation of the proposed programme budget for the biennium 1994-1995 (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. VII).

8. *Revised estimates under section 24 (Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific)*

27. The Committee considered this question at its 37th meeting, on 7 December. It had before it the report of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/29) and the related report of the Advisory Committee (A/47/7/Add.7, paras. 2-5).

28. At the same meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend that the General Assembly endorse the recommendations of the Advisory Committee contained in paragraph 5 of its report and noted that, should there be a need for additional expenditures in relation to the revised estimates proposed by the Secretary-General for section 24, such expenditures would be reflected in the final performance report on the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993 under section 24 (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. VIII).

9. *Revised estimates under section 21D (Crime prevention and criminal justice)*

29. The Committee considered this question at its 37th meeting. It had before it the report of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/40) and the related report of the Advisory Committee (A/47/7/Add.7, paras. 6-15).

30. The Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend that the General Assembly endorse the proposals of the Secretary-General in his report and the recommendations of the Advisory Committee in paragraph 15 of its report (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. IX).

10. *Revised estimates under section 27 (Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia)*

31. The Committee considered this question at its 37th meeting. It had before it the report of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/41) and the related report of the Advisory Committee (A/47/7/Add.7, paras. 16-19).

32. At the same meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend that the General Assembly endorse the proposals of the Secretary-General in paragraph 5 of his report and the recommendations of the Advisory Committee in paragraph 19 of its report (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. X).

11. *Representation allowance for under-secretaries-general and assistant secretaries-general and hospitality for official functions*

33. The Committee considered this question at its 37th meeting. It had before it the reports of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/46/32 and Corr.1 and A/C.5/47/39) and the related reports of the Advisory Committee (A/46/7/Add.8 and A/47/7/Add.6).

34. At the same meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend that the General Assembly defer consideration of this question, taking into account views expressed by delegations, and that a further review be undertaken, as soon as possible, in the light of future decisions to be taken on the restructuring of the Secretariat (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. XI).

12. *African Institute for Economic Development and Planning and Multinational Programming and Operational Centres of the Economic Commission for Africa*

35. The Committee considered this question at its 38th meeting, on 8 December. It had before it the report of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/53). The related report of the Advisory Committee was presented orally (see A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, paras. 16 and 17).

36. At the same meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend to the General Assembly that it endorse the proposals of the Secretary-General and the observations of the Advisory Committee concerning the African Institute for Economic Development and Planning and the Multinational Programming and Operational Centres of the Economic Commission for Africa (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. XII).

13. *Status of technological innovations in the United Nations and progress report on the optical disk project*

37. The Committee considered this question at its 43rd meeting, on 13 December. It had before it the report of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/18 and Add.1) and the related report of the Advisory Committee (A/47/7/Add.8).

38. At the same meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend that the General Assembly take note of the report of the Secretary-General and endorse the recommendations of the Advisory Committee contained in paragraphs 34, 36 and 37 of its report (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. XIII).

14. *Integrated management information system project*

39. The Committee considered this question at its 43rd meeting. It had before it the report of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/27) and the related report of the Advisory Committee (A/47/7/Add.8).

40. At the same meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend that the General Assembly take note of the report of the Secretary-General and endorse the recommendations of the Advisory Committee contained in paragraphs 21 to 32 of its report (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. XIV).

15. *Comprehensive study of the question of honoraria payable to members of organs and subsidiary organs of the United Nations*

41. The Committee considered this question at its 43rd and 51st meetings, on 13 and 20 December. It had before it the reports of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/46/12 and A/C.5/47/45) and the related reports of the Advisory Committee (A/46/7/Add.8 and A/47/7/Add.10).

42. At its 51st meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend to the General Assembly that it postpone to its resumed forty-seventh session the review of the whole question of honoraria and authorize the Secretary-General, pending the results of the review, to take appropriate measures on an exceptional basis and with the concurrence of the Advisory Committee with regard to paragraph 55 of his report (A/C.5/47/45) within the overall framework of the current pertinent resolutions and decisions. It also decided to recommend that the Secretary-General reflect the measures he would take in the final performance report on the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993 and that the Assembly revert to the matter again at its forty-eighth session (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. XV).

16. *Revised estimates under section 28 (Human rights)*

43. The Committee considered this question at its 45th and 50th meetings, on 15 and 19 December. It had before it the report of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/71). The related report of the Advisory Committee was presented orally by its Chairman (see A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, paras. 42-46).

44. At its 50th meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend that the General Assembly take note of the revised estimates submitted by the Secretary-General in his report and the recommendations of the Advisory Committee thereon and that it endorse the proposal of the Secretary-General, but, with regard to his request for $760,000, that he should implement, within the overall level of the revised appropriation for the biennium 1992-1993, the other activities of the Centre for Human Rights for which he had requested additional resources, and that he should report to the Assembly in the final budget performance report on the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993 (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. XVI).

17. *Revised estimates under section 38 (Legal activities): Commission of Experts established pursuant to Security Council resolution 780 (1992)*

45. The Committee considered this question at its 49th meeting, on 18 December. It had before it the report of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/68). The related report of the Advisory Committee was presented orally by its Chairman (see A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, paras. 87-90).

46. At the same meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend that the General Assembly approve an additional appropriation of $646,700, on the understanding that these requirements would be treated outside the procedures related to the contingency fund (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. XVII).

18. *Revised estimates under section 31 (Public information): establishment of seven United Nations interim offices*

47. The Committee considered this question at its 45th and 47th meetings, on 15 and 17 December. It had before it the report of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/58) and the note by the Secretariat (A/C.5/47/CRP.3/Rev.1). The related report of the Advisory Committee was presented orally by its Chairman (see A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, paras. 27-31).

48. At its 47th meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend that the General Assembly request the Secretary-General to re-submit a complete report on the establishment and operation of the seven United Nations interim offices, including staffing, project implementation and an integrated budget with full sources of financing, at its resumed forty-seventh session, in accord-

ance with the relevant resolutions and decisions of the competent United Nations bodies regarding operational activities and public information activities and taking into account the views expressed by the Member States in the Fifth Committee on this issue during the forty-seventh session (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. XVIII).

19. *United Nations Observer Mission in South Africa*

49. The Committee considered this question at its 50th meeting, on 19 December. It had before it the report of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/79). The related report of the Advisory Committee was presented orally by its Chairman (see A/C.5/47/SR.50).

50. At the same meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend that the General Assembly approve an appropriation of $13,121,300, under section 2 (Peace-keeping operations and special missions) of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993, on the understanding that these requirements would be treated outside the procedures relating to the contingency fund (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. XIX).

20. *Recommendations made by the Committee for Programme and Coordination at its thirty-second session*

51. The Committee considered this question at its 50th meeting. It had before it the statements of programme budget implications of the recommendations made by the Committee for Programme and Coordination at its thirty-second session in 1992 (A/47/16 (Parts I and II) and Add.1 and 2). The related report of the Advisory Committee was presented orally by its Chairman (see A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, para. 112).

52. At the same meeting, the Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that it take note of the information provided by the Secretary-General and the observations made by the Chairmen of the Committee for Programme and Coordination and the Advisory Committee and recommended that the twenty-seventh series of joint meetings take place in New York (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. XX).

21. *Installation of an appropriate signalling system*

53. The Committee considered this question at its 50th meeting. It had before it the report of the Committee on Conferences (A/47/32 and Add.1) and a statement by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/23). The related report of the Advisory Committee was presented orally by its Chairman (see A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, para. 113).

54. At the same meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend that the General Assembly endorse the comments and recommendations of the Advisory Committee with respect to the installation of an appropriate signalling system (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. XXI).

22. *Administrative and financial arrangements regarding the United Nations International Drug Control Programme*

55. The Committee considered this question at its 50th meeting. It had before it a note by the Secretariat (A/C.5/47/44).

56. At the same meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend to the General Assembly that it take note of the note by the Secretariat on the administrative and financial arrangements regarding the United Nations International Drug Control Programme (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. XXII).

23. *United Nations Programme on Space Applications*

57. The Committee considered this question at its 50th meeting. It had before it a letter dated 30 October 1992 from the Chairman of the Special Political Committee to the Chairman of the Fifth Committee (A/C.5/47/51). The related report of the Advisory Committee was presented orally by its Chairman.

58. At the same meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend that the General Assembly take note of the letter from the Chairman of the Special Political Committee to the Chairman of the Fifth Committee regarding the budgetary allocation for the United Nations Programme on Space Applications (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. XXIII).

24. *United Nations Institute for Training and Research*

59. The Committee considered this question at its 50th meeting, on 19 December. It had before it a statement by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/82) on the programme budget implications of draft resolution II entitled "United Nations Institute for Training and Research", which was submitted by the Second Committee in paragraph 21 of its report (document A/47/729).

60. The Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend to the General Assembly, in order to provide for the minimal transitional requirements for the United Nations Institute for Training and Research until the Assembly could consider the matter at its resumed forty-seventh session, that the Secretary-General be authorized to commit funds not to exceed $400,000 with the concurrence of the Advisory Committee, for the period 1 January through 28 February 1993, by advances from the Working Capital Fund, to cover all costs related to the provision of security and maintenance of the premises of the Institute, as well as the costs of maintaining the existing number of staff members of the New York office of the Institute for whom placement was to be sought elsewhere within the United Nations system, in accordance with Assembly resolution 42/197 of 11 December 1987 (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. XXIV).

25. *Travel of representatives to the second part of the thirty-third session of the Committee for Programme and Coordination*

61. The Committee considered this question at its 50th meeting. It had before it a statement (A/C.5/47/84) on the programme budget implications of a draft decision (A/C.5/47/L.26). The related report of the Advisory Committee was presented orally by its Chairman (see A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, para. 114).

62. At the same meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend to the General Assembly that should it adopt the draft decision, an additional appropriation of $86,400 would be required under section 1 (Overall policy-making, direction and coordination) of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993 (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. XXV, and para. 78 below, draft decision I).

26. *First performance report on the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993*

63. The Committee considered this question at its 47th and 50th meetings, on 17 and 19 December. It had before it the report of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/47). The related report of the Advisory Committee was presented orally by its Chairman (see A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, paras. 47-63).

64. At its 50th meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend to the General Assembly that it take note of the report of the Secretary-General and approve the revised requirements submitted by the Secretary-General in that report, and request him to take steps to improve the budget performance report in order to make its presentation more timely and more transparent. It also decided to recommend to the Assembly that it urge the International Civil Service Commission to review staff assessment rates in 1993 (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. XXVI).

27. *Section 15 (United Nations Conference on Trade and Development): report of the Secretary-General on the thirteen posts formerly attached to the subprogramme on trade among countries having different economic and social systems*

65. The Committee considered this question at its 14th to 17th, 19th, 20th and 51st meetings, between 26 October and 20 December. It had before it the report of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/7) and the related report of the Advisory Committee (A/47/7/Add.1).

66. At its 51st meeting, the Committee endorsed the recommendations of the Committee for Programme and Coordination and the Advisory Committee, as contained in their respective reports (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. XXVII).

28. *Staff assessment*

67. The Committee considered this question at its 51st meeting, on 20 December. It had before it a draft decision (A/C.5/47/L.28), which was submitted by the Chairman. The draft decision was amended so that the phrase "taking into account the experience of other organizations of the system, including the International Civil Service Commission" was replaced by the phrase "taking into account the views of the International Civil Service Commission and the experience of the other organizations of the system" and the phrase "through the Commission" was added at the end of the draft decision.

68. At the same meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend to the General Assembly that it request the Secretary-General to review all aspects of the question of staff assessment as they affect the budgets of the United Nations organizations and programmes, taking into account the views of the International Civil Service Commission and the experience of other organizations of the system, and established principles and practices, including the principle of ensuring equality of pay and benefits for all staff members, and to submit proposals to the Assembly at its forty-eighth session, through the Commission (see para. 78 below, draft decision II).

29. *Action taken on certain documents*

69. The Committee considered the report of the Secretary-General on reimbursement of accommodation costs for posts related to extrabudgetary activities (A/C.5/46/56) and the related report of the Advisory Committee (see A/47/7/Add.9) at its 40th and 44th meetings, on 9 and 14 December. It also considered the report of the Joint Inspection Unit on extrabudgetary resources of the United Nations (A/45/797, annex) at its 44th and 45th meetings, on 14 and 15 December. At its 52nd meeting, on 21 December, the Committee had before it a draft decision (A/C.5/47/L.31) submitted by the Chairman, which the Secretary of the Committee amended orally by deleting paragraph (*b*) (iii).

70. Also at its 52nd meeting, the Committee adopted the draft decision, as amended, without a vote (see para. 78 below, draft decision III).

30. *Contingency fund*

71. The Committee considered this question at its 51st meeting. It had before it the report of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/85). The report of the Advisory Committee was presented orally by its Chairman (see A/47/7 and Add.1-17, annex, paras. 115 and 116).

72. At the same meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend that the General Assembly appropriate the required amounts, as contained in the report of the Secretary-General, as orally revised. The Committee also decided to recommend to the General Assembly that it note that a balance of $11,753,700 would remain in the contingency fund (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. XXVIII).

31. *Recosting of decisions of the Fifth Committee concerning statements of programme budget implications and revised estimates*

73. The Committee considered this question at its 51st meeting. It had before it the report of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/86 and Corr.1). The related report of the Advisory Committee was presented orally by its Chairman.

74. At the same meeting, the Committee decided to recommend that the General Assembly approve an increase of $121,300 under the expenditure sections and an increase of $18,500 under income section 1 of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993 following the recosting of decisions of the Fifth Committee concerning statements of programme budget implications and revised estimates (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. XXIX).

32. *Granting of travel assistance to least developed and other developing countries that are members of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law*

75. The Committee considered this question at its 23rd, 28th and 51st meetings, on 10 and 18 November and 20 December. It had before it the reports of the Secretary-General (A/46/349, A/47/454 and A/C.5/47/CRP.1).

76. At its 51st meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend to the General Assembly that it defer consideration of this question until its resumed forty-seventh session (see para. 77 below, draft resolution I, sect. XXX).

IV. *Recommendations of the Fifth Committee*

77. The Fifth Committee recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of draft resolutions I and II A to C below:

Draft resolution I

QUESTIONS RELATING TO THE PROGRAMME BUDGET FOR THE BIENNIUM 1992-1993

The General Assembly

I

FIRST REPORT OF THE ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON ADMINISTRATIVE AND BUDGETARY QUESTIONS

Takes note with appreciation of the first report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (A/47/7);

II

CONSTRUCTION OF ADDITIONAL CONFERENCE FACILITIES AT ADDIS ABABA AND BANGKOK

Takes note of the report of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/11) and concurs with the recommendations and request made by the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions in paragraph 4 of its report (A/47/7/Add.2);

III

RECOMMENDATION OF THE ADVISORY BOARD ON DISARMAMENT MATTERS

1. *Takes note* of the note by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/19);

2. *Decides* to keep under review the level of support costs charged to the United Nations Institute for Disarmament Research;

IV

REVISED ESTIMATES RESULTING FROM RESOLUTIONS AND DECISIONS OF THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL AT ITS SUBSTANTIVE SESSION OF 1992

1. *Approves* the revised estimates submitted by the Secretary-General in his report (A/C.5/47/21) of an additional amount of 292,500 United States dollars under sections 21, 23, 24 and 26 to 28 of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993;

2. *Also approves* the additional revised estimates of 71,300 dollars under section 21 submitted by the Secretary-General in the addendum to his report (A/C.5/47/21/Add.1), on the understanding that the Secretary-General will consider possible redeployment in the context of his revised estimates to be submitted to the General Assembly early next year;

V

INTERNATIONAL COMPUTING CENTRE: 1993 BUDGET ESTIMATES

1. *Approves* the 1993 budget estimates for the International Computing Centre amounting to 13,789,700 dollars, as contained in the report of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/24 and Corr.1);

2. *Requests* that future budgets of the Centre be presented in a format consistent with the unique nature of the budget of the Centre;

VI

ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE SECRETARIAT OF THE UNITED NATIONS SCIENTIFIC COMMITTEE ON THE EFFECTS OF ATOMIC RADIATION

1. *Takes note* of the report of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/26);

2. *Requests* the Secretary-General to explore possible alternatives for the organizational location and administrative support arrangements for the secretariat of the United Nations Scientific Committee on the Effects of Atomic Radiation;

VII

LEVEL OF SECRETARIES OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL POLICY-MAKING ORGANS

1. *Takes note* of the note by the Secretariat (A/C.5/ 47/28);

2. *Requests* the Secretary-General to review the situation in the context of the preparation of the proposed programme budget for the biennium 1994-1995;

VIII

REVISED ESTIMATES UNDER SECTION 24 (ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COMMISSION FOR ASIA AND THE PACIFIC)

1. *Takes note* of the revised estimates submitted by the Secretary-General in his report (A/C.5/47/29) to appropriate an additional amount of 95,000 dollars under this section and the recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (A/47/7/Add.7, paras. 2-5);

2. *Recommends* that such additional appropriations as may be necessary should be indicated by the Secretary-General in his final performance report on the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993 under this section;

IX

REVISED ESTIMATES UNDER SECTION 21D (CRIME PREVENTION AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE)

1. *Takes note* of the revised estimates submitted by the Secretary-General in his report (A/C.5/47/40) and the recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (A/47/7/Add.7, paras. 6-15);

2. *Endorses* the proposal of the Secretary-General to finance the additional requirements for the expansion of the crime prevention and criminal justice programme from within the overall appropriations of sections 21, 23 to 26 and 33 of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993;

X

REVISED ESTIMATES UNDER SECTION 27 (ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COMMISSION FOR WESTERN ASIA)

1. *Takes note* of the revised estimates submitted by the Secretary-General in his report (A/C.5/47/41) and the recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (A/47/7/Add.7, paras. 16-19);

2. *Endorses* the proposals of the Secretary-General to reflect the projected savings of 5.6 million dollars for the biennium 1992-1993 in the first performance report on the programme budget for the biennium and to maintain the appropriation approved by the General Assembly under this section (50,381,500 dollars) at the present time, taking into account the projected additional commitments in relation to late charges for costs incurred at Baghdad and the possibility of a relocation of the headquarters of the Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia towards the end of the current biennium;

XI

REPRESENTATION ALLOWANCE FOR UNDER-SECRETARIES-GENERAL AND ASSISTANT SECRETARIES-GENERAL AND HOSPITALITY FOR OFFICIAL FUNCTIONS

1. *Takes note* of the reports of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/46/32 and Corr.1 and A/C.5/47/39);

2. *Recommends* that consideration of this question be deferred, taking into account the views of delegations, and that a further review be undertaken as soon as possible in the light of the future decisions to be taken on the restructuring of the Secretariat;

XII

AFRICAN INSTITUTE FOR ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING AND MULTINATIONAL PROGRAMMING AND OPERATIONAL CENTRES OF THE ECONOMIC COMMISSION FOR AFRICA

Endorses the proposals of the Secretary-General (see A/C.5/47/53) and the observations of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions;

XIII

STATUS OF TECHNOLOGICAL INNOVATIONS IN THE UNITED NATIONS AND PROGRESS REPORT ON THE OPTICAL DISK PROJECT

1. *Takes note* of the report of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/18 and Add.1);

2. *Endorses* the recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions contained in paragraphs 34, 36 and 37 of its report (A/47/7/Add.8);

XIV

INTEGRATED MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEM PROJECT

1. *Takes note* of the report of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/27);

2. *Endorses* the recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions contained in paragraphs 21 to 32 of its report (A/47/7/Add.8);

XV

COMPREHENSIVE STUDY OF THE QUESTION OF HONORARIA PAYABLE TO MEMBERS OF ORGANS AND SUBSIDIARY ORGANS OF THE UNITED NATIONS

1. *Decides* to postpone to its resumed forty-seventh session the review of the whole question of honoraria;

2. *Authorizes* the Secretary-General, pending the results of the review, to take appropriate measures on an exceptional basis and with the concurrence of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions with regard to paragraph 55 of his report (A/C.5/47/45), within the overall framework of the current pertinent resolutions and decisions, recommends that he reflect the measures he takes in the final performance report on the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993, and decides to revert to this matter again at its forty-eighth session;

XVI

REVISED ESTIMATES UNDER SECTION 28 (HUMAN RIGHTS)

1. *Takes note* of the revised estimates submitted by the Secretary-General in his report (A/C.5/47/71) and the recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions;

2. *Endorses* the proposal of the Secretary-General, on the understanding that, with regard to his request for 760,000 dollars, he would implement, within the overall level of the revised appropriation for the biennium 1992-1993, the other activities of the Centre for Human Rights for which he has requested additional resources and would report to the General Assembly in the final performance report on the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993;

XVII

REVISED ESTIMATES UNDER SECTION 38 (LEGAL ACTIVITIES): COMMISSION OF EXPERTS ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION 780 (1992)

1. *Takes note* of the revised estimates submitted by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/68) and the recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions;

2. *Approves* an additional appropriation of 646,700 dollars, on the understanding that the requirements would be treated outside the contingency fund;

XVIII

REVISED ESTIMATES UNDER SECTION 31 (PUBLIC INFORMATION): ESTABLISHMENT OF SEVEN UNITED NATIONS INTERIM OFFICES

1. *Takes note* of the revised estimates submitted by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/58 and A/C.5/47/CRP.3/Rev.10);

2. *Requests* the Secretary-General to re-submit a complete report on the establishment and operation of the seven United Nations interim offices, including staffing, project implementation and an integrated budget with full sources of financing, at its resumed forty-seventh session, in accordance with the relevant resolutions and decisions of the competent United Nations bodies regarding operational activities and public information activities and taking into account the views expressed by the Member States in the Fifth Committee on this issue during the forty-seventh session;

XIX

UNITED NATIONS OBSERVER MISSION IN SOUTH AFRICA

1. *Takes note* of the report of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/79) and the recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions;

2. *Approves* an appropriation of 13,121,300 dollars required under section 2 (Peace-keeping operations and special missions) of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993 for the United Nations Observer Mission in South Africa, from mid-September 1992 to 31 December 1993, on the understanding that these requirements would be treated outside the procedures related to the contingency fund and without prejudice to the future mode of financing;

3. *Also approves* an appropriation of 1,673,200 dollars under section 36 (Staff assessment) of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993, offset by the same amount under income section 1 (Income from staff assessment);

4. *Requests* the Secretary-General to submit to the Advisory Committee, at its spring session of 1993, a performance report on the Mission, including actual expenditures from its inception and revised requirements for 1993, taking into account the developments in the region;

XX

RECOMMENDATIONS MADE BY THE COMMITTEE FOR PROGRAMME AND COORDINATION AT ITS THIRTY-SECOND SESSION

1. *Takes note* of the information provided by the Secretary-General in his statement of the programme budget implications (A/47/16 (Parts I and II)/Add.2) and the observations made by the Committee for Programme and Coordination and the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions;

2. *Recommends* that the next series of joint meetings of the Committee for Programme and Coordination and the Administrative Committee on Coordination should take place in New York;

XXI

INSTALLATION OF AN APPROPRIATE SIGNALLING SYSTEM

Endorses the comments and recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions with respect to the installation of an appropriate signalling system;

XXII

ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL ARRANGEMENTS REGARDING THE UNITED NATIONS INTERNATIONAL DRUG CONTROL PROGRAMME

Takes note of the note by the Secretariat on the administrative and financial arrangements regarding the United Nations International Drug Control Programme (A/C.5/47/44);

XXIII

UNITED NATIONS PROGRAMME ON SPACE APPLICATIONS

Takes note of the letter from the Chairman of the Special Political Committee to the Chairman of the Fifth Committee regarding a budgetary allocation for the United Nations Programme on Space Applications (A/C.5/47/51);

XXIV

UNITED NATIONS INSTITUTE FOR TRAINING AND RESEARCH

Decides, in order to provide for the minimal transitional requirements for the United Nations Institute for Training and Research until the General Assembly can consider this matter at its resumed forty-seventh session, to authorize the Secretary-General to commit funds, not to exceed 400,000 dollars, for the period 1 January through 28 February 1993, by advances from the Working Capital Fund, to cover all costs related to the provision of security and maintenance of the premises of the Institute, as well as the costs of maintaining the existing number of staff members of the New York office of the Institute for whom placement is to be sought elsewhere within the United Nations system, in accordance with General Assembly resolution 42/197 of 11 December 1987;

XXV

TRAVEL OF REPRESENTATIVES TO THE SECOND PART OF THE THIRTY-THIRD SESSION OF THE COMMITTEE FOR PROGRAMME AND COORDINATION

1. *Takes note* of the statement of programme budget implications on the subject (A/C.5/47/84);

2. *Approves* an additional appropriation of 86,400 dollars under section 1 (Overall policy-making, direction and coordination) of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993;

XXVI

FIRST PERFORMANCE REPORT ON THE PROGRAMME BUDGET FOR THE BIENNIUM 1992-1993

1. *Takes note* of the report of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/47);

2. *Approves* the revised requirements submitted by the Secretary-General in his report;

3. *Requests* the Secretary-General to take steps to improve the budget performance report to make its presentation more timely and more transparent;

4. *Urges* the International Civil Service Commission to review the rates of staff assessment during 1993;

XXVII

SECTION 15 (UNITED NATIONS CONFERENCE ON TRADE AND DEVELOPMENT): REPORT OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON THE THIRTEEN POSTS FORMERLY ATTACHED TO THE SUBPROGRAMME ON TRADE AMONG COUNTRIES HAVING DIFFERENT ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL SYSTEMS

1. *Takes note* of the report of the Secretary-General on the thirteen posts formerly attached to the subprogramme on trade among countries having different economic and social systems (A/C.5/47/7);

2. *Endorses* the recommendations of the Committee for Programme and Coordination (A/47/16 (Part II), para. 266) and the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (A/47/7/Add.1, para. 28);

XXVIII

CONTINGENCY FUND

Notes that a balance of 11,753,700 dollars remains in the contingency fund;

XXIX

RECOSTING OF DECISIONS OF THE FIFTH COMMITTEE CONCERNING STATEMENTS OF PROGRAMME BUDGET IMPLICATIONS AND REVISED ESTIMATES

Approves an increase of 121,300 dollars under the expenditure sections and an increase of 18,500 dollars under income section 1 of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993;

XXX

GRANTING OF TRAVEL ASSISTANCE TO LEAST DEVELOPED AND OTHER DEVELOPING COUNTRIES THAT ARE MEMBERS OF THE UNITED NATIONS COMMISSION ON INTERNATIONAL TRADE LAW

Decides to defer consideration of this question until the resumed forty-seventh session of the General Assembly.

Draft resolution II

PROGRAMME BUDGET FOR THE BIENNIUM 1992-1993

A

REVISED BUDGET APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE BIENNIUM 1992-1993

The General Assembly

Resolves that, for the biennium 1992-1993, the amount of 2,389,234,900 United States dollars appropriated by its resolution 46/186 A of 20 December 1991 shall be increased by 78,804,300 dollars as follows:

Section	Amount approved by resolution 46/186 A	Increase or (decrease)	Revised appropriation
		(United States dollars)	
PART I. *Overall policy-making, direction and coordination*			
1. Overall policy-making, direction and coordination	35 256 900	(635 200)	34 621 700
TOTAL, PART I	35 256 900	(635 200)	34 621 700
PART II. *Political affairs*			
2. Peace-keeping operations and special missions	96 225 000	12 863 400	109 088 400
3. Political and Security Council affairs	15 796 000	(11 794 800)	4 001 200
4. Political and General Assembly affairs and Secretariat services	12 411 600	(9 149 900)	3 261 700
5. Disarmament	13 108 800	(8 531 300)	4 577 500
6. Special political questions; regional cooperation; trusteeship and decolonization	9 365 100	(6 513 600)	2 851 500
7. Elimination of apartheid	8 234 900	(6 104 000)	2 130 900
37. Department of Political Affairs	—	43 085 300	43 085 300
TOTAL, PART II	155 141 400	13 855 100	168 996 500
PART III. *International justice and law*			
8. International Court of Justice	17 484 000	1 001 000	18 485 000
9. Legal activities	21 698 300	(16 355 700)	5 342 600
10. Law of the sea and ocean affairs	9 032 800	(6 719 900)	2 312 900
38. Legal activities	—	24 155 600	24 155 600
TOTAL, PART III	48 215 100	2 081 000	50 296 100
PART IV. *International cooperation for development*			
11. Development and international economic cooperation	18 933 000	(4 433 900)	14 499 100
12. Regular programme of technical cooperation	40 679 800	(533 600)	40 146 200
13. Department of International Economic and Social Affairs	54 691 200	(40 953 600)	13 737 600
14. Department of Technical Cooperation for Development	27 394 600	(20 608 300)	6 786 300
15. United Nations Conference on Trade and Development	90 040 700	2 473 300	92 514 000
16. International Trade Centre	17 916 200	573 600	18 489 800
17. United Nations Environment Programme	12 743 600	88 500	12 832 100

Section	*Amount approved by resolution 46/186 A*	*Increase or (decrease)*	*Revised appropriation*
	(*United States dollars*)		
18. Centre for Science and Technology for Development	4 824 900	(3 422 200)	1 402 700
19. United Nations Centre for Human Settlements (Habitat)	11 405 700	624 200	12 029 900
20. United Nations Centre on Transnational Corporations	12 740 900	(8 992 600)	3 748 300
21. Social development and humanitarian affairs	13 798 300	902 000	14 700 300
22. International drug control	13 499 700	(115 900)	13 383 800
39. Department of Economic and Social Development	—	82 116 600	82 116 600
TOTAL, PART IV	318 668 600	7 718 100	326 386 700
PART V. *Regional cooperation for development*			
23. Economic Commission for Africa	74 547 000	(2 497 700)	72 049 300
24. Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific	51 605 000	3 696 900	55 301 900
25. Economic Commission for Europe	41 124 400	1 385 400	42 509 800
26. Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean	67 371 000	(20 300)	67 350 700
27. Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia	50 381 500	(5 047 600)	45 333 900
TOTAL, PART V	285 028 900	(2 483 300)	282 545 600
PART VI. *Human rights and humanitarian affairs*			
28. Human rights	23 297 200	1 710 300	25 007 500
29. Protection of and assistance to refugees	60 771 100	2 840 600	63 611 700
30. Disaster relief operations	7 770 000	(5 759 400)	2 010 600
40. Department of Humanitarian Affairs	—	9 870 700	9 870 700
TOTAL, PART VI	91 838 300	8 662 200	100 500 500
PART VII. *Public information*			
31. Public information	100 371 000	2 635 000	103 006 000
TOTAL, PART VII	100 371 000	2 635 000	103 006 000
PART VIII. *Common support services*			
32. Conference services	421 556 200	(315 114 800)	106 441 400
33. Administration and management	418 473 600	(315 363 400)	103 110 200
41. Administration and management	—	643 588 100	643 588 100
TOTAL, PART VIII	840 029 800	13 109 900	853 139 700
PART IX. *Special expenses*			
34. Special expenses	45 035 000	2 626 700	47 661 700
TOTAL, PART IX	45 035 000	2 626 700	47 661 700
PART X. *Capital expenditures*			
35. Construction, alteration, improvement and major maintenance	95 512 700	3 337 500	98 850 200
TOTAL, PART X	95 512 700	3 337 500	98 850 200
PART XI. *Staff assessment*			
36. Staff assessment	374 137 200	27 897 300	402 034 500
TOTAL, PART XI	374 137 200	27 897 300	402 034 500
GRAND TOTAL	2 389 234 900	78 804 300	2 468 039 200

B

REVISED INCOME ESTIMATES FOR THE BIENNIUM 1992-1993

The General Assembly

Resolves that, for the biennium 1992-1993, the estimates of income of 449,213,300 United States dollars approved by its resolution 46/186 B of 20 December 1991 shall be increased by 21,803,100 dollars as follows:

	Amount approved by resolution 46/186 B	*Increase or (decrease)*	*Revised estimates*
	(*United States dollars*)		
Income section			
1. Income from staff assessment	379 926 000	28 077 900	408 003 900
TOTAL, INCOME SECTION 1	379 926 000	28 077 900	408 003 900
2. General income	62 444 800	(3 149 600)	59 295 200
3. Revenue-producing activities	6 842 500	(3 125 200)	3 717 300
TOTAL, INCOME SECTIONS 2 AND 3	69 287 300	(6 274 800)	63 012 500
GRAND TOTAL	449 213 300	21 803 100	471 016 400

C

FINANCING OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE YEAR 1993

The General Assembly

Resolves that for the year 1993:

1. Budget appropriations in a total amount of 1,273,421,750 United States dollars, consisting of 1,194,617,450 dollars, being half of the appropriations initially approved for the biennium 1992-1993 by General Assembly resolution 46/186 A of 20 December 1991, plus 78,804,300 dollars, being the increase in the appropriations approved during the forty-seventh session by resolution A above, shall be financed in accordance with regulations 5.1 and 5.2 of the Financial Regulations of the United Nations, as follows:

(*a*) 40,176,315 dollars, consisting of:

- (i) An amount of 28,368,850 dollars, which is the net of 34,643,650 dollars, being half of the estimated income approved for the biennium 1992-1993 by its resolution 46/186 B of 20 December 1991 other than staff assessment income, offset by an amount of 6,274,800 dollars, being the decrease in estimated income other than staff assessment income approved by resolution B above;
- (ii) 11,807,465 dollars, being the balance of the surplus account as at 31 December 1991;

(*b*) 1,233,245,435 dollars, being the assessment on Member States in accordance with General Assembly resolution 46/221 A of 20 December 1991 and decision 47/456 of 23 December 1992 on the scale of assessments for the years 1992, 1993 and 1994;

2. There shall be set off against the assessment on Member States, in accordance with the provisions of General Assembly resolution 973 (X) of 15 December 1955, their respective share in the Tax Equalization Fund in the total amount of 218,040,900 dollars, consisting of:

(*a*) 189,963,000 dollars, being half of the estimated staff assessment income approved by resolution 46/186 B;

(*b*) Plus 28,077,900 dollars, being the estimated increase in income from staff assessment approved by the Assembly in its resolution B above.

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78. The Fifth Committee also recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of draft decisions I to III below:

Draft decision I

TRAVEL OF REPRESENTATIVES TO THE SECOND PART OF THE THIRTY-THIRD SESSION OF THE COMMITTEE FOR PROGRAMME AND COORDINATION

The General Assembly

(*a*) Recalls the regulations and rules pertaining to the submission of the proposed programme budget to the General Assembly and to the Committee for Programme and Coordination and the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions;

(*b*) Recalls also that it accepted to consider early in 1993 revised estimates in respect of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993;

(*c*) Invites the Secretary-General to submit the proposed programme budget for the biennium 1994-1995 to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session, through the Committee for Programme and Coordination and the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions, as soon as possible after April 1993;

(*d*) Decides that the Committee for Programme and Coordination shall meet for one week in May 1993 and for three weeks in August/September 1993.

Draft decision II

STAFF ASSESSMENT

The General Assembly requests the Secretary-General to review all aspects of the question of staff assessment as they affect the budgets of United Nations organizations and programmes, taking into account the views of the International Civil Service Commission and the experience of other organizations of the system, and established principles and practices, including the principle of ensuring equality of pay and benefits for all staff members, and to submit proposals to the Assembly at its forty-eighth session, through the Commission.

Draft decision III

ACTION TAKEN ON CERTAIN DOCUMENTS

The General Assembly:

(*a*) Takes note of the following documents:

(i) Note by the Secretariat on the organization of editorial services at United Nations Headquarters (A/C.5/47/12);

(ii) Report of the Secretary-General on reimbursement to the regular budget of the cost of accommodation for posts related to extrabudgetary activities (A/C.5/46/56);

(iii) Report of the Joint Inspection Unit on extrabudgetary resources of the United Nations (A/45/797, annex);

(*b*) Defers consideration of the following documents until its resumed forty-seventh session:

(i) Report of the Secretary-General on revised estimates under section 37 (Department of Political Affairs) (A/C.5/47/62);

(ii) Report of and note by the Secretary-General on conditions of service and compensation for members of the Joint Inspection Unit (A/C.5/45/75 and A/C.5/46/17);

(*c*) Defers consideration of the following documents until its forty-eighth session:

(i) Report of the Secretary-General on standards of accommodation for air travel (A/C.5/47/17);

(ii) Report of the Secretary-General on the review of travel and related entitlements for members of organs and subsidiary organs and staff members of the United Nations (A/C.5/47/61 and Corr.1);

(iii) Report of the Secretary-General on costs of staff representation activities (A/C.5/47/59);

(iv) Report of the Secretary-General on workload standards for conference-servicing staff (A/C.5/47/67);

(v) Report of the Secretary-General on the consequences of new successor arrangements with the United Nations Development Programme and the United Nations Population Fund.[1]

DOCUMENT A/47/835/ADD.1

PART II OF THE REPORT

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*29 April 1993*]

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I. Introduction

1. The previous recommendations made by the Fifth Committee to the General Assembly under agenda item 104 appear in part I of the Committee's report (document A/47/835 above).

2. The Committee further considered the item separately at its 58th, 63rd, 65th and 66th meetings, between 10 March and 21 April 1993, and in conjunction with item 103 (Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations) at its 59th to 62nd and 66th meetings, between 29 and 31 March and 21 April.

3. The comments and observations made in the course of the Committee's further consideration of the item are reflected in the summary records of the meetings (A/C.5/47/SR.58, 63, 65 and 66).

4. Section II below contains a summary of the special subjects considered by the Fifth Committee.

5. Section III below contains the recommendations of the Fifth Committee.

II. Consideration of special subjects

1. *Revised estimates under section 37 (Department of Political Affairs)*

6. The Committee considered this item at its 58th meeting, on 23 March 1993. It had before it the report of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/62) and the related report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (A/47/7/Add.13).

7. The Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend that the General Assembly approve a commitment authority of $150,000 under section 37 of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993 in order to provide for the administrative support of the United Nations regional centres for peace and disarmament. Such amount as would need to be appropriated should be a first call on the contingency fund in 1993, as it would relate to a proposal which had been carried over from 1992 (see para. 14 below, draft resolution).

2. *Conditions of service and compensation for officials other than Secretariat officials: members of the Joint Inspection Unit*

8. The Committee considered this question at its 58th meeting. It had before it the report of and note by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/45/75 and A/C.5/46/17).

9. At the same meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend that the General Assembly defer the consideration of this question until its forty-eighth session in the context of its consideration of the agenda item on the Joint Inspection Unit (see para. 15 below, draft decision I).

3. *Comprehensive study of the question of honoraria payable to members of organs and subsidiary organs of the United Nations*

10. The Committee considered this question at its 58th and 66th meetings, on 25 March and 21 April. It had before it the reports of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/46/12 and A/C.5/47/45) and the related reports of the Advisory Committee (A/46/7/Add.8 and A/47/7/Add.10).

11. At its 66th meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend that the General Assembly defer

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[1] Not yet issued.

consideration of this question until its forty-eighth session (see para. 15 below, draft decision I).

4. *Revised estimates under section 31 (Public information) resulting from the establishment and operation of seven United Nations interim offices*

12. The Committee considered this question at its 63rd and 66th meetings, on 5 and 21 April. It had before it the report of the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/89) and the related report of the Advisory Committee (A/47/7/Add.16).

13. At its 66th meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend to the General Assembly that it:

(*a*) Endorse the observations of the Advisory Committee contained in paragraph 11 of its report;

(*b*) Request the Secretary-General to ensure that his proposals relating to the structure, functions and activities of the seven United Nations interim offices referred to in his report fully comply with the mandates laid down in the relevant resolutions of the General Assembly pertaining to operational activities and the dissemination of information, in particular resolutions 47/199 of 22 December 1992 and 47/73 A and B of 14 December 1992, taking into account the specific needs of each country;

(*c*) Decide that the report to be submitted by the Secretary-General in conformity with paragraph 6 of its resolution 47/73 B should be submitted also to the Second Committee for its consideration and recommendations;

(*d*) Take note of the provisional and exceptional arrangements in place, undertaken by the Secretary-General, and stress that they may continue until the General Assembly has taken a policy decision on this matter at its forty-eighth session (see para. 15 below, draft decision II).

III. *Recommendations of the Fifth Committee*

14. The Fifth Committee recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of the following draft resolution:

QUESTIONS RELATING TO THE PROGRAMME BUDGET FOR THE BIENNIUM 1992-1993

B

REVISED ESTIMATES UNDER SECTION 37 (DEPARTMENT OF POLITICAL AFFAIRS)

The General Assembly

1. *Takes note* of the revised estimates submitted by the Secretary-General in his report (A/C.5/47/62) and the recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (A/47/7/Add.13, paras. 13 and 14);

2. *Approves* the commitment authority of 150,000 United States dollars under section 37 (Department of Political Affairs) of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993 as set out in its resolution 47/220 A of 23 December 1992 in order to provide for the administrative support of the United Nations Regional Centre for Peace and Disarmament in Africa, the United Nations Regional Centre for Peace and Disarmament in Asia and the Pacific and the United Nations Regional Centre for Peace, Disarmament and Development in Latin America and the Caribbean; that amount would be a first call on the contingency fund in 1993 as it relates to a proposal that had been carried over from 1992.

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15. The Fifth Committee also recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of draft decisions I and II below:

Draft decision I

ACTION TAKEN ON CERTAIN DOCUMENTS

The General Assembly defers consideration of the following documents until its forty-eighth session:

(*a*) Report of and note by the Secretary-General on conditions of service and compensation for members of the Joint Inspection Unit (A/C.5/47/75 and A/C.5/46/17);

(*b*) Reports of the Secretary-General on a comprehensive study of the question of honoraria payable to members of organs and subsidiary organs of the United Nations (A/C.5/46/12 and A/C.5/47/45).

Draft decision II

REVISED ESTIMATES UNDER SECTION 31 (PUBLIC INFORMATION) RESULTING FROM THE ESTABLISHMENT AND OPERATION OF SEVEN UNITED NATIONS INTERIM OFFICES

The General Assembly

(*a*) Endorses the observations of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions contained in paragraph 11 of its report (A/47/7/Add.16);

(*b*) Requests the Secretary-General to ensure that his proposals relating to the structure, functions and activities of the seven United Nations interim offices referred to in his report (A/C.5/47/89) fully comply with the mandates laid down in the relevant General Assembly resolutions pertaining to operational activities and the dissemination of information, in particular resolutions 47/199 of 22 December 1992 and 47/73 A and B of 14 December 1992, taking into account the specific needs of each country;

(*c*) Decides that the report to be submitted by the Secretary-General in conformity with paragraph 6 of its resolution 47/73 B shall be submitted also to the Second Committee for its consideration and recommendations;

(*d*) Takes note of the provisional and exceptional arrangements in place, undertaken by the Secretary-General, and stresses that they may continue until the General Assembly has taken a policy decision on this matter at its forty-eighth session.

DOCUMENT A/47/835/ADD.2

PART III OF THE REPORT

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*13 September 1993*]

1. The previous recommendations made by the Fifth Committee to the General Assembly under agenda item 104 appear in parts I and II of the Committee's report (documents A/47/835 and Add.1 above). Recommendations made by the Fifth Committee under agenda item 124 (Administrative and budgetary aspects of the financing of the United Nations peace-keeping operations) appear in parts I and II of the Committee's report on that item (documents A/47/832 and Add.1).

2. The Fifth Committee further considered item 104 separately at its 58th, 66th and 71st meetings, on 25 March, 21 April and 26 August 1993, and it considered items 104 and 124 together at its 76th meeting, on 10 September.

3. The comments and observations made in the course of the Committee's further consideration of the item are reflected in the summary records of the meetings (A/C.5/47/SR.58, 66, 71 and 76).

Consideration of special subjects

1. *Granting of travel assistance to least developed and other developing countries that are members of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law*

4. The Committee continued its consideration of this question at its 58th, 66th and 71st meetings, on 25 March, 21 April and 26 August. It had before it the reports of the Secretary-General on this subject (A/46/349 and A/47/454).

5. At its 71st meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend to the General Assembly that it defer consideration of this question until its forty-eighth session (see para. 8 below, draft decision I).

2. *Establishment of special representatives, envoys and related positions at the Under-Secretary-General and Assistant Secretary-General levels*

6. The Committee considered this question at its 76th meeting, on 10 September. The representative of Hungary, following informal consultations, introduced a draft decision (A/C.5/47/L.51).

7. At the same meeting, the Committee decided, without a vote, to recommend that the General Assembly request the Secretary-General to submit to the Assembly early in its forty-eighth session a report concerning the establishment of special representatives, envoys and related positions at the Under-Secretary-General and Assistant Secretary-General levels, which addresses the issues raised in paragraph 20 of the report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (A/47/1004) (see para. 8 below, draft decision II).

Recommendation of the Fifth Committee

8. The Fifth Committee recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of draft decisions I and II below:

Draft decision I

DEFERRAL OF THE GRANTING OF TRAVEL ASSISTANCE TO LEAST DEVELOPED AND OTHER DEVELOPING COUNTRIES THAT ARE MEMBERS OF THE UNITED NATIONS COMMISSION ON INTERNATIONAL TRADE LAW

The General Assembly defers until its forty-eighth session consideration of the reports of the Secretary-General (A/46/349 and A/47/454) concerning the granting of travel assistance to least developed and other developing countries that are members of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law.

Draft decision II

PROGRAMME BUDGET FOR THE BIENNIUM 1992-1993: ADMINISTRATIVE AND BUDGETARY ASPECTS OF THE FINANCING OF THE UNITED NATIONS PEACE-KEEPING OPERATIONS

The General Assembly requests the Secretary-General to submit to it early at its forty-eighth session a report concerning the establishment of special representatives, envoys and related positions at the Under-Secretary-General and Assistant Secretary-General levels, which addresses the issues raised in paragraph 20 of the report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (A/47/1004).

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DOCUMENT A/47/914

Implications of draft resolution II submitted by the Second Committee in document A/47/729

(Agenda item 89 (*a*))

Report of the Fifth Committee

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*26 March 1993*]

1. At its 58th meeting, on 25 March 1993, the Fifth Committee, pursuant to rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly, considered the statement by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/82) on the programme budget implications of draft resolution II submitted by the Second Committee in its report (A/47/729, para. 21). The Fifth Committee also had before it the related report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (A/47/7/Add.14).

2. Statements and comments made in the course of the Committee's consideration of the question are reflected in the summary record of the meeting (A/C.5/47/SR.58).

Decision of the Committee

3. The Fifth Committee decided, without a vote, to inform the General Assembly that, should it adopt draft resolution II of the Second Committee, it would need to authorize the Secretary-General to enter into a commitment of an additional $200,000 to cover the requirements of the United Nations Institute for Training and Research through June 1993, the actual additional requirements to be reported in the context of the final performance report on the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993; and that no additional appropriation would be required at the current time.

DOCUMENT A/47/930

Implications of the draft resolution contained in document A/47/L.56

(Agenda item 22)

Report of the Fifth Committee

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*19 April 1993*]

1. At its 65th meeting, on 19 April 1993, the Fifth Committee, pursuant to rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly, considered the statement by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/93) on the programme budget implications of the draft resolution contained in document A/47/L.56. The Fifth Committee had before it the related report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (A/47/7/Add.17).

2. Statements and comments made in the course of the Committee's consideration of this question are reflected in the summary record of the meeting (A/C.5/47/SR.65).

Decision of the Committee

3. The Fifth Committee decided, without a vote, to inform the General Assembly that should it adopt draft resolution A/47/L.56, there would be the need for an expenditure of up to $19,112,600 and recommended that the Secretary-General should be authorized to enter into further commitments of up to $18.1 million dollars (commitment authority for $l million having been previously granted); that, as an exceptional measure, the level of regular budget appropriations for the year 1993 and any possible additional assessment for the regular budget for the current biennium would be determined in the light of a report of the Secretary-General to be submitted to the Assembly in September 1993; that the Trust Fund for Haiti should be administered in accordance with the recommendations and observations of the Secretary-General and the Advisory Committee; and that Member States should be invited to respond positively to the appeal by the Secretary-General for voluntary contributions.

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4. After the decision, a statement in explanation of position was made by the representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

AGENDA ITEMS 103 AND 104

DOCUMENT A/47/932

Report of the Fifth Committee

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*28 April 1993*]

1. The previous recommendations made by the Fifth Committee to the General Assembly under agenda item 103 appear in the report of the Committee (document A/47/830 above); those made under agenda item 104 appear in parts I to III of the Committee's report (documents A/47/835 and Add.1 and 2 above).

2. The Fifth Committee further considered the two items together at its 59th to 62nd, and 66th meetings, on 29 to 31 March and 21 April 1993. The Committee had before it the report of the Secretary-General on the revised estimates resulting from the restructuring of the Secretariat (A/C.5/47/88) and the related report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (A/47/7/Add.15), and a letter from the Chairman of the Committee on Conferences transmitting the views of that Committee (A/C.5/47/92).

3. Comments and observations made in the course of the Committee's further consideration of the items are reflected in the summary records of the meetings (A/C.5/47/SR.59-62 and 66).

Consideration of proposals

4. At the 66th meeting, on 21 April, the Chairman of the Committee, following informal consultations, introduced a draft resolution (A/C.5/47/L.36).

5. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted draft resolution A/C.5/47/L.36 without a vote (see para. 10 below).

6. Statements in explanation of position were made by the representatives of Austria, Denmark (on behalf of the States members of the European Community), Algeria, Hungary, the United States of America, Sweden (on behalf of the Nordic countries), Brazil, Australia, Egypt, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Japan, Canada, Tunisia, the Netherlands, China, Sri Lanka, Ghana and Zimbabwe.

7. Also at the 66th meeting, the Chairman read out a draft decision on conditions of service and compensation for officials other than Secretariat officials under agenda item 103, which had been elaborated following informal consultations.

8. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted the draft decision without a vote (see para. 11 below).

9. Statements in explanation of position were made by the representatives of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Brazil, Algeria, Austria, China, the United States of America, Nigeria, Portugal, Ghana, Zimbabwe and Kenya.

Recommendations of the Fifth Committee

10. The Fifth Committee recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of the following draft resolution:

REVIEW OF THE EFFICIENCY OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL FUNCTIONING OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND PROGRAMME BUDGET FOR THE BIENNIUM 1992-1993

B

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 41/213 of 19 December 1986, 42/211 of 21 December 1987, 43/213 of 21 December 1988, 44/200 A to C and 44/201 A and B of 21 December 1989, S-18/3 of 1 May 1990, 45/199, 45/248 A and B, 45/253 and 45/254 A to C of 21 December 1990, 45/264 of 13 May 1991, 46/232 of 2 March 1992, 46/235 of 13 April 1992, 47/199 of 22 December 1992 and 47/212 A and 47/213 of 23 December 1992,

Reaffirming its functions and powers in considering and approving the budgets of the Organization, and, in this context, its role with regard to the structure of the Secretariat and the creation, suppression and redeployment of posts financed from the regular budget of the Organization,

Reaffirming also the responsibilities of the Secretary-General as chief administrative officer of the Organization,

Recalling the Financial Regulations and Rules of the United Nations and the Regulations and Rules Governing Programme Planning, the Programme Aspects of the Budget, the Monitoring of Implementation and the Methods of Evaluation,

Reaffirming the priorities set out in the medium-term plan for the period 1992-1997 as revised and approved under the terms of its resolution 47/214 of 23 December 1992,

Noting that New York is the Headquarters and a centre of the United Nations and that there are currently three additional United Nations centres, at Geneva, Nairobi and Vienna,

Having considered the report of the Secretary-General on the revised estimates as requested by the General Assembly in its resolution 47/212 A (A/C.5/47/88),

Having also considered the report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (A/47/7/Add.15),

Having further considered the letter from the Chairman of the Committee on Conferences addressed to the Chairman of the Fifth Committee (A/C.5/47/92),

Taking into account the views expressed by Member States,

I

1. *Approves* a revised appropriation of 2,467,458,200 United States dollars for the biennium 1992-1993 as a result of the restructuring;

2. *Also approves*, subject to the provisions contained in the present section and in sections II and III of the present resolution, the proposals for transfers of resources among sections, as reflected in the annex to the present resolution, and concurs with the recommendations and observations of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions;

3. *Further approves* the proposals of the Secretary-General with regard to high-level posts, subject to the following modifications:

(*a*) Decides to defer action on the proposal of the Secretary-General to abolish the four high-level posts in the Department of Administration and Management and, in this regard, requests him to reconsider his proposals relating to these posts with a view to ensuring that the most senior officials of that Department have a degree of authority that is equivalent to that of the most senior officials in other areas of the United Nations, taking into account the observations and recommendation of the Advisory Committee and the views expressed by Member States;

(*b*) Requests the Secretary-General to pursue as a matter of urgency his efforts to agree with the Director-General of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade on a prompt appointment to the post of Executive Director of the International Trade Centre UNCTAD/GATT at its present level;

(*c*) Decides to defer action on the proposal of the Secretary-General to abolish the post of Under-Secretary-General of the United Nations Centre for Human Settlements (Habitat) and requests him to reconsider his proposal and to report in the context of the proposed programme budget for the biennium 1994-1995 on future secretariat support arrangements for the United Nations Environment Programme and Habitat, including the question of separate senior management arrangements for Habitat, taking into account the views and recommendations of the Commission on Human Settlements, the Governing Council of the United Nations Environment Programme and the Economic and Social Council and the views expressed by Member States;

II

1. *Stresses again* the need for a timely dialogue between Member States and the Secretary-General on the process of the restructuring of the Secretariat;

2. *Emphasizes* that the restructuring of the Secretariat should be carried out in accordance with the guidance given by the General Assembly, and with the Regulations and Rules Governing Programme Planning, the Programme Aspects of the Budget, the Monitoring of Implementation and the Methods of Evaluation and the Financial Regulations and Rules of the United Nations;

3. *Stresses* the importance of effective coordination of the activities of the departments and units responsible for economic and social issues, and notes the intention of the Secretary-General to devote his personal attention to this task and to establish appropriate internal coordination mechanisms for this purpose, with special attention to the promotion of greater coordination and complementarity in the respective activities of the United Nations, including Headquarters departments, the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development and the United Nations Development Programme, in particular in support of the programmes on Africa and the least developed countries;

4. *Reiterates* the need for the full and effective implementation of all programmes and subprogrammes as set out in the medium-term plan for the period 1992-1997, the revisions thereto, the programme budget and other relevant mandates of the General Assembly, in accordance with the Regulations and Rules Governing Programme Planning, the Programme Aspects of the Budget, the Monitoring of Implementation and the Methods of Evaluation;

5. *Notes* the indication by the Secretary-General that the further restructuring of the Secretariat in the economic and social sectors would entail the decentralization of activities to the field and to the regional commissions and

stresses that his proposal relating to decentralization to the field should be in accordance with General Assembly resolution 47/199 and those proposals relating to decentralization to the regional commissions in accordance with the criteria agreed by the Assembly and the Economic and Social Council within their respective mandates and on the basis of clearly identified relative advantages;

6. *Also notes* that the modalities for the proposed integration of the Office for Project Services into the Department for Development Support and Management Services will first be considered by the Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme and subsequently by the General Assembly in the light of a report of the Secretary-General on the work of the task force mentioned in paragraph 103 of his report (A/C.5/47/88), which will include the relevant financial aspects;

7. *Invites* the relevant intergovernmental bodies to report as soon as possible to the General Assembly, through the Committee on Conferences, on the overall implications of applying General Assembly resolution 40/243 of 18 December 1985 to the venues of intergovernmental bodies whose secretariats are affected by the current restructuring;

8. *Requests* the Secretary-General, in the context of the current overall restructuring process and taking into account the need to improve the effectiveness and efficiency of the Organization in accordance with the principles contained in General Assembly resolution 46/232, to review the role of the United Nations Headquarters, centres, the regional commissions and entities in the field, in particular the centres at Vienna and Nairobi, with a view to improving the distribution of responsibilities among them, on the basis of their relative advantages;

9. *Welcomes*, in this connection, the intention of the Secretary-General, as expressed in paragraph 19 of his report, to consider the relocation of activities in order to provide a clearer purpose for each of the United Nations programmes and sharpen the substantive focus of each of the centres, and requests him to submit, in accordance with the principles and guidelines contained in General Assembly resolution 46/232, adequate proposals in the context of the proposed programme budget for the biennium 1994-1995 to reflect the status of the centre at Nairobi;

10. *Also welcomes*, in this connection, the intention of the Secretary-General, as expressed in paragraph 67 of his report, to identify, on the basis of the approaches underlying the current restructuring exercise, activities that would, in accordance with the principles and guidelines contained in General Assembly resolution 46/232, benefit from a relocation to Vienna and requests him to submit adequate proposals in the context of the proposed programme budget for the biennium 1994-1995;

11. *Requests* the Secretary-General to ensure that any future proposals relating to major changes in the organization of the Secretariat include a timetable for their implementation and, to the extent possible, are submitted in the context of the biennial proposed programme budgets;

12. *Reiterates*, in this context, its request to the Secretary-General contained in its resolution 47/212 A, section II, paragraph 6, to provide the Committee for Programme and Coordination and other concerned intergovernmental bodies with all relevant information which will enable them to identify and analyse the programmatic aspects and consequences of the restructuring of the Secretariat in their areas of competence;

III

1. *Endorses* the commitment of the Secretary-General to strengthen the role of the United Nations in international economic and social cooperation through, *inter alia*, the restructuring of the Secretariat;

2. *Notes* the commitment of the Secretary-General to ensure that the integration of activities resulting from his restructuring proposals, including the creation of the Department for Policy Coordination and Sustainable Development, the Department for Economic and Social Information and Policy Analysis and the Department for Development Support and Management Services, will lead to improved programme delivery as well as economies of scale;

3. *Requests* the Secretary-General to provide to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session detailed and clearly identifiable information on all costs incurred and savings achieved during the biennium 1992-1993 as a result of the first and second phases of the restructuring of the Secretariat;

4. *Also requests* the Secretary-General, in implementing the restructuring of the Secretariat and in preparing the proposed programme budget for the biennium 1994-1995 on the basis, *inter alia*, of General Assembly resolution 47/213:

(*a*) To take fully into account the results of the intergovernmental review called for in General Assembly resolution 47/212 A, section II, paragraph 6, and the implementation of the revisions to the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993 associated with the restructuring process;

(*b*) To provide adequate resources and to identify clearly units, at appropriate levels, for the implementation of all programmes and activities, including those involved in the current phase of restructuring, in particular the programmes on the development of Africa, the least developed countries, transnational corporations, science and technology for development and social development, the newly mandated activities on the protection of global climate and the elaboration of an international convention to combat desertification, particularly in Africa;

(*c*) To strengthen the coordination of the activities on science and technology with the United Nations Development Programme for better management of the United Nations Fund for Science and Technology for Development;

(*d*) To ensure that all activities related to transnational corporations are kept integrated;

(*e*) To review the proposed activities of the new organizational entities in order to ensure that they meet the concerns expressed in paragraphs 9 and 24 of the report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (A/47/7/Add.15) and to reflect the outcome of this review in the proposed programme budget for the biennium 1994-1995, taking into account the fact that the presence, representation and functions of the United Nations in the field are defined in the relevant resolutions of the General Assembly;

(*f*) To propose improvements in programme delivery and the termination of activities considered obsolete or redundant for the consideration of the relevant intergovernmental bodies, in accordance with regulation 4.6 of the

Regulations and Rules Governing Programme Planning, the Programme Aspects of the Budget, the Monitoring of Implementation and the Methods of Evaluation;

(*g*) To elaborate further his proposals with respect to the Department of Administration and Management and the Department of Public Information, taking fully into account the comments expressed in paragraph 33 of the report of the Advisory Committee and the relevant decisions of the General Assembly, including resolution 47/202 C of 22 December 1992;

(*h*) To reflect all savings to be achieved and all additional costs to be incurred as a result of the restructuring, in accordance with the second paragraph of the introduction to the report of the Secretary-General and paragraphs 25 to 27 of the report of the Advisory Committee;

5. *Notes* that the resources allocated to the departments involved in the restructuring will be reviewed in the context of established procedures for the preparation of the proposed programme budget for the biennium 1994-1995 with a view to ensuring effective programme delivery, taking into account the ongoing elaboration of workload standards and other management techniques as requested in General Assembly resolution 47/212 A, section I;

6. *Invites* the Secretary-General, in the context of the implementation of the current phase of the restructuring of the Secretariat, to consider activities related to the economies in transition in accordance with the relevant mandates contained in resolutions of the General Assembly and the observations of the Advisory Committee as expressed in paragraph 9 of its report;

7. *Also invites* the Secretary-General to ensure, in the context of the search for improved efficiency, the rationalization of the working arrangements within each department of the Secretariat in order to ensure that resources are used in the most effective way and that the programme managers are fully responsible and accountable;

8. *Requests* the Secretary-General to include in his report to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session under the agenda item on the review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations information on his efforts to improve the efficiency of the United Nations;

9. *Reaffirms* its request made in its resolution 47/214, section V, that the Secretary-General establish a system of responsibility and accountability of programme managers and report thereon to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session;

10. *Concurs* with the observations of the Advisory Committee contained in paragraph 34 of its report and urges the Secretary-General to take the necessary measures to strengthen and make more effective the planning, management and administrative support within and between the departments responsible for peace-keeping operations, including the Field Operations Division, and also within the Department for Humanitarian Affairs;

11. *Also concurs* with the observations of the Advisory Committee contained in paragraphs 35 and 36 of its report and reiterates that transfers of resources between sections of the programme budget should be made in accordance with financial regulation 4.5 and financial rule 104.4;

12. *Notes* the intention of the Secretary-General to study the possible establishment of a D-3 level and requests him to take fully into account the observations and recommendations of the Advisory Committee as contained in its report and, in that context, concurs with the specific observation contained in paragraph 48 thereof;

13. *Endorses* the view of the Committee on Conferences as contained in the letter from its Chairman addressed to the Chairman of the Fifth Committee (A/C.5/47/92);

14. *Invites* the Secretary-General, particularly with regard to the publications policy of the Organization, to ensure the provision of appropriate support to the Committee on Conferences through, *inter alia*, close coordination among the departments and units concerned.

ANNEX

Restructuring of the Secretariat

Revised appropriation broken down by section

Section	*Appropriation approved by resolution 47/220 A*	*Revised appropriation*	*Increase or (decrease)*
	(United States dollars)		
1. Overall policy-making, direction and coordination	34 621 700	34 290 900	(330 800)
2. Peace-keeping operations and special missions	109 088 400	109 088 400	—
3. Political and Security Council affairs	4 001 200	4 001 200	—
4. Political and General Assembly affairs and Secretariat services	3 261 700	2 971 100	(290 600)
5. Disarmament	4 577 500	3 964 100	(613 400)
6. Special political questions, regional cooperation, trusteeship and decolonization	2 851 500	2 851 500	—
7. Elimination of apartheid	2 130 900	1 861 300	(269 600)
8. International Court of Justice	18 485 000	18 485 000	—
9. Legal activities	5 342 600	5 342 600	—
10. Law of the sea and ocean affairs	2 312 900	2 022 300	(290 600)
11. Development and international economic cooperation	14 499 100	11 360 200	(3 138 900)
12. Regular programme of technical cooperation	40 146 200	40 146 200	—
13. Department of International Economic and Social Affairs	13 737 600	13 177 400	(560 200)

Section		Appropriation approved by resolution 47/220 A	Revised appropriation	Increase or (decrease)
		(United States dollars)		
14.	Department of Technical Cooperation for Development	6 786 300	6 786 300	—
15.	United Nations Conference on Trade and Development	92 514 000	96 927 200	4 413 200
16.	International Trade Centre	18 489 800	18 489 800	—
17.	United Nations Environment Programme	12 832 100	12 332 300	(499 800)
18.	Centre for Science and Technology for Development	1 402 700	1 133 100	(269 600)
19.	United Nations Centre for Human Settlements (Habitat)	12 029 900	12 029 900	—
20.	United Nations Centre on Transnational Corporations	3 748 300	3 478 700	(269 600)
21.	Social development and humanitarian affairs	14 700 300	10 492 900	(4 207 400)
22.	International drug control	13 383 800	13 383 800	—
23.	Economic Commission for Africa	72 049 300	72 049 300	—
24.	Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific	55 301 900	55 301 900	—
25.	Economic Commission for Europe	42 509 800	42 509 800	—
26.	Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean	67 350 700	67 350 700	—
27.	Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia	45 333 900	45 333 900	—
28.	Human rights	25 007 500	25 158 600	151 100
29.	Protection of and assistance to refugees	63 611 700	63 611 700	—
30.	Disaster relief operations	2 010 600	2 010 600	—
31.	Public information	103 006 000	111 842 000	8 836 000
32.	Conference services	106 441 400	106 150 800	(290 600)
33.	Administration and management	103 110 200	103 110 200	—
34.	Special expenses	47 661 700	47 661 700	—
35.	Construction, alteration, improvement and major maintenance	98 850 200	98 850 200	—
36.	Staff assessment	402 034 500	401 130 600	(903 900)
37.	A. Department of Political Affairs	41 011 000	41 399 800	388 800
	B. Outer space affairs	2 074 300	2 367 100	292 800
38.	Legal activities	24 155 600	24 155 600	—
39.	A. Policy coordination and sustainable development	—	16 966 500	16 966 500
	B. Economic and social information and policy analysis	—	16 664 700	16 664 700
	C. Development support and management services	—	10 843 500	10 843 500
	D. Policy-making organs	—	2 002 100	2 002 100
	E. Department of Economic and Social Development	82 116 600	41 587 000	(40 529 600)
40.	Department of Humanitarian Affairs	9 870 700	10 216 400	345 700
41.	Administration and management	643 588 100	634 567 300	(9 020 800)
	TOTAL	2 468 039 200	2 467 458 200	(581 000)

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11. The Fifth Committee also recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of the following draft decision:

CONDITIONS OF SERVICE AND COMPENSATION FOR OFFICIALS OTHER THAN SECRETARIAT OFFICIALS

The General Assembly, recalling its resolution 45/249 of 21 December 1990, in which, *inter alia*, it reaffirmed that the conditions of service of officials, other than Secretariat officials, serving the General Assembly shall be separate and distinct from those of officials of the Secretariat, and noting that the Staff Regulations and Rules are not therefore necessarily applicable to these officials, requests the Secretary-General to provide appropriate background information to be considered by the Assembly at its forty-eighth session.

ACTION TAKEN BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Agenda item 103

At its 94th plenary meeting, on 23 December 1992, the General Assembly adopted draft resolutions I and II submitted by the Fifth Committee in its report (A/47/830, para. 12). For the final texts, see resolutions 47/212 A and 47/213.[2]

At the same meeting, the General Assembly adopted the draft decision submitted by the Fifth Committee in its report (ibid., para. 13). For the final text, see decision 47/455.[2]

Agenda item 104

At its 94th plenary meeting, on 23 December 1992, the General Assembly adopted draft resolutions I and II A to C submitted by the Fifth Committee in part I of its report (A/47/835, para. 77). For the final texts, see resolutions 47/219 A and 47/220 A to C.[2]

At the same meeting, the General Assembly adopted draft decisions I to III submitted by the Fifth Committee in part I of its report (ibid., para. 78). For the final texts, see decisions 47/458, 47/459 and 47/460 A.[2]

At its 102nd plenary meeting, on 6 May 1993, the General Assembly adopted the draft resolution submitted by the Fifth Committee in part II of its report (A/47/835/Add.1, para. 14). For the final text, see resolution 47/219 B.[3]

At the same meeting, the General Assembly adopted draft decisions I and II submitted by the Fifth Committee in part II of its report (ibid., para. 15). For the final text, see decisions 47/460 B and 47/469.[3]

At its 110th plenary meeting, on 14 September 1993, the General Assembly adopted draft decisions I and II submitted by the Fifth Committee in part III of its report (A/47/835/Add.2, para. 8). For the final texts, see decisions 47/473 and 47/474.[3]

Agenda items 103 and 104

At its 102nd plenary meeting, on 6 May 1993, the General Assembly adopted the draft resolution submitted by the Fifth Committee in its report (A/47/932, para. 10). For the final text, see resolution 47/212 B.[3]

At the same meeting, the General Assembly adopted the draft decision submitted by the Fifth Committee in its report (ibid., para. 11). For the final text, see decision 47/468.[3]

[2] See *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Supplement No. 49*, vol. I.

[3] Ibid., vol. II.

LIST OF OTHER DOCUMENTS PERTAINING TO THE ITEMS

Symbol	*Title or description*	*Agenda item*	*Observations and references*
A/45/797	Report of the Joint Inspection Unit entitled "Extrabudgetary resources of the United Nations: towards transparency of presentation, management and reporting": note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report	104	
A/C.5/45/75	Conditions of service and compensation for officials other than Secretariat officials —members of the Joint Inspection Unit: report of the Secretary-General	104	
A/46/7/Add.8	Ninth report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions on the proposed programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993	104	*Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-sixth Session, Supplement No. 7A*, document A/46/7/Add.8
A/46/327 and Corr.1	Report of the Joint Inspection Unit entitled "Follow-up report on the Management Advisory Service of the United Nations": note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report	103	
A/46/327/Add.1	————: note by the Secretary-General submitting his comments	103	
A/46/349	Possible ways of assisting developing countries to attend meetings of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law: report of the Secretary-General	104	
A/46/545	Extrabudgetary resources of the United Nations: report of the Secretary-General	103	
A/C.5/46/12	Honoraria payable to members of organs and subsidiary organs of the United Nations: report of the Secretary-General	104	

Symbol	*Title or description*	*Agenda item*	*Observations and references*
A/C.5/46/17	Conditions of service and compensation for officials other than Secretariat officials—members of the Joint Inspection Unit: note by the Secretary-General	104	
A/C.5/46/32 and Corr.1	Representation allowance for under-secretaries-general and assistant secretaries-general: report of the Secretary-General	104	
A/C.5/46/56	United Nations office accommodation—reimbursement to the regular budget of the cost of accommodation for posts related to extrabudgetary activities: report of the Secretary-General	104	
A/C.5/46/CRP.1	Note by the Secretariat on the application of workload analysis techniques at the United Nations	103	
A/47/7 and Add.1-17	First to eighteenth reports of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions on the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993	103 and 104	Ibid., *Forty-seventh Session, Supplement No. 7*
A/47/16 (Parts I and II) and Add.1 and 2	Report of the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination on the work of its thirty-second session	103 and 104	Ibid., *Supplement No. 16*
A/47/30 and Corr.1	Report of the International Civil Service Commission for the year 1992	104	Ibid., *Supplement No. 30* and corrigendum
A/47/32 and Add.1	Report of the Committee on Conferences	104	Ibid., *Supplement No. 32*
A/47/287	Usefulness and feasibility of installing an appropriate signalling system whenever a speech time-limit is established in accordance with rule 72 of the rules of procedure: report of the Secretary-General	104	
A/47/358	Proposed programme budget outline for the biennium 1994-1995: report of the Secretary-General	103	
A/47/454	Granting of travel assistance to least developed and other developing countries that are members of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law: report of the Secretary-General	104	
A/47/588	Report of the Sixth Committee	104	See annex fascicle, agenda item 133
A/47/613	Report of the Special Political Committee	104	Ibid., agenda item 75
A/47/614	*Idem*	104	Ibid., agenda items 76 and 77
A/47/678 and Add.1	Report of the Third Committee (Parts I and II)	104	Ibid., agenda items 97 and 149
A/47/689	Report of the First Committee	104	Ibid., agenda items 49 to 65, 68 and 142
A/47/690	*Idem*	104	Ibid.
A/47/691	*Idem*	104	Ibid.
A/47/692	*Idem*	104	Ibid.
A/47/693	*Idem*	104	Ibid.
A/47/698	*Idem*	104	Ibid.
A/47/703 and Add.1	Report of the Third Committee	104	Ibid., agenda item 93
A/47/718/Add.1 and 2	Report of the Second Committee (Parts II and III)	104	Ibid., agenda item 78
A/47/719	Report of the Second Committee	104	Ibid., agenda item 79
A/47/729	*Idem*	104	Ibid., agenda items 87, 88 and 144
A/47/730	*Idem*	104	Ibid., agenda item 90
A/47/753	Restructuring and revitalization of the United Nations in the economic, social and related fields: note by the Secretary-General	104	
A/47/964	Letter dated 9 June 1993 from the representative of Singapore to the Secretary-General transmitting the comments of the Mission of the Republic of Singapore on the report of the Independent Advisory Group on United Nations Financing	103 and 104	
A/47/1004	Report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions on the financing of the United Nations Peace-keeping Force in Cyprus	104	
A/47/L.17 and L.18	Draft resolutions	104	Ibid., agenda items 98, 99, 100 and 12, and 101
A/47/L.25/Rev.1	Draft resolution	104	Ibid., agenda item 141
A/47/L.29, L.31, L.32, L.44 and L.45	Draft resolutions	104	Ibid., agenda items 33 and 34
A/47/L.34/Rev.1	Draft resolution	104	Ibid., agenda item 36
A/47/L.49	*Idem*	104	Ibid., agenda item 80
A/47/L.56	*Idem*	104	Ibid., agenda item 22
A/C.5/47/2 and Corr.1	Revised estimates as requested by the General Assembly in its resolutions 46/185 B and 46/232: report of the Secretary-General	103 and 104	
A/C.5/47/3	Prototype of a new budget format: report of the Secretary-General	104	

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